

FLAME Grade 8 Parent Glossary

• **cube roots:** The **cube root** of a number is the factor that we multiply by itself three times to get that number.

The symbol for cube root is $\sqrt[3]{}$

Example: $3 \times 3 \times 3 = 3^3 = 27 \text{ so } \sqrt[3]{27} = 3$

- **equation:** a statement that the values of two mathematical expressions are equal Example: 2x + 9 = 24
- **exponent:** a quantity representing the power to which a given number or expression is to be raised, usually expressed as a raised symbol beside the number or expression (e.g. 3 in $2^3 = 2 \times 2 \times 2$).
- **expression:** An **expression** is any mathematical statement that consists of numbers, variables and an arithmetic operation between them.

Example: 4m + 5 is an expression where 4m and 5 are the terms and m is the variable of the given expression separated by the arithmetic sign +.

- function: a relationship between inputs where each input is related to exactly one output
- **integer:** a whole number (not a fractional number) that can be positive, negative, or zero. Examples of integers are: -5, 1, 5, 8, 97, and 3,043. Examples of numbers that are not integers are: -1.43, 1 3/4, 3.14, . 09, and 5,643.1.
- irrational number: An irrational number is a real number that cannot be written as a fraction (like 2/3) and when written as a decimal, goes on forever without repeating any pattern; essentially, it's a number that never ends or repeats when written as a decimal.
- linear: a function or equation that when graphed, produces a straight line
- rational number: A rational number is any number that can be written as a fraction where both the top and bottom numbers are whole numbers (integers), meaning it can be expressed as a "ratio" between two integers; essentially, any number that can be neatly written as a fraction is considered rational.
- **variable:** a symbol (usually a letter) that represents an unknown number or quantity in an equation or expression.

