

# Papers and Places

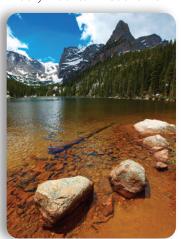


#### **Student Workbook**

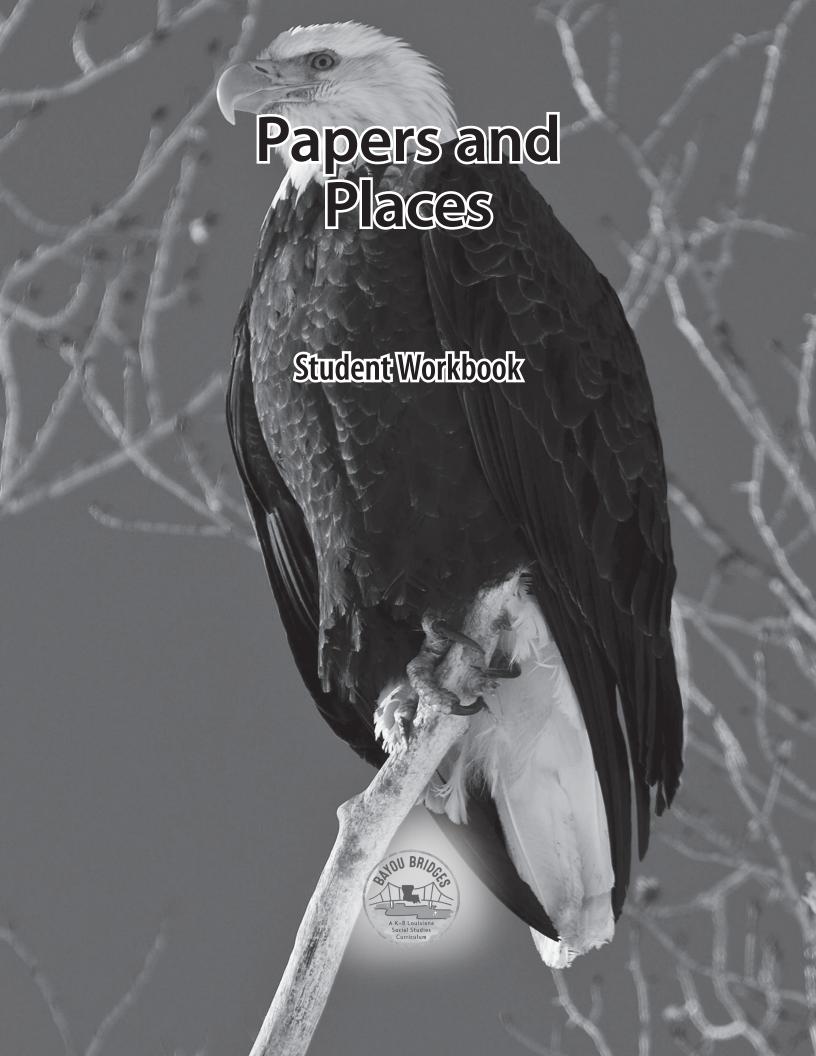
The White House



Rocky Mountain National Park







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# Papers and Places

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# **Chapter 1: How the United States Government Works**

**Framing Question:** How does the Constitution set up the U.S. government?

**Student Reading Notes** 

Use the information in your Student Reader to fill in the chart.

Section	Notes
A Framework for Government	
Parts of the Constitution	
The Branches of Government	

Checks and Balances	
Federalism	
Civic Virtues	
Becoming a Citizen	

#### **Primary Sources**

# PRIMARY SOURCE A: EXCERPT FROM PRESIDENT REAGAN'S RADIO ADDRESS TO THE NATION ON VOTER PARTICIPATION

Many presidents have used examples from America's history to encourage people to vote and to get involved in politics. President Reagan gave this speech over the radio on October 18, 1986.

Every time we vote we're grabbing a hold of a lifeline that's three thousand miles [4,828 km] long and more than two centuries old and, with millions of others, helping to pull America forward into the future. Yes, every time we vote we're standing up, side by side, with the Founding Fathers, with the men of Valley Forge, with patriots and pioneers throughout our history, with all those who dedicated their lives to making this a nation of the people, by the people, and for the people. Every time we vote we help to make America stronger.

I'm sure you've heard friends say, "Oh, my vote won't matter." Well, the next time someone says that to you, I hope you'll remember that time and again, over the years, elections have turned on a handful of ballots....

Voting is a precious right that for two centuries Americans have fought and died to protect. Let's all honor that sacrifice this election day. Whether you're Republican, Democrat, or independent, circle November 4 on your calendar and then show that you care about America's future and get out and vote.

**Source:** Radio Address to the Nation on Voter Participation, October 18, 1986.

		Connect the source to what you know.		Draw a conclusion from or about the source.	
Date	Primary Source Analysis		SOURCE:		
Name		Describe the source.		Understand the source. Identify its message, purpose, and/or audience.	

#### **Primary Sources**

#### PRIMARY SOURCE B: EXCERPT FROM PRESIDENT OBAMA'S FAREWELL ADDRESS

A farewell address is the last speech that a president gives while they are still in office. Farewell addresses may look back at the president's time in office. They may also give advice to the incoming president or the American people. President Obama gave this speech on January 10, 2017.

... I learned that change only happens when ordinary people get involved and they get engaged [interested], and they come together to demand it.

After eight years as your president, I still believe that. And it's not just my belief. It's the beating heart of our American idea—our bold experiment in self-government. It's the conviction [strong belief] that we are all created equal, endowed [given] by our Creator with certain unalienable rights, among them life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. It's the insistence that these rights, while self-evident, have never been self-executing; that We, the People, through the instrument of our democracy, can form a more perfect union.

What a radical idea. A great gift that our Founders gave to us: the freedom to chase our individual dreams through our sweat and toil [hard work] and imagination, and the imperative [requirement] to strive together, as well, to achieve a common good, a greater good.

Source: President Obama's Farewell Address, January 10, 2017.

		Connect the source to what you know.		Draw a conclusion from or about the source.	
Date	Primary Source Analysis		SOURCE:		
Name		Describe the source.		Understand the source. Identify its message, purpose, and/or audience.	

hapter 1 Check for Understanding: How does the Constitution set up the U.S. government?	

Name			
value			

Date	

#### **Activity Page 1.4**

## **Use with Chapter 1**

#### The Three Branches of Government

Use the words and phrases in the box to complete the chart. Not all of the terms will be used.

president	interpret lav	WS	Supreme Cour	t p	oopulation	Senate	
senators	judges	Repres	sentatives	enforce	s laws	makes laws	
		che	cks and balance	S			

Separation of Powers Outlined by the Constitution						
Legislative Branch	Executive Branch	Judicial Branch				
This branch comprises Congress, which is divided into two houses:	<b>6.</b> This branch is headed by the	8. This branch is headed by the				
1	7. The executive branch	9. The judicial branch				
2. House of						
3. The legislative branch						
<b>4.</b> Each state has two						
<b>5.</b> Representation in the House is based on						

Name	Date
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#### **Activity Page 1.5**

**Use with Chapter 1** 

#### **Checks and Balances**

Use the chart of checks and balances in the U.S. government to answer the questions that follow.

Congress,	President,	Supreme Court,
Legislative Branch	Executive Branch	Judicial Branch
<ul> <li>makes laws</li> <li>approves or rejects the president's appointments of Supreme Court justices and federal judges</li> <li>approves treaties</li> <li>has the power to remove the president from office for serious wrongdoing</li> <li>has the power to declare war</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>has the power to veto, or reject, a law</li> <li>appoints Supreme Court justices and federal judges</li> <li>has the power to pardon, or forgive, people of certain crimes</li> <li>commands the armed forces</li> <li>negotiates treaties</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>interprets the meaning of laws</li> <li>has the power to declare executive actions and laws made by Congress unconstitutional and therefore null, or not in effect</li> <li>has justices appointed to serve for life, so they cannot be removed for making decisions that the president does not like</li> </ul>

1. How can the Supreme Court use the Constitution to check the power of both the pres and Congress?		
2.	How can Congress check two foreign powers of the president?	
3.	How do lifetime appointments to the Supreme Court check the power of the president?	

Na	me Date	
Act	civity Page 1.5 (continued)	Use with Chapter 1
4.	How does the Senate check executive influence on the Supreme Cou	urt?
5.	How can the president check the power of Congress to make laws?	

Name	Date	
Activity Page 1.6		Use with Chapter 1
	How a Bill Becomes a Law: Flowchart	

# **Chapter 2: Geography and Symbols of the United States**

**Framing Question:** What are the major geographic features and national symbols associated with the United States?

#### **Student Reading Notes**

Use the information in your Student Reader to fill in the chart.

Section	Notes
Exploring the United States	
New England	
new England	

The Mid-Atlantic Region	
The South	
The South	
The Midwest	

The Great Plains	
The Rocky Mountain Region	
The Southwest	

		Connect the source to what you know.		Draw a conclusion from or about the source.	
Date	Primary Source Analysis		SOURCE:		
Name		Describe the source.		Understand the source. Identify its message, purpose, and/or audience.	

<b>Chapter 2 Check for Understanding:</b> What are the major geographic features and national symbols associated with the United States?			

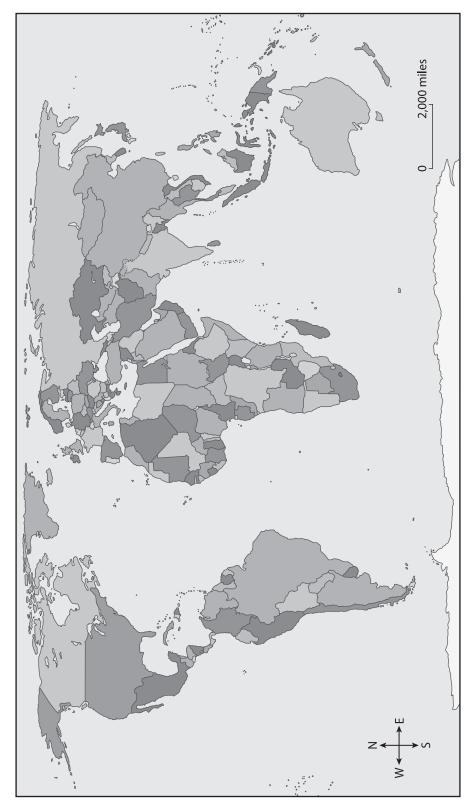
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Name	Dato
Name	Date

# **Activity Page 2.1**

# Use with Chapter 2

**World Map** 

Follow your teacher's instructions to complete this map.



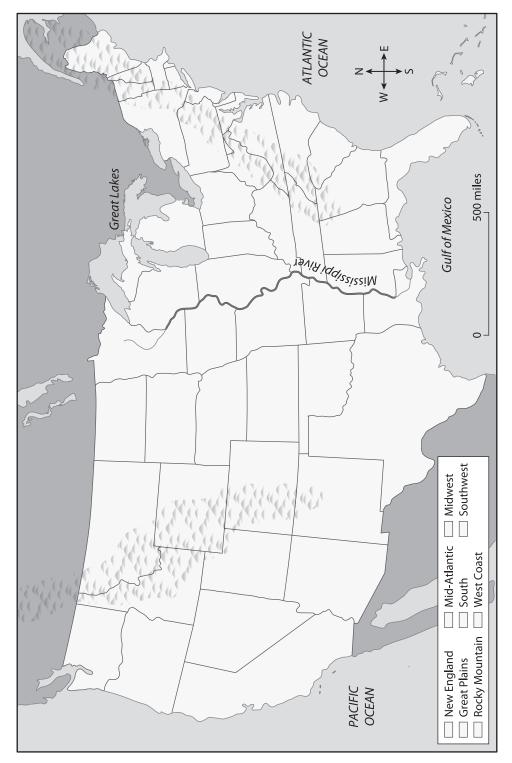
Name	Date

#### **Activity Page 2.2**

## **Use with Chapter 2**

## **Regions of the United States Map**

Follow your teacher's instructions to complete this map.



Name		Date	
Activity Page 2.3			Use with Chapter 2
	Maat Ma Dawien		

#### **Meet My Region**

1. L 2. L 3. P 4. C	provide the following information about ouisiana capital ouisiana governor Parish Climate	
2. L 3. P 4. C	ouisiana governor Parish	
3. P 4. C 5. A	Parish	
<b>4.</b> C	Climate	
<b>5.</b> A		
	Alandform	
<b>6.</b> A		
	A body of water	
<b>7.</b> A	A major city	
<b>8.</b> N	lative American groups	
<b>9.</b> E	arly settlers	
<b>10.</b> A	historic site	
<b>11.</b> A	A place of interest	
<b>12.</b> A	An industry	
<b>13.</b> A	A product	

Name	Date

#### **Activity Page 2.4**

## **Use with Chapter 2**

# Domain Vocabulary: Chapters 1–2

For each word, write the letter of the definition.

 1.	legislative	a)	loyalty to a group
 2.	executive	b)	a saying that represents the beliefs of a person, organization, or country
 3.	judicial	c)	relating to milk or milk products
4.	propose	d)	a person who lives and votes in an area
_		e)	relating to an area where people live outside of a city
 5.	constituent	f)	relating to the countryside
 6.	citizen	g)	having the power to make laws
 7.	beacon	h)	something that guides or provides a source of hope
 8.	naturalization	i)	a series of government-supported efforts to explore outer space
9.	region	j)	to put forward or suggest
	·	k)	a group of similar or related businesses
 10.	industry	I)	the growing of crops and raising of livestock for food and
 11.	urban		other purposes
 12.	motto	m)	the process of becoming a citizen of a country if born outside of that country
 13.	agriculture	n)	able to be replaced
14.	dairy	o)	having the power to decide questions about laws
	•	p)	relating to a city
 15.	renewable	q)	to dig into the earth in search of minerals or coal
 16.	rural	r)	a person who belongs to a country and has protections under that country's laws
 17.	mine	s)	an oil-rich area where equipment is set up to remove the
 18.	oil field	t)	oil from the ground a large area that may have certain characteristics related
 19.	"space program"	L)	to its geography, form of government, or traditions that set it apart from other places
 20.	suburban	u)	to change or add to something already established
 21.	amend	v)	
 22.	allegiance		

Name	Date
Performance Task Activity: Papers and	Places
remormance task Activity. Papers and	Fiaces
The United States has an identity that has been shaped its geography.	by two important things: its government and
Give a short presentation explaining which is more imp States: its government or its geography.	ortant in shaping the identity of the United
Use evidence from the chapter reading and activities to	support your claim.
Use the Claims and Evidence Activity Page (AP 1.3) and thoughts. Remember to include details from the chapte well as from the sources and resources in the unit activity.	ers and primary sources in <i>Papers and Places</i> as

Name	Date			
Activity Page 1.3	Use with Performance Task			
Claims and Evidence				
<b>STATE THE CLAIM</b> What opinion or position are you defending?				
<b>STATE THE REASON</b> Why should someone agree with this claim?				
<b>IDENTIFY THE EVIDENCE</b> What details from the text and sources	support the reason?			
<b>RECOGNIZE A COUNTERCLAIM</b> What different opinion or position What argument might be used against you?	on might someone have?			
ANSWER THE COUNTERCLAIM How will you disprove the counter	erclaim?			

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