



The goal of English language arts is for students to read, understand, and express understanding of complex texts independently. To accomplish this goal, programs must build students' knowledge and skill in language, comprehension, conversations, and writing integrated around a volume of complex texts and tasks.¹ In grades K-5, programs must also build students' foundational skills to be able to read and write about a range of texts² independently. Thus, a strong ELA classroom is structured with the below components.





Title: Imagine Learning Guidebooks

Grade/Course: English I-IV

Copyright: 2020

Publisher: Imagine Learning LLC

Overall Rating: Tier 1, Exemplifies quality

Tier 1, Tier 2, Tier 3 Elements of this review:

STRONG	WEAK
1. Quality of Texts (Non-negotiable)	
2. Text-Dependent Questions (Non-negotiable)	
3. Coherence of Tasks (Non-negotiable)	
5. Range and Volume of Texts	
6. Writing to Sources, Speaking and Listening, and Language	
7. Assessments	
8. Scaffolding and Support	

Each set of submitted materials was evaluated for alignment with the standards beginning with a review of the indicators for the non-negotiable criteria. If those criteria were met, a review of the other criteria ensued.

Tier 1 ratings received a "Yes" for all Criteria 1-8.

Tier 2 ratings received a "Yes" for all non-negotiable criteria, but at least one "No" for the remaining criteria. *Tier 3 ratings* received a "No" for at least one of the non-negotiable criteria.

Click below for complete grade-level reviews:

English I (Tier 1) English II (Tier 1) English III (Tier 1) English IV (Tier 1)

¹ A volume of texts is a collection of texts written about similar topics, themes, or ideas.

² A range of texts are texts written at different reading levels.



Instructional Materials Evaluation Tool for Alignment in ELA Grades K – 12 (IMET)



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To evaluate instructional materials for alignment with the <u>standards</u> and determine tiered rating, begin with **Section I: Non-negotiable Criteria**.

- Review the **required**³ Indicators of Superior Quality for each **Non-negotiable** criterion.
- If there is a "Yes" for all **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, materials receive a "Yes" for that **Non-negotiable** Criterion.
- If there is a "No" for any of the **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, materials receive a "No" for that **Non-negotiable** Criterion.
- Materials must meet Non-negotiable Criterion 1 for the review to continue to Non-negotiable Criteria 2 and 3. For grades K-5, materials must meet all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to Section II⁴ and all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-4 to continue to Section III. For grades 6-12, materials must meet Non-Negotiable Criteria 1-3 for the review to continue to Section III.
- If materials receive a "No" for any **Non-negotiable** Criterion, a rating of Tier 3 is assigned, and the review does not continue.

If all Non-negotiable Criteria are met, then continue to Section III: Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

- Review the **required** Indicators of Superior Quality for each criterion.
- If there is a "Yes" for all **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, then the materials receive a "Yes" for the additional criteria.
- If there is a "No" for any **required** Indicator of Superior Quality, then the materials receive a "No" for the additional criteria.

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria and a "Yes" for each of the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

Tier 2 ratings receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria, but at least one "No" for the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

Tier 3 ratings receive a "No" for at least one of the Non-negotiable Criteria.

³ Required Indicators of Superior Quality are labeled "Required" and shaded yellow. Remaining indicators that are shaded white are included to provide additional information to aid in material selection and do not affect tiered rating.

⁴ For grades K-5: Materials must meet Non-negotiable Criterion 1 for the review to continue to Non-negotiable Criteria 2-3. Materials must meet all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to Section II.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES	
SECTION I. K-12 NON-NEGOTIABLE CRITERIA OF SUPERIOR QUALITY Materials must meet Non-negotiable Criterion 1 for the review to continue to Non-negotiable Criteria 2 and 3. For grades K-5, materials must meet all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to Section II and all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-4 in order for the review to continue to Section III. For grades 6-12, materials must meet all of the Non-Negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to Section III. Non-negotiable Required Yes Materials provide texts that are				
 1. QUALITY OF TEXTS: Texts are of sufficient scope and quality to provide text-centered and integrated learning that is sequenced and scaffolded to (1) advance students toward independent reading of grade-level texts and (2) build content knowledge (e.g., ELA, social studies, science, and the arts). The quality of texts is high—they support multiple readings for various purposes and exhibit exceptional craft and thought and/or provide useful information. Materials present a progression of complex texts as stated by Reading Standard 10. (Note: In K and 1, Reading Standard 10 refers to read-aloud material. Complexity standards for student-read texts are applicable for grades 2+.) Yes No 	 1a) Materials provide texts that are appropriately complex for the identified grade level according to the requirements outlined in the standards. A text analysis that includes complexity information is provided. Measures for determining complexity include quantitative and qualitative analysis, as well as reader and task considerations. Poetry and drama are analyzed only using qualitative measures. In grades K-2, extensive read-aloud texts allow sufficient opportunity for engagement with text more complex than students could read themselves. 		appropriately complex for the identified grade level according to the requirements outlined in the standards. The materials provide a comprehensive text complexity companion document for each unit that identifies the features that make the text complex including text structure/organization, language features, and prior knowledge demands. For example, in the <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> Unit, the play's structure and organization are exceedingly complex to account for "a multitude of characters and storylines, and as a result, there are many shifts in point of view and perspective. There are also many examples of dramatic irony present as the two main characters create plans unbeknownst to the other." To ensure accessibility of the text, the materials offer critical vocabulary lists, indicating, "Vocabulary plays a critical role in a reader's ability to make meaning of complex text. Expanding word knowledge offers readers greater access to complex texts." The Teenage Brain Unit contains some materials with a Lexile level of 1400. While this Lexile level is slightly above a Grade 9 Lexile band of 1050-1335, the materials provide an explanation and suggestions for teaching the texts such as,	

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			"The challenge in this article lies in analyzing
			the author's purpose and tools used to
			achieve that purpose. While the text reads
			academic at times and is meant to inform,
			students need to be reminded that the
			article was written for a National Geographic
			periodical, also written to entertain and
			engage readers. This may help them
			understand how the author moves in and
			out of a more formal, academic tone and a
			personal, informal tone as he gives examples
			from his own experiences." Although the
			text complexity is difficult, scaffolding
			provides student support. To continue, the
			text complicity and vocabulary document
			provided for the A Lesson Before Dying Unit
			contains important context for the novel:
			"Gaines clearly illustrates that in the Pre-
			Civil Rights south, Black people were viewed
			inhumanely" This information helps the
			teacher to prepare students for the novel by
			providing historical context and the
			opportunity to address difficult topics. While
			the text has a 750L, it is considered very
			complex due to the use of multiple levels of
			meaning observed in the symbols used
			throughout the text as well as "the
			symbolism embedded into the characters
			themselves." The text demands multiple
			close readings for students to fully
			comprehend the text's message. Although
			The Joy Luck Club Unit is a 930L text, the text
			complexity is considered challenging. The
			work is a singular novel, it is made up of
			sixteen interwoven stories told from

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			different voices and contains multiple levels of meaning in various symbols. The lessons embedded in the materials require students to engage in discussions to deepen their understanding of the text's meaning. Finally, the materials also address potentially confusing Chinese words and phrases. Thorough support is provided for difficult or misunderstood elements from the novel. Collectively, the materials are appropriately complex.
	Required 1b) At least 90% of provided texts, including read-alouds in K-2, are of publishable quality and offer rich opportunities for students to meet the grade-level ELA standards; the texts are well-crafted, representing the quality of content, language, and writing that is produced by experts in various disciplines.	Yes	At least 90% of texts are of publishable quality and offer rich opportunities for students to meet the grade-level ELA standards; the texts are well-crafted, representing the quality of content, language, and writing that is produced by experts in various disciplines. The majority of texts within these units are previously published and/or written by well-known authors and provide students access to a variety of genres. For example, students read <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> , by William Shakespeare. This text is considered a timeless classic that reflects universal themes relevant to contemporary readers. Despite some units not including an anchor text, readings are collected and organized by topic, genre, and/or analytical skill for students to analyze. For example, in the Photojournalism Unit, students explore excerpts of nonfiction novels, articles, and websites. The texts within this unit are of publishable quality including: <i>On</i> <i>Photography</i> , by Susan Sontag, <i>The Grapes</i>

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			of Wrath, by John Steinbeck, "Letter from
			Birmingham Jail," by Martin Luther King, Jr.,
			and "Fireside Chat 20: On the Progress of
			War," by President Franklin D. Roosevelt.
			These texts are by well-known authors and
			historical figures. Similarly, the novel, A
			Lesson Before Dying, was nominated for a
			Pulitzer Prize and won the National Book
			Critics Circle Award. This novel is well-
			crafted and provides exposure to rich
			language by a renowned author. Other
			poems and songs are used to make
			connections to the anchor text and these
			are also all of publishable quality. "Strange
			Fruit," by Billie Holiday, and "I am a Rock,"
			by Paul Simon are two songs used to
			compare and contrast themes with the
			novel. These songs and poems like "No Man
			is an Island," by John Donne are all
			recognized as works of high quality. Finally,
			in The Joy Luck Club Unit, students read "On
			Generational Decline" from Battle Hymn of
			the Tiger Mother and the article "Like
			Mother, Like Daughter–The Science Says So,
			Too" from the quality magazine <i>Scientific</i>
			American. The texts in this unit meet the
			demands for high quality and offer rich
			engagement opportunities for students.
	Required	Yes	Materials provide a coherent sequence or
	1c) Materials provide a coherent sequence or collection of		collection of connected texts that build
	connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and		vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about
	knowledge about themes with connected topics and ideas		themes with connected topics and ideas
	through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and		through tasks in reading, writing, listening,
	language.		speaking, and language. The materials
			center around multiple topic-based units

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	 In grades K-2, the inclusion of read-aloud texts in addition to what students can read themselves ensures that all students can build knowledge about the world through engagement with rich, complex texts. These texts as well must form a coherent sequence or collection of connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about themes with connected topics and ideas through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and language. 		that require students to analyze text through critical lenses. Units begin with a preview and an essential question that guide student thinking and continue with scaffolded activities that support and then gradually release students to work independently and demonstrate mastery on the culminating task. Culminating tasks require students to "use knowledge, skills, and habits they have gained throughout the unit to read, understand, and express their understanding and knowledge of texts and topics." For example, in the Photojournalism Unit, the essential question is "What is the weight of an image?" Students explore this question through a series of texts and videos. In Section 2, Lesson 7, students read Chapter 4, "A Truth as Old as Humanity," from <i>Migrant Mother: How a Photograph</i> <i>Defined the Great Depression,</i> by Don Nardo, to examine the "truthfulness" of Lange's photo and the point of view of the photo's subject, Florence Owens Thompson. Continuing, in Section 4, Lesson 2, students read Chapter 2, "The Growth of Conscience," from <i>Birmingham 1963: How a</i> <i>Photograph Rallied Civil Rights,</i> by Shelley Marie Tougas "to deepen understanding about why Birmingham was the ideal location to launch a campaign for change." These activities prepare students to respond to the culminating task, "How have photographers inspired change through photojournalism? Write an expository essay in which you closely examine the impact of

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			one or more of the photographs studied in
			this unit. State your response and logically
			and sufficiently support your response with
			claims. Support your claims with textual
			evidence including direct quotations and
			parenthetical citations. Use correct and
			effective words, phrases, syntax, and
			mechanics to clearly communicate your
			analysis." Multiple texts on a connected
			topic are studied within this unit and the
			culminating task requires students to review
			multiple texts within the unit. Similarly, in
			the Romeo and Juliet Unit, the culminating
			task requires students to "Choose a theme
			from the play Romeo and Juliet. Compare
			and contrast the way in which that theme is
			developed in the play and in one of the
			following movies: Romeo and Juliet
			(Zeffirelli), <i>Romeo + Juliet</i> (Luhrmann), or
			West Side Story (Wise, Robbins)." This topic
			is also addressed in Section 5, Lesson 5 as
			students participate in a whole-class
			discussion in response to the prompt, "How
			can adaptations or reproductions enhance
			or detract from the theme of a text?" This
			discussion requires students to connect
			knowledge on a topic and to practice both
			listening and speaking. They take notes on
			the Discussion Tool to summarize the claims,
			evidence, and reasoning of their peers. In
			Section 3, Lesson 6 of this unit, students
			read "A Poison Tree," by William Blake and
			compose a written response to "How does
			Blake's use of figurative language relate to
			the themes of Romeo and Juliet?" Again, the

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			assessments throughout the unit and at the
			end of the unit demand students cite
			multiple texts connected by a theme, topic,
			or idea. Likewise, in the A Lesson Before
			<i>Dying</i> Unit, the essential question is "What
			makes us human?" Students are guided
			through various tasks and lessons to
			eventually address the culminating writing
			prompt: "What is a lesson that Jefferson and
			Grant learn about what it means to be
			human and how do they learn this lesson?"
			Students use knowledge of the novel and
			must support answers with textual
			evidence. A rubric and exemplar are
			provided. The essential question and writing
			tasks prepare students to gradually assume
			more responsibility. In Section 1, Lesson 1 of
			this unit, students collaborate to read
			"Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs" and discuss
			the human needs the author identifies.
			Later, in Section 3, Lesson 3, students work
			with a partner to reread a section of the
			novel and annotate language details that
			develop the tone of the chapter. Finally, in
			Section 5, Lesson 6, students participate in a
			whole-class discussion that requires them to
			explain how A Lesson Before Dying and
			other texts in the unit answer the central
			question. Students again use the Discussion
			Tool to capture the claims, evidence, and
			reasoning of their peers before summarizing
			the discussion.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	Required	Yes	Within a sequence or collection, quality
	1d) Within a sequence or collection, quality texts of grade		texts of grade level complexity are selected
	level complexity are selected for multiple, careful readings		for multiple, careful readings throughout the
	throughout the unit of study. These texts are revisited as		unit of study. In Section 3, Lesson 6, of the
	needed to support knowledge building.		Romeo and Juliet Unit, students read "A
			Poison Tree," by William Blake. Students
			listen to the teacher read the poem and
			then create a summary of the text to
			demonstrate initial understandings.
			Students then work with partners to read
			the poem again. They summarize each
			stanza and respond to questions including:
			"What metaphor is developed in this
			poem?" and "What lines support the
			development of this metaphor?" Students
			return to the poem later in the lesson to
			consider "What is the theme in this poem
			and how does the author use imagery to
			develop this theme?" and "How does this
			theme relate to a theme in <i>Romeo and</i>
			Juliet?" These questions require students to
			revisit the text with a different lens to draw
			key comparisons to the anchor text. To
			continue, in the Photojournalism Unit,
			Section 1, Lesson 2, students work with
			Sontag's "On Photography." In the first
			reading, students listen to the excerpt and
			consider "What claim does Sontag make and
			how does she support that claim?" To
			deepen their understanding of the text,
			students reread the text in a group to
			annotate the text focusing on Sontag's
			claims and evidence; they paraphrase each
			of Sontag's claims in the margin of the text.
			Students return to the text in Lesson 3 by

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			discussing how Sontag's claims in "On Photography" contribute to their understanding of the role of a photojournalist. Additionally, in Section 2, Lesson 1 of the <i>A Lesson Before Dying</i> Unit, students reread sections of the novel in order to deepen their understanding of Grant's perspective of his community. In Activity 2, students reread a full paragraph on page 62 and support answers to the prompt with textual evidence. In Activity 6, students read page 73 and answer the question "How does the author use sentence structure to convey Jefferson's tone?" Students must provide textual evidence. In Activity 7, students reread paragraph six on page 79 and answer the question "How do Grant's words to his aunt reveal his internal conflict about his role in this community?" These rereads have a specific purpose and emphasize knowledge of the text.
Non-negotiable (only reviewed if Criterion 1 is met) 2. TEXT-DEPENDENT QUESTIONS: Text-dependent and text-specific questions and tasks reflect the requirements of Reading Standard 1 by requiring use of textual evidence in support of meeting other grade-specific standards.	Required 2a) A majority of questions in the materials are text dependent and text specific; student ideas are expressed through both written and spoken responses.	Yes	A majority of questions in the materials are text dependent and text specific with student ideas expressed through both written and spoken responses. Throughout the units, students have frequent opportunities to interact with texts through questions and tasks that require text evidence. Questions throughout each unit contribute to student knowledge and build on their ability to respond successfully to the culminating tasks. For example, in the Teenage Brain Unit, Section 1, Lesson 3, students read "Teenage Brain: Still Under

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			Construction" and "Teen Brains are
Yes No			Malleable and Vulnerable, Researchers Say";
			students answer "What claims about the
			teen brain are made by both texts" and
			"With what idea about the teen brain might
			the authors of each text disagree?" Students
			express their ideas by citing relevant text
			evidence on Understanding Tool 1. To
			continue, in Lesson 4, students read
			"Teenage Brains" and consider the following
			text-dependent questions: "How has
			adolescent behavior been generalized
			throughout the ages?", "What has new
			technology revealed about what physically
			happens to the brain during adolescence?",
			"What did the new technology of the late
			20th century reveal about what physically
			happens to the brain during the teenage
			years?" and "What effect does this have on
			behavior?" Throughout this lesson, students
			read specific sections of the text and
			respond to text dependent questions. For
			example, "With your partner, answer the
			questions to react to paragraphs 15-22 from
			"Teenage Brains." Write your response in
			your learning log. Support your response
			with evidence from the text. How have
			views of the teen brain shifted in the past
			five years (2006-2011)?" To continue, in the
			A Lesson Before Dying Unit, Section 1,
			Lesson 1 students are asked to respond to
			the questions "What needs are more
			necessary than others? What evidence is
			provided to explain this priority?" Students
			develop responses "with evidence from the

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			text." In Lesson 4, Activity 4, students review Chapters 2 and 3 and "record thinking and relevant supporting evidence about Grant's conflicts" After recording, students then share thoughts and evidence with a partner. In <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> Unit Lesson 6, Activity 5, students develop a response to the question to determine and analyze the meaning of "I Stand Here Ironing." Students must support answers with evidence and share in a class discussion. In Section 2, Lesson 2, students gather evidence from <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> and "The Chinese Mother" to support their understanding of Ying Ting's parenting. In Activity 5, students respond with the class to "The Chinese Mother" and cite evidence from the text using the close reading tool. Throughout the units, students respond to questions in writing and through discussion.
	Required 2b) Questions and tasks include the language of the standards and require students to engage in thinking at the depth and complexity required by the grade-level standards to advance and deepen student learning over time. (Note: not every standard must be addressed with every text.)	Yes	Questions and tasks include the language of the standards and require students to engage in thinking at the depth and complexity required by the grade-level standards to advance and deepen student learning over time. For example, RL.9-10.2 is addressed in Section 1, Lesson 3 of the <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> Unit. In this activity, students read the prologue of <i>Romeo and</i> <i>Juliet</i> as a whole class and "use it to determine the main events of the play, as well as possible themes that may emerge." After multiple readings of The Prologue, students answer the following questions in their learning logs, specifically addressing the requirements of RL.9-10.2: "Based on

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			the prologue, what themes do you think will
			emerge in the play?" and "What lines
			support these themes?" These questions
			directly correlate to the standard by asking
			students to identify potential themes of the
			play. Additionally, standard RL.9-10.3, is
			addressed later in this unit, including in
			Section 4, Lesson 3. In this lesson, students
			answer questions about the meaning of Act
			V, Scene 3 from <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> to deepen
			their understanding of the text including,
			"How are Romeo's actions in the first 175
			lines of this scene a reflection of one of his
			character traits?" and "How does Romeo
			develop a theme within this play?" In the
			culminating task for this unit students
			engage in thinking at the depth and
			complexity of both of these standards (RL.9-
			10.2 and RL.9-10.3): "Choose a theme from
			the play Romeo and Juliet. Compare and
			contrast the way in which that theme is
			developed in the play and in one of the
			following movies: Romeo and Juliet
			(Zeffirelli), <i>Romeo + Juliet</i> (Luhrmann), or
			West Side Story (Wise, Robbins)." This
			culminating task bridges multiple works and
			demands higher-order thinking. Section 3,
			Lesson 1 of the Photojournalism Unit,
			addresses standard RI.9-10.4. In this lesson,
			students listen to and view the transcript of
			"Fireside Chat 20: On the Progress of War,"
			annotate the transcript for rhetorical
			appeals (logos, pathos, ethos), and consider
			how the appeals are used in support of the
			claim. This lesson concludes by requiring

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			students to answer, "What was President Franklin D. Roosevelt trying to convince the American people to do?" In the <i>A Lesson</i>
			Before Dying Unit, Section 4, Lesson 1,
			standard RI.9-10.1 is a foundational
			standard for tasks that require students to
			cite evidence in multiple activities. In Activity 8 of this lesson, students read
			Chapter 29 and annotate evidence in
			support of the change in Jefferson's
			character. These annotations lead to a
			written response with evidence, followed by
			a class discussion about the changes in this
			character. In <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> Unit, writing standard W.9-10.3 is addressed through a
			culminating task writing assignment.
			Students complete an outline, draft, and
			final essay for the prompt, "Can students
			explain how a narrator's perception will
			shape events in a text?" The materials
			provide a rubric and exemplar for the prompt. The building process from
			annotations to outline to final draft are
			aligned with the standard for students to
			write narratives to develop real or imagined
			experiences with well-chosen details. Finally,
			the Culminating Task Tool uses the language
			of the standard in the prompt: "Write a narrative essay in which you choose a story
			from one chapter of <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> to tell
			from a different character's perspective. Use
			correct and effective words, phrases, syntax,
			usage, and mechanics to clearly
			communicate your narrative."

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
Non-negotiable (only reviewed if	Required	Yes	Coherent sequences of questions and tasks
Criterion 1 is met)	3a) Coherent sequences of questions and tasks focus		focus students on understanding the text
3. COHERENCE OF TASKS:	students on understanding the text and its illustrations (as		and its illustrations, making connections
Materials contain meaningful,	applicable), making connections among the texts in the		among the texts in the collection, and
connected tasks that build	collection, and expressing their understanding of the topics,		expressing their understanding of the topics,
student knowledge and provide	themes, and ideas presented in the texts.		themes, and ideas presented in the texts.
opportunities for students to			Each unit in the materials is anchored by a
read, understand, and express			culminating task, and the work within each
understanding of complex texts			unit supports students in addressing this
through speaking and listening,			task. For example, in the Romeo and Juliet
and writing. Tasks integrate			Unit, students complete the following
reading, writing, speaking and			culminating writing task: "Choose a theme
listening, and include			from the play <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> . Compare
components of vocabulary,			and contrast the way in which that theme is
syntax, and fluency, as needed,			developed in the play and in one of the
so that students can gain			following movies: Romeo and Juliet
meaning from text.			(Zeffirelli), <i>Romeo + Juliet</i> (Luhrmann), or
_			West Side Story (Wise, Robbins). Write a
Yes No			literary analysis in which you state your
			response and logically and sufficiently
			support your response with claims. Support
			your claims with textual evidence including
			direct quotations with parenthetical
			citations. Use correct and effective words,
			phrases, syntax, usage, and mechanics to
			clearly communicate your analysis." This
			assessment demands the understanding and
			use of multiple films and the core novel.
			Questions throughout the unit help students
			make meaning of complex text. For
			example, in Section 1, Lesson 6, students
			analyze the meaning of Act I, Scenes 2 and 3
			to answer the questions: "How are Act I,
			Scenes 2 and 3 used to develop a theme?"
			and "What does Shakespeare use in these

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			scenes to develop this theme?" In Section 2,
			Lesson 2, students continue to analyze
			theme after watching a section of Zefirelli's
			adaptation of Romeo and Juliet. Following
			this clip, students respond to the question,
			"How do the director's choices develop
			themes within the film?" Students analyze
			specific choices made by the director to
			determine how they shape a theme.
			Likewise, within this lesson, students read
			the lyrics of "Tonight" from West Side Story
			with a focus on the following question,
			"How do the lines from the song develop a
			theme?" Throughout this unit, students
			build knowledge of theme in a thoughtful
			sequence all of which is aligned to the
			culminating task. To continue, in
			Photojournalism, questions are designed to
			help students make meaning of complex
			text. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 2,
			students read an excerpt from On
			Photography by Susan Sontag and respond
			to questions, such as the following: "What
			does 'incontrovertible proof' mean in the
			sentence, 'A photograph passes for
			incontrovertible proof that a given thing
			happened'?" "Does 'incontrovertible proof'
			have a positive or negative connotation?"
			"What stands out to you as powerful and
			important?" and "What claim does Sontag
			make and how does she support that
			claim?" Later in this unit, students complete
			a quiz on Section 1 and Section 2 which
			demands students use multiple texts. For
			example, this quiz covers eight texts from

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			the unit including, but not limited to: <i>Get the</i>
			Picture by John G. Morris, "How
			Photography Defined the Great Depression,"
			by Annette McDermott, and "Dorothea
			Lange: Bringing Relief to Millions" from
			American Through the Lens: Photographers
			who Changed a Nation. Within the quiz,
			students answer several Part A/B style
			questions using multiple texts. For example,
			students answer "Which statement is a
			claim made in the text?" and "Which quote
			from the text best supports the answer to
			Part A?" Finally, the questions within the
			quiz require students to connect knowledge
			across texts. For example, students respond
			to the following prompt: "Think about the
			excerpt from The Grapes of Wrath by John
			Steinbeck and the article 'How Photography
			Defined the Great Depression' by Annette
			McDermott to answer question 7. How does
			the excerpt from The Grapes of Wrath
			provide context for understanding the
			information in the article?" In the A Lesson
			Before Dying Unit, students respond to the
			following culminating task: "What is a lesson
			that Grant and Jefferson learn about what it
			means to be human and how do they learn
			this lesson? How is this lesson also
			supported in the other texts from the unit?"
			The "look fors" in the unit leading to this
			writing prompt include "Can students
			understand how Jefferson's lawyer
			dehumanizes him?" and "Can students
			understand how events and characters
			reveal information about setting?"

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Throughout the unit, students complete diagnostics in preparation for the culminating task. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 7, students participate in discussion in response to the following question: "Though one is in jail and one is not, what similarities exist between Jefferson's and Grant's situations?" Students demonstrate their understanding about the similarities in these characters and go on to analyze relationships and organize ideas in preparation for writing. Finally, In <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> unit, the culminating task is to respond to the prompt: "How does gaining a deeper awareness of others' experiences allow characters in <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> to change their perceptions? Write a narrative essay in which you choose a story from one chapter of <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> to tell from a different character's perspective." Within this unit, students understand and apply how Tan uses words and phrases to create Jing-Mei's perspective.
	Required 3b) Questions and tasks are designed so that students build, apply, and integrate knowledge and skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level complex texts.	Yes	Questions and tasks are designed so that students build and apply knowledge and skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level complex texts. In the <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> unit, students routinely assume character roles to read aloud. As the read-aloud takes place, students listen, follow along, and consider a focus question. For example, in Section 4, Lesson 1, students read, speak, listen, and think about the question, "How does Juliet's behavior in this scene compare to Romeo's

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			behavior in Act III Scene 3?" Later in this
			lesson, students respond to questions in
			writing before discussing them as a class,
			such as, "How is dramatic irony developed
			during the lines between Juliet and Paris
			(lines 18-44)?" Continuing within this lesson,
			students read aloud lines 15-60 of Act IV,
			Scene 3 with a partner and annotate the
			text for the fears that Juliet has before
			drinking the potion. Students then share
			their thinking with their partner and the
			class. Within this lesson, students engage in
			a series of questions and tasks that require
			them to read, speak, listen, and write about
			complex grade-level text. In the
			Photojournalism Unit, Section 3, Lesson 1,
			students watch "Pearl Harbor: The Attack"
			and "The Battlefield: Pearl Harbor" from The
			Perilous Fight: America's World War II in
			Color to build context about World War II.
			Students then respond to questions by
			writing in their learning logs. Questions
			include "What questions do you have about
			this video?" and "What does the text leave
			unstated or uncertain?" Listening is
			integrated into this lesson as students listen
			to "Fireside Chat 20: On the Progress of
			War" and then write a response to a
			question, "What is the purpose of this radio
			address" before sharing their thinking with
			the class in a discussion. The texts within
			these materials are complex and students
			are required to read or listen to them before
			writing and discussing them. Additionally, in
			the A Lesson Before Dying Unit, Section 1,

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Lesson 3, students work with a partner to respond to the preface of the novel. Students write responses with supporting evidence and share responses with the class orally. In Activity 5, after students read Part 1, Chapter 2, students again write responses and share with the class. The <i>Joy Luck Club</i> Unit also consistently includes questions and tasks that require engagement with language skills. In Section 3, Lesson 3, students develop their response to the question about Chapter Twenty-one from <i>A</i> <i>Lesson Before Dying.</i> Then, students share these responses with the class with supporting evidence. Later in Activity 9, students read independently and must consider the reading focus, "What is different about this visit with Jefferson?" In these activities, students read the passages or chapters, respond in writing, share with the class by speaking, and listen to classmates' responses.
	 Required 3c) Questions and tasks support students in examining the language (vocabulary, sentences, and structure) critical to the meaning of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. Questions and tasks also focus on advancing depth of word knowledge through emphasizing word meaning and relationships among words (e.g., concept- and thematically related words, word families, etc.) rather than isolated vocabulary practice, and engaging students with multiple repetitions of words in varied contexts (e.g., reading different texts, completing tasks, engaging in speaking/listening). 	Yes	Questions and tasks support students in examining the language (vocabulary, sentences, and structure) critical to the meaning of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. Questions and tasks also focus on advancing depth of word knowledge through emphasizing word meaning and relationships among words rather than isolated vocabulary practice, and engaging students with multiple repetitions of words in varied contexts. In the <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> Unit, students' comprehension of the text is dependent on understanding vocabulary.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			The materials provide a vocabulary analysis
			document that indicates words that can and
			cannot be determined within context. The
			questions embedded in the materials
			support students in examining the language.
			In Section 1, Lesson 3, students read the
			Prologue and examine key vocabulary in
			select lines. For example, students read the
			line, "Whose misadventured piteous
			overthrows Doth with their death bury their
			parent's strife (Shakespeare lines 7-8)."
			Students record the phrase in their learning
			logs while focusing on the word, strife.
			Students analyze and identify the definition
			of the term. Then, the teacher facilitates a
			class discussion by asking questions such as,
			"What does "strife" mean in your own
			words?" and "What words are similar to
			strife?" Materials provide additional guiding
			questions for students who may need
			additional support such as, "What other
			words come to mind when you think of this
			word?" and "After reviewing the definition
			of the word 'strife', what other words have a
			similar or opposite meaning?" At the close
			of the activity, students respond to the
			question, "What comes to mind when you
			think of the word "strife"? Draw this image
			or write out real-world examples of this
			phrase." in their learning logs. In Section 3,
			Lesson 6, students read William Blake's "The
			Poison Tree." "The questions and tasks
			within this lesson support students in
			examining the language. For example,
			students listen to the poem before

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			rereading it twice with a partner; they then
			answer "What metaphor was developed in
			this poem? What lines support the
			development of this metaphor?" The
			students also analyze particular words that
			create imagery in this poem to understand
			how imagery is used to create a theme.
			Additionally, the Photojournalism Unit also
			provides questions and tasks to support
			students in examining language. For
			example, in Section 2, Lesson 1, students
			view Migrant Mother: How a Photograph
			Defined the Great Depression. To respond to
			the prompt, "Based on the title, what do you
			know about the text," students consider
			vocabulary and word knowledge to make
			predictions about a text. Finally, in Section 4,
			Lesson 2, students have an opportunity to
			read their choice reading texts. The
			materials provide questions that support
			students in examining vocabulary,
			sentences, and structure including questions
			such as the following: "How does the style
			of your choice reading text contribute to its
			power, persuasive, or beauty?" "Analyze
			how a sentence, paragraph, or section of
			your choice reading text develops the
			author's ideas or claims" and "Evaluate the
			effectiveness of the structure the author
			uses in your choice reading text." In the A
			Lesson Before Dying Unit, Section 4, Lesson
			4, students read and annotate the poem
			"Invictus" to "Locate words and phrases that
			develop the tone of the poem." This activity
			continues to Activity 4 where students read

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			the poem "If We Must Die" and respond to the prompt "What words or phrases contribute to the tone of the poem?" Students then use the work and conversations about tone to determine the meaning and theme of the poems. Students eventually connect these poems to the anchor text <i>A Lesson Before Dying</i> and share responses that are supported with textual evidence. Finally, in <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> Unit, a theme reference guide directs students to examine language which states, "Determine how the author uses language (e.g., word choice, tone), details, elements (e.g., characters, setting), structure, and creates effects (e.g., mood, motif, symbolism, irony) to develop the theme." Specifically, Section 4, Lesson 1 asks students to "annotate part four, chapter one from <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> focusing on details that reveal what An-Mei feels makes a person strong, happy, and/or whole to deepen our understanding of the text." Students then reread Part 4 with a group and look for textual details using an annotation reference guide. This document supports students as they clarify their purpose for annotating. As a whole, these activities support linking vocabulary and word choice to critical meaning in the texts such as theme and characterization.
Section II. K-5 Non-negotiable Fou	Indational Skills Indicators (Grades K-5 only)		
Non-negotiable* 4. FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS:	 Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4a) Materials provide and follow a logical sequence of appropriate foundational skills instruction indicated by the 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
Materials provide instruction and	standards (based on the Vertical Progression of Foundational		
diagnostic support in concepts of	Skills) while providing abundant opportunities for every		
print, phonological awareness,	student to become proficient in each of the foundational		
phonics, vocabulary,	skills.		
development, syntax, and fluency	Required *Indicator for grades K-1 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
in a logical and transparent	4b) Materials provide grade-appropriate instruction and		
progression. These foundational	practice for the concepts of print (e.g., following words left to		
skills are necessary and central	right, top to bottom, page by page; words are followed by		
components of an effective,	spaces; and features of a sentence).		
comprehensive reading program	Required *Indicator for grades K-1 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
designed to develop proficient	4c) Materials provide systematic and explicit phonological		
readers with the capacity to	awareness instruction (e.g., recognizing rhyming words;		
comprehend texts across a range	clapping syllables; blending onset-rime; and blending,		
of types and disciplines.	segmenting, deleting, and substituting phonemes).		
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
*As applicable (e.g., when the	4d) Materials provide systematic and explicit phonics		
scope of the materials is	instruction. Instruction progresses from simple to more		
comprehensive and considered a	complex sound-spelling patterns and word analysis skills that		
full program)	includes repeated modeling and opportunities for students to		
	hear, say, write, and read sound and spelling patterns (e.g.		
Yes No	sounds, words, sentences, reading within text).		
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	4e) Materials provide multiple opportunities and practice for		
	students to master grade appropriate high-frequency words		
	using multisensory techniques.		
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	4f) Resources and/or texts provide ample practice of		
	foundational reading skills using texts (e.g. decodable		
	readers) and allow for systematic, explicit, and frequent		
	practice of reading foundational skills, including phonics		
	patterns and word analysis skills in decoding words.		

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	Materials provide opportunities for students to self-monitor to confirm or self-correct word errors directing students to reread purposefully to acquire accurate meaning. This should include monitoring that will allow students to receive regular feedback.		
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only4g) Opportunities are frequently built into the materials that allow for students to achieve reading fluency in oral and silent reading, that is, to read a wide variety of grade- appropriate prose, poetry, and/or informational texts with accuracy, rate appropriate to the text, and expression.Materials provide opportunities for students to self-monitor to confirm or self-correct word errors directing students to reread purposefully to acquire accurate meaning.This should include monitoring that will allow students to receive regular feedback on their oral reading fluency in the specific areas of appropriate rate, expressiveness, and accuracy.	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	 Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4h) Materials provide instruction and practice in word study. In grades K-2, materials provide instruction and practice in word study including pronunciation, roots, prefixes, suffixes and spelling/sound patterns, as well as decoding of grade-level words, by using sound-symbol knowledge and knowledge of syllabication and regular practice in encoding (spelling) the sound symbol relationships of English. (Note: Instruction and practice with roots, prefixes, and suffixes is applicable for grade 1 and higher.) In grades 3-5, materials provide instruction and practice in word study including systematic 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	examination of grade-level morphology, decoding of multisyllabic words by using syllabication, and automaticity with grade-level regular and irregular spelling patterns.		
	 Required *Indicator for grades K-2 only 4i) Materials provide opportunities for teachers to assess students' mastery of foundational skills and respond to the needs of individual students based on ongoing assessments offered at regular intervals. Monitoring includes attention to invented spelling as appropriate for its diagnostic value. 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	 Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4j) Foundational Skills materials are abundant and easily implemented so that teachers can spend time, attention and practice with students who need foundational skills supports. 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
Section III. Additional Criteria of S	uperior Quality		
5. RANGE AND VOLUME OF TEXTS: Materials reflect the distribution of text types and genres suggested by the <u>standards (e.g.</u> <u>RL.K.9, RL.1.5, RI.1.9, RL.2.4,</u> <u>RI.2.3, RL.3.2, RL.3.5, RI.4.3,</u> <u>RL.5.7, RI.7.7, RL.8.9, RI.9-10.9,</u> <u>and RL.10/RI.10 across grade</u> <u>levels.)</u> Yes No	 Required Sa) Materials seek a balance in instructional time between literature and informational texts. (Reviewers will consider the balance within units of study as well as across the entire grade level using the ratio between literature/informational texts to help determine the appropriate balance.) The majority of informational texts have an informational text structure. In grades 3-12, narrative structure (e.g. speeches, biographies, essays) of informational text are also included. 	Yes	Materials seek a balance in instructional time between literature and informational texts. Units are varied by genre and texts within a unit are a balance of literature and informational texts. For example, in the <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> Unit, although the anchor text is literature, students are introduced to the topic of Shakespeare and his works by reading the article "After 450 Years, We Still Don't Know the True Value of Shakespeare in The Conversation," by Katie McLuskie. Students also read poetry within this unit including, "To the Memory of My Beloved the Author, Mr. William Shakespeare" by Ben Jonson. To continue, the Teenage Brain Unit focuses on informational texts including "Concussions Affect Teens More Than Kids and Adults, Study Says," by Steven Reinberg, and "How Concussions Affect Your Brain,"

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			by Adryan Corcione. These texts require
			students to understand the immediate and
			lasting effects that concussions and high-
			impact sports have on the teenage brain. In
			the Photojournalism Unit, the materials
			include Get the Picture, a documentary
			starring John G. Morris, and informational
			texts such as a photo essay from LIFE
			Magazine entitled "War's Ending: Atomic
			Bomb and Soviet Entry Bring Jap Surrender
			Offer." While the majority of texts within
			this unit are informational or nonfiction,
			students read Chapters 1 and 17 of
			Steinbeck's The Grapes of Wrath. In Section
			1, Lesson 1 in the A Lesson Before Dying
			Unit, students begin by reading an
			informational article, "Maslow's Hierarchy
			of Needs." Students use this text to build
			understanding to answer the question
			"What makes us human?" This essential
			question supports a deeper understanding
			of the anchor text novel. The culminating
			task is a writing prompt to answer "What
			makes us human?" by connecting the article
			to the prompt. The balance of literature and
			informational text continues in The Joy Luck
			Club Unit. In addition to the novel anchor
			text, poems, biography, personal narrative,
			and articles are also included. In Section 3,
			Lesson 1, students read "Like Mother Like
			Daughter- The Science Says So, Too," to
			discuss biological features in how mothers
			"see" daughters in themselves. Students
			compare and connect the article with the
			novel by answering a question about how

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			the characters from the novel reflect the
			findings in the article. Materials include print
			and non-print texts of different formats and
			lengths. Within the units, materials include a
			range of film, photographs, poetry, and
			novels. For example, Section 3 of the
			Photojournalism Unit, introduces students
			to Robert Capa's "Magnificent 11" as they
			view the images in "Beachheads of
			Normandy: The Fateful Battle of Europe is
			Joined by Sea and Air" from LIFE Magazine.
			Students also view clips from Get the Picture
			to better understand the controversy of
			Capa's photographs from the perspective of
			his photo editor, John G. Morris. Also in this
			unit, students read Susan Sontag's "On
			Photography." In the <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> unit,
			materials include print and non-print
			sources including Shakespeare's text and
			film versions of <i>Romeo and Juliet.</i>
			Specifically, in Section 2, Lesson 2, students
			view Act II, Scene 2 in <i>Romeo and Juliet,</i>
			directed by Franco Zefirelli, and West Side
			Story, directed by Robert Wise and Jerome
			Robbins, to "identify the choices that the
			director makes, specifically in regards to
			imagery, characters, setting, and blocking
			when adapting the text to the screen."
			Additionally, in Section 3, Lesson 6, students
			read William Blake's "The Poison Tree" to
			draw connections in theme to Romeo and
			Juliet. In the A Lesson Before Dying Unit,
			Section 1, Lesson 2, students listen to the
			song "Strange Fruit" by Billie Holiday.
			Students answer questions about problems

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			in the Jim Crow South depicted in the song. Then, students watch the first five minutes of the <i>Meet Ernest Gaines</i> video and answer questions in a learning log. Students make connections from these sources to literary texts. <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> Unit also contains a variety of texts and media. The length and complexity vary between works, such as the short story "I Stand Here Ironing," the poem "I Ask My Mother to Sing," selected images from Fan Ho, and the video "Chinese Superstitions." These materials are varied, but anchored to the novel <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> . Students use knowledge from these works to answer the unit question "How does a greater understanding of a person's life experiences change their perception of them?" Students demonstrate this knowledge in a final class discussion and culminating writing assignment.
	Required 5b) Materials include print and/or non-print texts in a variety of formats (e.g. a range of film, art, music, charts, etc.) and lengths (e.g. short stories, poetry, and novels).	Yes	Materials include print and non-print texts of different formats and lengths. Within the units, materials include a range of film, photographs, poetry, and novels. For example, Section 3 of the Photojournalism Unit, introduces students to Robert Capa's "Magnificent 11" as they view the images in "Beachheads of Normandy: The Fateful Battle of Europe is Joined by Sea and Air" from <i>LIFE Magazine</i> . Students also view clips from <i>Get the Picture</i> to better understand the controversy of Capa's photographs from the perspective of his photo editor, John G. Morris. Also in this unit, students read Susan Sontag's "On Photography." In the <i>Romeo</i>

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			and Juliet unit, materials include print and
			non-print sources including Shakespeare's
			text and film versions of Romeo and Juliet.
			Specifically, in Section 2, Lesson 2, students
			view Act II, Scene 2 in Romeo and Juliet,
			directed by Franco Zefirelli, and West Side
			Story, directed by Robert Wise and Jerome
			Robbins, to "identify the choices that the
			director makes, specifically in regards to
			imagery, characters, setting, and blocking
			when adapting the text to the screen."
			Additionally, in Section 3, Lesson 6, students
			read William Blake's "The Poison Tree" to
			draw connections in theme to Romeo and
			Juliet. In the A Lesson Before Dying Unit,
			Section 1, Lesson 2, students listen to the
			song "Strange Fruit" by Billie Holiday.
			Students answer questions about problems
			in the Jim Crow South depicted in the song.
			Then, students watch the first five minutes
			of the Meet Ernest Gaines video and answer
			questions in a learning log. Students make
			connections from these sources to literary
			texts. The Joy Luck Club Unit also contains a
			variety of texts and media. The length and
			complexity vary between works, such as the
			short story "I Stand Here Ironing," the poem
			"I Ask My Mother to Sing," selected images
			from Fan Ho, and the video "Chinese
			Superstitions." These materials are varied,
			but anchored to the novel The Joy Luck Club.
			Students use knowledge from these works
			to answer the unit question "How does a
			greater understanding of a person's life
			experiences change their perception of

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			them?" Students demonstrate this knowledge in a final class discussion and culminating writing assignment.
	5c) Additional materials provide direction and practice for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build reading stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and develop knowledge of classroom concepts or topics.	Yes	Additional materials provide direction and practice for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and develop knowledge of classroom concepts or topics. The materials earmark time for independent reading, which are noted as optional activities. Optional activities are used to build background knowledge, develop language proficiency, understand complex texts, practice reading proficiently, and hone discussion and writing skills. Optional activities are completed by the whole class, a small group, or individual students based on student needs. Optional activities are indicated by a hollow blue bubble. For example, in the Photojournalism Unit, Section 3, Lesson 5, students spend an allotted 15 minutes to read their "choice reading texts" to "engage in a volume of reading to improve our knowledge of words and the world." A general reading focus is provided which states, "What ideas am I learning from my choice reading text, and how do they connect to our unit?" The materials also include choice reading questions such as the following: "How do the characters in your choice reading text develop, interact, and develop a theme?" "What are the central ideas or themes of

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			your choice reading text?" "How are they developed?" and "How does the style of your choice reading text contribute to its power, persuasiveness, or beauty?" The Reading Guide included in the materials notes, "Students should also read a wide variety of texts they select based on their interests and be held individually accountable for understanding what they read." Likewise, the Family Resource Guide in <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> Unit provides a list of independent reading text suggestions. The list is followed by a model of what independent reading could look like in the home.
6. WRITING TO SOURCES, SPEAKING AND LISTENING, AND LANGUAGE: The majority of tasks are text- dependent or text-specific, reflect the writing genres named in the standards, require communication skills for college and career readiness, and help students meet the language standards for the grade.	Required 6a) Materials include a variety of opportunities for students to listen, speak, and write about their understanding of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2; those opportunities are prominent, varied in length and time demands (e.g., informal peer conversations, note taking, summary writing, discussing and writing short-answer responses, whole-class formal discussions, shared writing, formal essays in different genres, on-demand and process writing, etc.), and require students to engage effectively, as determined by the grade-level standards. ⁵	Yes	Materials include a variety of opportunities for students to listen, speak, and write about their understanding of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. Tasks within the materials involve a variety of modes of expression. For example, in the <i>Romeo and</i> <i>Juliet</i> Unit, Section 2, Lesson 1, students develop a response to the following question: "Locate an example of dramatic irony in this scene. How does this technique develop conflict within the play?" Students then share their response with a partner using evidence from the text. Later in this lesson, students reread and react to lines 20-26 and lines 446 of Act II, Scene 2 from <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> by writing a response to the questions in their learning log. Later in this lesson, students compare and connect

⁵ Technology and digital media may be used, when appropriate, to support the standards addressed in this indicator.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			ideas across "Sonnet 116: Let me not to the
			marriage of true minds" and Romeo and
			Juliet by writing responses and sharing them
			with the class. This unit is anchored in the
			following formal culminating task: "Write a
			literary analysis in which you state your
			response and logically and sufficiently
			support your response with claims. Support
			your claims with textual evidence including
			direct quotations with parenthetical
			citations, as well as specific references from
			the film. Use correct and effective words,
			phrases, syntax, usage, and mechanics to
			clearly communicate your analysis." Finally,
			Section 5, Lesson 5, the concluding lesson
			for the unit, includes a full-class discussion
			requiring students to engage effectively to
			respond to a central question, "How can
			adaptations or reproductions enhance or
			detract from the theme of a text?" In
			addition, the Photojournalism Unit includes
			a variety of opportunities for students to
			express their understanding. For example, in
			Section 3, Lesson 3, students view <i>D-Day:</i>
			How Allied Forces Overcame Disastrous
			Landings to Rout the Nazis and respond to
			questions in their learning log including,
			"What happened on D-Day?" and "Why was
			D-Day significant?" Later in this lesson,
			students express their understanding of
			"Beaches of Normandy: The Fateful Battle of
			Europe is Joined by Sea and Air" by writing
			responses to questions on the Visual
			Analysis Tool included in the materials.
			Section 5 allows opportunities for students

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			to work through the process of completing the culminating task. Students complete an outline and review the rubric to ensure writing matches the expectations. Next, in the <i>A Lesson Before Dying</i> Unit, Section 3, Lesson 1, students react to chapter 18 by developing responses to the questions. They share these responses with a partner using conversation stems suggested in the teaching notes. Later in this lesson, Activity 5 students share their responses with the class and respond to comments by classmates on the Character Interaction Tool. This pattern of individual, group, and whole-class discussion is prevalent throughout the units. Finally, in <i>The Joy Luck</i> <i>Club</i> Unit, Section 3, Lesson 3, students reread Part 3 of the novel and annotate the text by recording important notes on the Perspective Understanding Tool. Students use these notes to support a discussion in Activity 3, as they examine how the narrator's perspective affects the meaning of the text. This work prepares students to analyze how the story would unfold from a different character's point of view using a
	Required *Indicator for grades 3-12 only	Yes	narrative format. The majority of oral and written tasks at all
	6b) The majority of oral and written tasks require students to demonstrate the knowledge they built through the analysis and synthesis of texts, and present well defended claims and clear information, using grade-level language and conventions and drawing on textual evidence to support valid inferences from text.		grade levels require students to demonstrate the knowledge they build through the analysis and synthesis of texts, and present well defended claims and clear information, using grade-level language and conventions and drawing on textual

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			text. The tasks within the materials require
			students to demonstrate knowledge
			connections beyond a single lesson; for
			example, in Section 2, Lesson 4 of the
			Romeo and Juliet Unit, students read Act II,
			Scene 2 and view three film versions of the
			scene. Then, they compose a response to
			the question, "What is a theme that is
			developed in Act II, Scene 2 of Romeo and
			Juliet? How is that theme developed? How
			do the choices that the director makes in
			one of the film versions affect the
			development of this theme?" Later, in
			Section 3, Lesson 6, students read Blake's
			"The Poison Tree" and respond to the
			following task: "What is the theme in this
			poem and how does the author use imagery
			to develop this theme? How does this theme
			relate to a theme in <i>Romeo and Juliet?"</i>
			Students use the Forming Claims Tool to find
			text evidence from each text to support
			their claim. Next, in the Teenage Brain Unit,
			students demonstrate the knowledge they
			built through the analysis of texts. For
			example, in Section 3, Lesson 6, students
			use their knowledge of "Teens: This is How
			Social Media Affects Your Brain." by Susie
			East, "How Using Social Media Affects
			Teenagers." by Rachel Ehmke, and "Social
			Media 'Likes' Impact Teens' Brains and
			Behavior" from the Association of
			Psychological Science to write a constructed
			response that answers the question, "Should
			parents limit their teen's access to social
			media?" This task requires students to

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			construct an evidence-based argument that references multiple texts. To continue, in the <i>A Lesson Before Dying</i> Unit, Section 4, Lesson 2, students form a claim in preparation for discussion. The materials guide students through a self-evaluation of the claim by asking questions such as "Is the claim clearly stated?" "Is the claim based on evidence you gathered from the text?" and "Is the claim specific to the question, original, and able to be supported by specific evidence?" In addition, the teaching notes provide a Claims Reference Guide, which helps students to dig deeper. Finally, in <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> Unit, Section 4, Lesson 5, students form a claim in response to the question: "How does learning about the past in <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> allow the mothers and daughters to alter their perceptions of one another?" After evaluating the effectiveness of the claim, students prepare to write by gathering evidence to support the claim. Following this preparation, students work with a partner in Activity 5 to revise and ensure the work is appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. This writing assignment requires the students to demonstrate the knowledge built throughout the individual and group activities as they read the novel.
	Required 6c) Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing (opinion/argumentative, informative, narrative) as outlined by the standards at each grade level.	Yes	Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing as outlined by the standards at each grade level. Each unit within the materials includes a culminating task that requires them to

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	 As students progress through the grades, narrative prompts decrease in number and increase in being based on text(s). In grades 3-12, tasks may include blended modes (e.g., analytical writing). 		make reference to multiple texts in the unit. To begin, in the <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> Unit, Section 3, Lesson 6, students complete multiple readings of Blake's "The Poison Tree" and summarize each stanza. Then, students draft an extended response to the question, "Compare and connect ideas across 'A Poison Tree' and <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> . Support your response with evidence from the texts." Later in the unit, in Section 4, Lesson 6, students compose a written response to the question, "Determine a theme that is developed in the last scene of <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> ." Such writing tasks are grounded in evidence from complex texts and occur within each section of the materials. In addition, in The Teenage Brain Unit, writing tasks are aligned to the standards as they require students to respond to tasks by citing evidence. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 5, students express their understanding of the similarities between the claims made by three different authors about the teen brain's impact on behavior and adulthood by composing a multi-paragraph response to the prompt: "You have read three texts about brain development in the teenage years. Compare and contrast the development of ideas in each text. Be sure to use evidence from all three texts to support your response." Argumentative writing is evidence in Section 3, Lesson 6: "Students use their knowledge of "Teens: This is How Social Media Affects Your Brain,"

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			by Susie East, "How Using Social Media
			Affects Teenagers," by Rachel Ehmke, and
			"Social Media 'Likes' Impact Teens' Brains
			and Behavior" from the Association of
			Psychological Science to write a constructed
			response that answers the question:
			"Should parents limit their teen's access to
			social media?" Students address and refute
			at least one counterclaim in their response.
			Again, writing tasks occur frequently and
			vary in mode; all tasks require students to
			use evidence from complex text. Further
			examples exist in the A Lesson Before Dying
			Unit. In Section 2, Lesson 1, students
			respond to a prompt in an informative mode
			of writing. The writing revolves around
			concepts of isolation and relationships in the
			novel. Students support responses with
			evidence from the text before sharing with
			the class. This writing assignment later
			evolves into a group activity in which
			students discuss the question: "What is
			similar and different about the way both
			men react to their isolation?" Finally, in The
			Joy Luck Club Unit, Section 1, Lesson 5
			students work with a group and write a
			response to "determine and analyze how
			the author's/narrator's perspective affects
			the meaning of part one," of the novel.
			Individually, students write responses in a
			learning log. Students support this opinion
			essay with evidence from the text. This unit
			also contains a narrative writing opportunity
			which states, "Write a narrative essay in
			which you choose a story from one chapter

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			of The Joy Luck Club to tell from a different character's perspective. Use correct and effective words, phrases, syntax, usage, and mechanics to clearly communicate your narrative."
	 Required 6d) Materials address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts. For example, materials create opportunities for students to analyze the syntax of a quality text to determine the text's meaning and model their own sentence construction as a way to develop more complex sentence structure and usage. 	Yes	Materials explicitly address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts. In the <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> Unit, Section 1, Lesson 1 addresses standard L.9-10.6. In this lesson, students "determine and explore the meaning of important words and phrases." For example, students prepare to read the article "After 450 Years, We Still Don't Know the True Value of Shakespeare," by Katie McLuskie, by analyzing the word "integral." Students answer questions such as "Does this word have a positive or a negative connotation? How do you know?" and "What other words have a similar or opposite meaning as this word?" Students then consider what "integral" means in the following sentence: "Shakespeare is integral to our very language, widely celebrated, studied, acted, seen" (Paragraph 1)?" This examination of language is embedded in the analysis of complex text within the materials. In the Photojournalism Unit, Section 1, Lesson 1, Activity 7, students read the quote, "Most important–or disturbing– they [picture editors] are the fixers of

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			'reality' and of 'history'" from "Get the
			Picture: A Personal History of
			Photojournalism." After reading, students
			focus on the phrase "fixers of 'reality' and
			'history'" and participate in a discussion
			responding to questions, "Does this phrase
			have a positive or negative connotation?
			Explain your response." and "In your own
			words, what does the phrase 'fixers of
			reality and history' mean?" The discussion
			continues as students are tasked to
			consider, "What words could be substitutes
			for 'fixer,' 'reality,' and 'history?'" Students
			then work in pairs to respond to guiding
			questions which require them to identify
			synonyms for the identified terms and to
			determine "another way to describe what
			photo editors do." Analysis continues as
			students respond to the question, "What
			does 'fixers of reality and history' mean in
			the sentence, 'Most important-or
			disturbing-they [picture editors] are the
			fixers of 'reality' and of 'history'?" in their
			learning logs. In the A Lesson Before Dying
			unit, Section 3, Lesson 4, Activity 7, students
			analyze the structure of a sentence to
			determine how understanding the sentence
			deepens their understanding of how the
			theme develops in the text. The activity
			begins as students read and record the
			Mentor Sentence: "I cry, not from reaching
			any conclusion by reasoning, but because,
			lowly as I am, I am still part of the whole." in
			their learning logs. Through guided
			discussion, students break down each

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			section of the sentence. Guiding questions to support understanding include, "Who is doing what in the mentor sentence?" "What are the parts of the mentor sentence?" and "What do you notice about the punctuation?" Discussion continues as students work independently to identify the text features and vocabulary in the Mentor Sentence as the teacher asks discussion questions such as, "What do you notice about the commas within the sentence? What are they doing?" and "How does the vocabulary used contribute to the meaning of the sentence?" Finally, students read the sentence again and respond to the question, "How does the mentor sentence relate to the theme of humanity?" using a similar sentence structure in their response.
7. ASSESSMENTS: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards with appropriately complex text(s). Yes No	Required 7a) Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a range of pre-, formative, summative and self-assessment measures.	Yes	Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a range of pre-, formative, summative and self-assessment measures. The materials include assessment tools such as diagnostic (pre-assessment) tasks. For example, in The Teenage Brain Unit, Section 1, Lesson 5, students complete the following diagnostic task: "Students express their understanding of the similarities between the claims made by three different authors about the teen brain's impact on behavior and adulthood by composing a multi- paragraph response to the prompt: "You have read three texts about brain development in the teenage years. Compare and contrast the development of ideas in each text. Be sure to use evidence from all

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			three texts to support your response.'" Later
			in this unit, in Section 2, Lesson 5, the
			following formative assessment opportunity
			is provided: "Students participate in a formal
			discussion and must form and support an
			argument in response to two questions:
			What is the responsibility of schools and/or
			high-school leagues to enforce safety
			regulations that prevent or reduce
			concussions? Is it responsible for
			schools/leagues to allow girls to play high-
			impact sports given the research?" This
			assessment tool prepares students to
			develop and communicate meaningful and
			defensible claims and to write an
			argumentative essay. The culminating task
			(summative) within this unit requires
			students to use their knowledge of the
			teenage brain to respond to the following
			prompt: "Does being a teenager positively
			or negatively affect one's decision making?
			Be sure to address and refute at least one
			counterclaim in your response." Regular
			assessment opportunities are provided
			throughout each unit. In the Romeo and
			Juliet Unit, assessment opportunities are
			varied in type and focus. For example, in
			Section 1, Lesson 9, students participate in a
			whole-class discussion which addresses the
			following questions, "What is a theme that is
			being developed in Act I, Scene 5 of <i>Romeo</i>
			and Juliet?" "How is it developed in the
			play?" "How is this theme reflected or not
			reflected in one of the three film versions of
			the play?" "What parts of the film help to

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			develop these themes?" and "Which parts of
			the film help develop additional themes?" In
			Section 4, Lesson 6, students write a
			response to the following prompt: "What
			theme is developed in the last scene of
			Romeo and Juliet? Choose one film version
			of the play and discuss what choices the
			director made when creating a film version
			of this scene. How do these choices enhance
			or detract from the themes developed in the
			play?" Continuing, in the <i>A Lesson Before</i>
			Dying Unit, diagnostic questions are
			provided, as well as quizzes, ongoing
			formative assessments, and a culminating
			writing prompt. The section quizzes, found across all units, such as, "assess student
			understanding of content knowledge
			explicitly read and taught in lessons." In
			Section 1, Lesson 7, students participate in
			discussion in response to the following
			question: "Though one is in jail and one is
			not, what similarities exist between
			Jefferson's and Grant's situations?" These
			diagnostic questions are used to assess
			student understanding. There are also two
			section quizzes that include Technology
			Enhanced items. Finally, The Joy Luck Club
			Unit also contains diagnostic questions
			aligned to the culminating task. An example
			includes, "Do the main characters in The Joy
			Luck Club accurately reflect Chua's beliefs
			about 'generational decline' in the children
			of immigrants?" The question supports the
			culminating task as it "prepares students to

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			analyze events from various characters' points of view."
	Required 7b) Materials assess student understanding of the topics, themes, and/or ideas presented in the unit texts. Questions and tasks are developed so that students demonstrate the knowledge and skill built over the course of the unit.	Yes	Materials assess student understanding of the topics, themes, and/or ideas presented in the unit texts. Assessment materials consistently ask students to demonstrate understanding of unit texts surrounding theme. For example, in the <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> Unit, in Section 2, Lesson 4, students write a response to the prompt: "What theme is developed in the last scene of <i>Romeo and</i> <i>Juliet</i> ? Choose one film version of the play and discuss what choices the director made when creating a film version of this scene. How do these choices enhance or detract from the themes developed in the play?" In the culminating task within this unit, students demonstrate the knowledge and skills built over the course of the unit. For example, students respond to the following prompt: "Choose a theme from the play <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> . Compare and contrast the way in which that theme is developed in the play and in one of the following movies: <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> (Zeffirelli), <i>Romeo + Juliet</i> (Luhrmann), or <i>West Side Story</i> (Wise, Robbins). Write a literary analysis in which you state your response and logically and sufficiently support your response with claims. Support your claims with textual evidence including direct quotations with parenthetical citations." Likewise, in the Photojournalism Unit, assessment materials

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			ask students to demonstrate understanding
			of unit texts about ideas and topics. For
			example, the culminating writing task
			requires students to write an expository
			essay in which they closely examine the
			impact of one or more of the photographs
			studied in this unit. Students state their
			response and support it with textual
			evidence including direct quotations and
			parenthetical citations. This task integrates
			learning from across the unit. Similarly, in
			the A Lesson Before Dying Unit, the
			diagnostic questions, quizzes, and activities
			lead to student preparation for the
			culminating task, "What is a lesson that
			Grant and Jefferson learn about what it
			means to be human and how do they learn
			this lesson? How is this lesson also
			supported in the other texts from the unit?"
			In The Joy Luck Club Unit, the central theme
			is related to understanding and seeing from
			another's perspective. The activities and
			prompts throughout the unit lead to a
			culminating writing prompt connected to
			these central ideas. For example, in Section
			4, Lesson 5, students answer the question
			"How does learning about the past in <i>The</i>
			Joy Luck Club allow the mothers and
			daughters to alter their perceptions of one
			another?" Students record evidence in
			learning logs and use this information later
			as they develop an essay.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	Required 7c) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance.	Yes	Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance. The Evaluate component of the Assessment Overview in the materials includes rubrics for evaluating student performance. For example, in The Teenage Brain Unit, students express their understanding through an argumentative essay supporting or contradicting teenagers' abilities to make sound, responsible decisions. The culminating task rubric evaluates students on multiple criteria such as the following: "Student demonstrates success determining the meaning of texts by accurately analyzing and/or synthesizing ideas within and across texts" and "Student demonstrates success developing supporting claims or points logically with relevant and sufficient textual evidence." A culminating task exemplar is also provided that demonstrates quality work. The units also provide a Culminating Task Tool that guides students toward success on the culminating task. An example of the guiding questions from this tool from <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> unit includes "What skills do you need to build in the guidebook unit to be successful when you complete the culminating task?" After working through the tool, an exemplar and rubric for the culminating writing assignment are provided. Each unit in the materials provides rubrics and student work exemplars to provide guidance.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	Required 7d) Measurement of progress via assessments include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities.	(YES/NO) Yes	Measurement of progress via assessments include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. Formative assessments within the materials build to the culminating task. For example, in the <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> Unit, in Section 2, Lesson 4, students read Act II, Scene 2 of <i>Romeo</i> <i>and Juliet</i> and view three film versions of this scene. They also compose a response to the task "What is a theme that is developed
			in Act II, Scene 2 of <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> ? How is that theme developed? How do the choices that the director makes in one of the film versions affect the development of this theme?" This task prepares students to analyze how a director's choices help develop a theme within a film. This task is presented in a coherent sequence as it provides scaffolding for the culminating task, "Choose a theme from the play <i>Romeo</i> <i>and Juliet</i> . Compare and contrast the way in which that theme is developed in the play
			and in one of the following movies: <i>Romeo</i> and Juliet (Zeffirelli), <i>Romeo + Juliet</i> (Luhrmann), or <i>West Side Story</i> (Wise, Robbins). Write a literary analysis in which you state your response and logically and sufficiently support your response with claims. Support your claims with textual evidence including direct quotations with parenthetical citations." This assessment requires students to demonstrate a
			culmination of knowledge and skills. Formative assessments are also aligned with

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			summative assessments in the materials. For example, in The Teenage Brain Unit, Section 1, Lesson 5, the diagnostic assessment asks students to express their understanding of the similarities between the claims made by three different authors about the teen brain's impact on behavior and adulthood by composing a multi-paragraph response to the prompt, "You have read three texts about brain development in the teenage years. Compare and contrast the development of ideas in each text. Be sure to use evidence from all three texts to support your response." This assessment prepares students to write an argumentative essay for the culminating task, "Does being a teenager positively negatively affect one's decision making? Be sure to address and refute at least one counterclaim in your response." Finally, in the <i>A Lesson Before</i> <i>Dying</i> Unit, students gradually work through tasks that build to the culminating writing task. In Section 3, Lesson 1, students answer guiding questions about humanity as a central theme in the novel. These questions then help students establish understanding of Chapter 18 as they analyze the development of characters. Collectively, these activities culminate in a task in which students respond to the question, "What
	7e) Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are unbiased and accessible to all students.	Yes	does it mean to be human?" Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are unbiased and accessible to all students. Rubrics and guidelines included

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			communicate success criteria to students.
			This success criteria is used in Section 5 of
			each unit as students complete the
			culminating task. For example, in the Romeo
			and Juliet Unit, Section 5, Lesson 3 focuses
			on peer revision and is aligned to the
			success criteria. Students read a partner's
			work and consider the following questions,
			"Does your partner have a thesis
			statement?" "Are the points made in the
			thesis statement reflected in the
			organization of the essay?" "Does your
			partner identify a theme from Romeo and
			Juliet?" and "Does your partner discuss and
			provide evidence for how that theme is
			developed?" Activity 3 of this lesson asks
			students to review the prompt and their
			draft before reviewing the Culminating Task
			Rubric. Students then answer, "Does your
			draft meet the expectations?" In The Joy
			Luck Club Unit, clear guidelines are again
			provided to support students on the
			culminating task. The Culminating Task Tool
			provided in each unit supports students with
			clear expectations that build to the final
			writing assignment. In The Joy Luck Club
			Unit, students work towards a narrative
			prompt that asks them to "Write a narrative
			essay in which you choose a story from one
			chapter of The Joy Luck Club to tell from a
			different character's perspective." The
			materials provide guiding questions
			including, "Which chapter from the text
			would you like to rewrite? What is the
			theme of this chapter?" and "Which new

INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
		character would you like to be the narrator of your rewritten chapter? How will you use this narrator to develop the theme?" The materials also provide clear reminders to students to ensure success criteria is met, such as, "Analyze how the narrator's perspective influences the development of ideas in the chapter, analyze how the narrator's perspective impacts your understanding of the chapter's themes, establish a context and a narrative point of view based on the character you choose, and group and sequence sentences and paragraphs to create a coherent narrative." These guidelines, along with rubrics, and exemplars are provided across the materials. Finally, there are many opportunities for students to review and revise work individually and with a partner. For example, in Section 5, Lesson 3 students work with a partner to examine a model essay. In doing this work, students examine
Required 8a) As needed, pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding the text itself (i.e. providing background knowledge, supporting vocabulary acquisition). Pre-reading activities should be no more than 10% of time devoted to any reading instruction.	Yes	and reach the expectations without bias. Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding the text itself. The materials include opportunities for students to build knowledge prior to reading complex texts. For example, in the <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> Unit, Section 1, Lesson 1, students work with the text "After 450 Years, We Still Don't Know
	Required Ba) As needed, pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding the text itself (i.e. providing background knowledge, supporting vocabulary acquisition). Pre-reading activities should be no more than 10% of time	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY (YES/NO) (YES/NO) (YES/NO) Required Yes Sa) As needed, pre-reading activities and suggested Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage Yes students with understanding the text itself (i.e. providing background knowledge, supporting vocabulary acquisition). Pre-reading activities should be no more than 10% of time Yes

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			viewing a video to prepare for <i>Romeo and</i>
			Juliet. Vocabulary supports are also provided
			within this lesson. For example, students
			examine the word "integral" by addressing
			questions such as "What is the root word?"
			"What does that root word mean?" "What
			other words have a similar or opposite
			meaning as 'integral'?" "Is 'integral' positive
			or negative? How do you know?" "What is
			another way to say 'integral'?" Knowledge
			and word building continue in Lesson 2 in
			which students work with "mentor
			sentences" to determine the meaning of
			"homage." These supports are appropriate
			as they provide relevant knowledge about
			Shakespeare and support vocabulary
			acquisition. The Teenage Brain Unit uses
			pre-reading activities to engage students
			with understanding the collection of texts
			within the unit. For example, in Section 1,
			Lesson 1, students demonstrate their level
			of agreement with specific ideas, including:
			"Teen brains greatly differ from adult brains.
			Teens generally lack mature decision-making
			capabilities. Teens have an inflated appetite
			for risk, and do not accurately assess future
			consequences." This activity prepares
			students to read "The Teen Brain: Still Under
			Construction." The materials also contain
			support guidelines for teachers including
			guiding questions such as "What does the
			phrase 'inflated appetite for risk' mean?"
			"What does the language cause you to see
			or feel?" and "What words and/or phrases
			do you need to understand to understand

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			the statement better?" Guidelines for ensuring activities are accessible to all learners are also included, such as "Encourage pairs to collaborate in their home language as they rate the statements in English. Encourage pairs to take notes in their home language as appropriate." In the <i>A Lesson Before Dying</i> Unit in Section 1, Lesson 1, students work on background questions: "We will build our knowledge of what it means to be human by answering questions. This will help us prepare to read 'Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs.'" Students use this information throughout the unit as they build leading to the culminating writing task. In this assignment, the students answer what it means to be human. The pre-reading activities support and help engage students in the texts throughout the unit.
	Required 8b) Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. Texts do not serve as platforms to practice discrete strategies.	Yes	Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. Reading strategies included within the materials support students' comprehension of the text. For example, in the Teenage Brain Unit, Section 3, Lesson 1, students read "How Using Social Media Affects Teenagers." Prior to reading, students answer questions that support their comprehension of the text including, "What is the text type? What do you understand about the text based on this information?"

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Students then read a select portion of the
			text with a specific reading focus, "What
			claims does the author make about how
			social media affects teen's mental health?"
			Following their reading, students select two
			to three of the main ideas in the first section
			from "How Using Social Media Affects
			Teenagers" to identify in their learning logs.
			In addition, the students use "Argument
			Understanding Tool 3" to record the
			author's claims and the evidence. Combined,
			the reading strategies within this lesson
			serve to support comprehension of specific
			texts and build knowledge of a text and a
			topic. Likewise, in Section 1, Lesson 6 of the
			Romeo and Juliet Unit, materials build a
			student's understanding of the text. Reading
			strategies to support comprehension of Act
			I, Scene 4 of <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> are evident;
			students copy the following mentor
			sentence: "'Is love a tender thing? It is too
			rough,/Too rude, too boist'rous, and it pricks
			like a thorn' (Shakespeare lines 25-26)" and
			then answer the following guiding questions
			to build insight: "What are the parts of the
			mentor sentence?" "What does 'tender'
			mean?" "How does noticing this
			word/phrase help you understand the
			mentor sentence?" and "What word or
			punctuation in the mentor sentence
			connects two independent clauses?" Finally,
			students complete the following sentence
			stems reflecting on their ability to make
			meaning of complex text: "To understand
			the quotation, I had to Noticing

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			helped me understand the quotation because
			Dying Unit, Section 2, Lesson 3, students
			summarize paragraphs one and two from
			Invisible Man. The materials indicate that
			summaries should be free of opinion and
			state only facts. The summaries are then
			used to support students in answering
			questions on the Invisible Man. In a Deepen
			Understanding activity, students analyze
			sentence structure from the prologue to
			determine how understanding the sentence
			deepens understanding of the speaker's
			internal conflict. Students then complete
			sentence stems to demonstrate understanding. More activities follow, such
			as annotating with an annotation reference
			guide. These strategies support
			comprehension of the text. Lastly, in <i>The Joy</i>
			Luck Club Unit, Section 2, Lesson 2, students
			deepen their understanding of the text by
			annotating chapter two with a focus on
			details that reveal Ying Ying's parenting style
			and Lena's reaction to it. Students reread
			chapter two in a group, annotate, and
			record important notes in a learning log.
			Combined, these strategies help the
			students build knowledge and insight about
	Demined	N	the text.
	Required 8c) Materials include guidance and support that regularly	Yes	Materials include guidance and support that regularly directs teachers to return to
	directs teachers to return to focused parts of the text to		focused parts of the text to guide students
	guide students through rereading and discussion about the		through rereading and discussion about the
	ideas, events, and information found there.		ideas, events, and information found there.
			Mentor sentences are used frequently in the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Romeo and Juliet Unit to support students'
			comprehension of complex text. For
			example, in Section 3, Lesson 1, students
			read and then analyze the structure of a
			sentence from Act III, Scene 1 of <i>Romeo and</i>
			Juliet to determine how understanding the
			sentence deepens their understanding of
			the text. In this activity, students copy the
			following mentor sentence from <i>Romeo and</i>
			Juliet: "Away to heaven, respective lenity,
			and fire-eyed fury be my conduct now'
			(3.1.128-129)" and respond to guided
			questions including, "What does 'lenity'
			mean?" "How is fury personified?" "What is
			the shift that is represented in this line?"
			and "How is this shift a turning point in
			Romeo's story?" Portions of the text are
			consistently re-examined both for
			comprehension and theme analysis. For
			example, later in Section 3, Lesson 1,
			students return to Act III, Scene 1 to
			"determine and analyze the meaning of the
			text and add to the Act III, Scene 1 section of
			the Text Theme Understanding Tool." In the
			Photojournalism Unit, texts are re-read and
			discussion is integrated to build student
			understanding. For example, in Section 2,
			Lesson 2, students read Chapter 2 from
			Migrant Mother: How a Photograph Defined
			the Great Depression. After an initial
			reading, the materials direct students to re-
			examine the text to complete the "Context
			Understanding Tool" which helps students
			deepen their understanding of the historical
			context surrounding the creation of the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			"Migrant Mother" photograph by recording observations and conclusions from the text. Additionally, in the <i>A Lesson Before Dying</i> Unit, Section 4, Lesson 2, students reread a section of Chapter 31 to answer questions and analyze symbolism. In examining the same passage for two different purposes, students gain a deeper understanding of the text. The close reading is aligned to the specific purposes of understanding details and evaluating the author's use of symbolism. In <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> Unit, Section 4, Lesson 3, the materials guide students using the Perspective Understanding Tool; students are asked to include evidence with proper citations about perspective from the passage. The Tool directs teachers and students to focus on particular aspects of the text by providing three columns for evidence, a guiding question about perspective, and a place for the citation information. As students work with a partner and the tool, they participate in a discussion that is integrated into text- specific inquiry.
	Required 8d) Materials provide additional supports for expressing understanding through formal discussion and writing development (i.e. sentence frames, paragraph frames, modeled writing, student exemplars).	Yes	Materials provide additional supports for expressing understanding through formal discussion and writing development. Each unit includes opportunities for students to complete a culminating writing task to demonstrate their understanding of text. A student exemplar is provided within the materials for each unit. For example, in The Teenage Brain Unit, students express their understanding through an argumentative

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			essay supporting or contradicting teenagers'
			abilities to make sound, responsible
			decisions. The student exemplar is available
			as an example of quality work. Likewise, in
			the Photojournalism Unit, Section 5, Lesson
			3, opportunities exist for students to discuss
			their writing development using both
			partner discussion and an exemplar. In
			Activity One, students analyze and annotate
			a model response focusing on revising the
			thesis and organization. They then revise
			and edit their work based on the model. The
			materials indicate that this work will help
			students "develop work that is clear and
			coherent and appropriate to the task,
			purpose, and audience." The materials
			provide guiding questions such as, "Does the
			writer establish a clear focus and supporting
			points that are specific, appropriate to the
			task, and based on evidence?" and "How
			well does the writer develop the focus?
			Evaluate the accuracy of the information
			and the logic and relevance of the writer's
			explanations in connection to the writer's
			thesis statement?" Also, the materials
			provide opportunities for students to discuss
			their writing with a partner using teacher
			supports such as, "Do I sufficiently develop
			and support the response in a fair and even
			manner with supporting claims and
			evidence, explanations, and elaboration?" In
			The Joy Luck Club Unit, the materials include
			additional student supports for expressing
			understanding. For example, in Section 1,
			Lesson 5, conversation stems and an

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	Required 8e) Materials are easy to use and well organized for students and teachers. Teacher editions are concise and easy to manage with clear connections between teacher resources. The reading selections are centrally located within the materials and the center of focus.	Yes	Academic Conversation Reference Guide are provided. These materials include instructions for listeners about asking questions about the speaker's observations, ideas, and claims. In the <i>A Lesson Before</i> <i>Dying</i> Unit, Section 3, Lesson 4, students share thoughts and evidence with the class regarding details that determine the tone of the chapter. Students then add to their Humanity Understanding Tool based on what their peers share. The materials include teacher supports that include a discussion guide with instructions such as, "Prompt the students to use the conversation stems in the Academic Conversation Reference Guide." Links to the guides are provided in the teaching notes. Materials are easy to use and well organized for students and teachers. Each unit begins with a central, guiding question and a "Unit- At-A-Glance." For example, the <i>Romeo and</i> <i>Juliet</i> Unit begins with the central question, "How can adaptations or reproductions enhance or detract from the theme of a text?" and a Unit Overview that provides a synopsis of the learning within the unit that states the number of lessons and the number of quizzes. An Assessment Overview outlines and details the assessments within the unit including the section diagnostics and the culminating task. Materials for each unit are organized sequentially by sections, lessons, and activities. Teachers can easily determine the knowledge focus of the materials using the Unit Overview. For

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			example, in the Teenage Brain Unit, students read National Geographic's "Teenage Brains," by David Dobbs, and various informational texts about "the development of the teenage brain to understand the factors that ultimately dictate teens' decision making and behavior." Students express their understanding by "analyzing the relationship between adolescent brain development and behavior, considering the effects of brain injury and social media on the brain" and form an argument "supporting or contradicting teenagers' ability to make sound, responsible decisions." Likewise, the <i>A Lesson Before Dying</i> Unit begins with a unit overview, assessment overview, texts overview ("About the Texts"), and additional resources such as a family guide and Spanish version. Teacher editions contain clear connections such as in Section 1, Lesson 1, Activity 1. Students answer the question "What makes us human?" in a learning log. The sidebar provides guiding questions for the teacher to pose such as "What do humans need to survive? Do we need things that other mammals don't need?"
	Required 8f) Support for English Learners and diverse learners is provided. Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level. The language in which questions and problems are	Yes	Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level. Materials support student needs within the units. For example, each unit provides a Family
	posed is not an obstacle to understanding the content, and if it is, additional supports are included (e.g., alternative teacher approaches, pacing and instructional delivery		Resource section to support learners which are also available in Spanish to support English learners. In Section 3, Lesson 2 of the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	options, strategies or suggestions for supporting access to		Teenage Brain Unit, students read "How
	text and/or content, suggestions for modifications,		Using Social Media Affects Teenagers." The
	suggestions for vocabulary acquisition, etc.).		materials provide suggestions to support
			student needs. For example, the provided
			teaching notes include guided questions to
			ensure students are able to access the text.
			Sample questions include, "What claims
			does the author make about how social
			media affects teen's mental health?" and
			"What types of interactions are teens
			missing out on because of an increase in
			social media use?" In addition, the materials
			provide suggestions for direct supports
			including, "Read aloud the text as students
			follow along. Pair students together to
			engage in a partner reading of the text.
			Engage students in a choral reading of the
			text." Later in the lesson, the materials
			provide suggestions for modeling how to
			note key words or phrases from a text.
			Throughout the units, additional materials
			are provided to support a variety of student
			needs. For example, the Humanity
			Understanding Tool is a graphic organizer
			used in the A Lesson Before Dying Unit. This
			material guides students through identifying
			and analyzing internal and external conflict
			and supports them in understanding the
			"lessons that Grant and Jefferson have
			learned about humanity during the first
			seven chapters." Finally, in The Joy Luck Club
			Unit, a Model Tool is included in the Digital
			Student Tools. This guide is used to help
			students connect text to "evidence of
			coherence" and "development of theme."

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			There are multiple models provided that require students to digitally mark or annotate supporting evidence for the prompts.
	8g) The content can be reasonably completed within a regular school year and the pacing of content allows for maximum student understanding. Materials provide guidance about the amount of time a task might reasonably take.	Yes	The content can be reasonably completed within a regular school year and the pacing of content allows for maximum student understanding and provides guidance about the amount of time a task might reasonably take. Each unit within the materials indicates the length of time; for example, the Unit At-a-Glance for the Teenage Brain Unit notes 27 lessons. Within the lessons, Teaching Notes indicate the length of time a teacher should spend on an activity. For instance, Section 1, Lesson 2, Activity 3 allots 10 minutes for students to read "Teenage Brains are Malleable and Vulnerable, Researchers Say" in pairs to establish their understanding. Likewise, the <i>Romeo and</i> <i>Juliet</i> Unit includes 33 lessons. Activities, such as Activity 1 in Section 5, Lesson 5, are paced appropriately. For example, the materials allot 35 minutes for students to engage in a whole-class discussion to demonstrate their understanding of <i>Romeo</i> <i>+ Juliet</i> (Luhrmann), <i>West Side Story</i> (West, Robbins), <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> (Zefirelli), and <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> . The <i>A Lesson Before Dying</i> Unit contains 31 lessons in five sections. A section is generally one or two weeks in length, which would allow the unit to fit within a 6 week grading period. The lessons are designed to be either 45 or 90 minutes,

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			These lessons contain activities that are 5-45 mins in length, but may be adjusted or omitted to fit the time available. While some activities are optional, the most significant activities are labeled "Core" and a pacing guide is provided. For example, in <i>A Lesson</i> <i>Before Dying</i> , Section 3, Lesson 1, students are given 10 minutes to address the core activity: "Read Chapter Eighteenin pairs to establish understanding. When we are done reading, we will analyze the development of characters." The sidebar pacing reference is consistently present for teachers so that they can accurately judge how long to
			dedicate to each part of the activities and lessons. Overall, the materials include a total
FINAL EVALUATION			of 5 units which can reasonably be completed within a regular school year.

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria and a "Yes" for each of the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality. *Tier 2 ratings* receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria, but at least one "No" for the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality. *Tier 3 ratings* receive a "No" for at least one of the Non-negotiable Criteria.

Compile the results for Sections I-III to make a final decision for the material under review.

Section	Criteria	Yes/No	Final Justification/Comments
I. K-12 Non-negotiable Criteria of Superior Quality ⁶	1. Quality of Texts		Materials provide texts that are appropriately complex for the identified grade level according to the requirements outlined in the standards. At least 90% of provided texts are of publishable quality and offer rich opportunities for students to meet the grade-level ELA standards; the texts are well-crafted, representing the quality of

⁶ Must score a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria to receive a Tier 1 or Tier 2 rating.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			content, language, and writing that is produced by experts in various disciplines. A coherent sequence or collection of connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about themes with connected topics and ideas through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and language are provided. Within a sequence or collection, quality texts of grade level complexity are selected for multiple, careful readings throughout the unit of study.
	2. Text-Dependent Questions	Yes	A majority of questions in the materials are text dependent and text specific with student ideas expressed through both written and spoken responses. Questions and tasks include the language of the standards and require students to engage in thinking at the depth and complexity required by the grade-level standards to advance and deepen student learning over time.
	3. Coherence of Tasks	Yes	Coherence sequences of questions and tasks focus students on understanding the text and its illustrations, making connections among the texts in the collection, and expressing their understanding of the topics, themes, and ideas presented in the texts. Questions and tasks are designed so that students build and apply knowledge and skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level complex texts. Questions and tasks support students in examining the language (vocabulary, sentences, and structure)

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			critical to the meaning of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. Questions and tasks also focus on advancing depth of word knowledge through emphasizing word meaning and relationships among words rather than isolated vocabulary practice, and engaging students with multiple repetitions of words in varied contexts.
II. K-5 Non-negotiable Foundational Skills Criteria (grades K-5 only) ⁷	4. Foundational Skills ⁸	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level
III. Additional Criteria of Superior Quality ⁹	5. Range and Volume of Texts	Yes	Materials seek a balance in instructional time between literature and informational texts. Materials include print and non-print texts of different formats and lengths; however, the materials do not provide direction and practice for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and develop knowledge of classroom concepts or topics.
	6. Writing to Sources, Speaking and Listening, and Language	Yes	Materials include a variety of opportunities for students to listen, speak, and write about their understanding of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. The majority of oral and written tasks at all grade levels require students to demonstrate the knowledge they build through the analysis and synthesis of texts, and present well defended claims and clear information,

⁷ Must score a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria to receive a Tier 1 or Tier 2 rating.

 ⁸ As applicable.
 ⁹ Must score a "Yes" for all Additional Criteria of Superior Quality to receive a Tier 1 rating.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			using grade-level language and conventions and drawing on textual evidence to support valid inferences from text. Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing as outlined by the standards at each grade level and explicitly address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts.
	7. Assessments	Yes	Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a range of pre-, formative, summative and self-assessment measures. Materials assess student understanding of the topics, themes, and/or ideas presented in the unit texts. Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance. Measurement of progress via assessments include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are unbiased and accessible to all students.
	8. Scaffolding and Support	Yes	Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding the text itself. Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. Materials include guidance and support that regularly directs teachers to return to focused parts of the text to guide students through rereading and discussion about the ideas, events, and information found there. Materials provide additional supports for expressing understanding through formal discussion and writing development. Materials are easy to use and well organized for students and teachers. Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level.
FINAL DECISION FOR THIS MATERI	AL: Tier 1, Exemplifies quality		



Instructional Materials Evaluation Tool for Alignment in ELA Grades K – 12 (IMET)



The goal of English language arts is for students to read, understand, and express understanding of complex texts independently. To accomplish this goal, programs must build students' knowledge and skill in language, comprehension, conversations, and writing integrated around a volume of complex texts and tasks.¹ In grades K-5, programs must also build students' foundational skills to be able to read and write about a range of texts² independently. Thus, a strong ELA classroom is structured with the below components.



Title: Imagine Learning Guidebooks Publisher: Imagine Learning LLC

Overall Rating: Tier 1, Exemplifies quality

Tier 1, Tier 2, Tier 3 Elements of this review:

Grade: <u>English II</u> Copyright: <u>2020</u>

STRONG	WEAK
1. Quality of Texts (Non-negotiable)	
2. Text-Dependent Questions (Non-negotiable)	
3. Coherence of Tasks (Non-negotiable)	
5. Range and Volume of Texts	
6. Writing to Sources, Speaking and Listening, and	
Language	
7. Assessments	
8. Scaffolding and Support	

¹ A volume of texts is a collection of texts written about similar topics, themes, or ideas.

² A range of texts are texts written at different reading levels.





To evaluate instructional materials for alignment with the <u>standards</u> and determine tiered rating, begin with **Section I: Non-negotiable Criteria**.

- Review the **required**³ Indicators of Superior Quality for each **Non-negotiable** criterion.
- If there is a "Yes" for all **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, materials receive a "Yes" for that **Non-negotiable** Criterion.
- If there is a "No" for any of the **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, materials receive a "No" for that **Non-negotiable** Criterion.
- Materials must meet Non-negotiable Criterion 1 for the review to continue to Non-negotiable Criteria 2 and 3. For grades K-5, materials must meet all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to Section II⁴ and all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-4 to continue to Section III. For grades 6-12, materials must meet Non-Negotiable Criteria 1-3 for the review to continue to Section III.
- If materials receive a "No" for any **Non-negotiable** Criterion, a rating of Tier 3 is assigned, and the review does not continue.

If all Non-negotiable Criteria are met, then continue to Section III: Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

- Review the **required** Indicators of Superior Quality for each criterion.
- If there is a "Yes" for all **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, then the materials receive a "Yes" for the additional criteria.
- If there is a "No" for any **required** Indicator of Superior Quality, then the materials receive a "No" for the additional criteria.

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria and a "Yes" for each of the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

Tier 2 ratings receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria, but at least one "No" for the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

Tier 3 ratings receive a "No" for at least one of the Non-negotiable Criteria.

³ Required Indicators of Superior Quality are labeled "Required" and shaded yellow. Remaining indicators that are shaded white are included to provide additional information to aid in material selection and do not affect tiered rating.

⁴ For grades K-5: Materials must meet Non-negotiable Criterion 1 for the review to continue to Non-negotiable Criteria 2-3. Materials must meet all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to Section II.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
SECTION I. K-12 NON-NEGOTIABLE CRITERIA OF SUPERIOR QUALITY Materials must meet Non-negotiable Criterion 1 for the review to continue to Non-negotiable Criteria 2 and 3. For grades K-5, materials must meet all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to Section II and all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-4 in order for the review to continue to Section III. For grades 6-12, materials must meet all of the Non-Negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to			
Non-negotiable 1. QUALITY OF TEXTS: Texts are of sufficient scope and quality to provide text-centered and integrated learning that is sequenced and scaffolded to (1) advance students toward independent reading of grade- level texts and (2) build content knowledge (e.g., ELA, social studies, science, and the arts). The quality of texts is high—they support multiple readings for various purposes and exhibit exceptional craft and thought and/or provide useful information. Materials present a progression of complex texts as stated by Reading Standard 10. (Note: In K and 1, Reading Standard 10 refers to read-aloud material. Complexity standards for student-read texts are applicable for grades 2+.) No	 Required 1a) Materials provide texts that are appropriately complex for the identified grade level according to the requirements outlined in the standards. A text analysis that includes complexity information is provided. Measures for determining complexity include quantitative and qualitative analysis, as well as reader and task considerations. Poetry and drama are analyzed only using qualitative measures. In grades K-2, extensive read-aloud texts allow sufficient opportunity for engagement with text more complex than students could read themselves. 	Yes	Materials provide texts that are appropriately complex for the identified grade level according to the requirements outlined in the standards. The materials provide a comprehensive text complexity companion document for each unit. This document identifies the features that make the text complex including text structure/organization, language features, and prior knowledge demands. For example, in the <i>Life of Pi</i> unit, the novel has a quantitative measure of 830L. While this is below the Grade 10 Lexile band (1050- 1335L), the prior knowledge demands for students are exceedingly complex. The text includes characters of varying cultural backgrounds and experiences that are "distinctly different from the common reader." In addition, the text structure of this novel is very complex as the text "is a framed narrative with (possibly) an unreliable narratorThe author alternates throughout from writing from Piscine's perspective and his own." To ensure accessibility to the text, the materials offer critical vocabulary lists, indicating that "Vocabulary plays a critical role in a reader's ability to make meaning of complex text. Expanding word knowledge offers readers greater access to complex texts." In the

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			Hamilton unit, the text has a quantitative
			measure of 1500L. While this is above the
			range for Grade 10 students, the document
			offers explanation and support. For
			example, language features in the text are
			considered very complex. The document
			indicates that the text, "combines modern
			conversational language with historical
			language intersperses many figurative
			language features with literal language
			features." Additionally, Chinua Achebe's
			Things Fall Apart has a quantitative measure
			of 890L. The materials include lessons on
			central ideas, character motivation, conflict,
			theme, and symbolism that align with the
			required text. The text complexity document
			notes that the text structure of Things Fall
			Apart is very complex as "The text is divided
			into three parts and is told in episodes
			rather than a sequential timeline of events."
			The document states, "Readers must weave
			together these episodes to understand the
			themes of the text." Critical vocabulary
			guidance notes words that demand less
			teaching time and words that demand more
			teaching time as well as whether the words
			can be determined in context.
	Required	Yes	At least 90% of texts are of publishable
	1b) At least 90% of provided texts, including read-alouds in		quality and offer rich opportunities for
	K-2, are of publishable quality and offer rich opportunities		students to meet the grade-level ELA
	for students to meet the grade-level ELA standards; the texts		standards; the texts are well-crafted,
	are well-crafted, representing the quality of content,		representing the quality of content,
	language, and writing that is produced by experts in various		language, and writing that is produced by
	disciplines.		experts in various disciplines. The majority
			of texts within these units are previously

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			published and/or written by well-known
			authors and provide students access to a
			variety of genres. For example, students
			read and listen to Hamilton: An American
			Musical by Lin-Manuel Miranda. This text is
			well-known for its Broadway production. It is
			an authentic text that offers opportunities
			for students to analyze the choices that Lin-
			Manuel Miranda makes in portraying
			history. Within this unit, students also read
			authentic historical documents that were
			crafted for non-instructional purposes,
			including the following letters: "From Abigail
			Adams to John Adams, 31 March 1776" and
			"From Alexander Hamilton to Harrison Gray
			Otis, [23 December 1800]." In the third unit,
			students read <i>Things Fall Apar</i> t by Man
			Booker International Prize Winning author,
			Chinua Achebe. This text is recognized "as
			the archetypal modern African novel in
			English, and one of the first to receive global
			critical acclaim" and was listed by BBC News
			as one of the 100 Most Influential Novels.
			The text is well-crafted and provides
			students exposure to "the geography of
			Nigeria and the history of its indigenous
			people and colonization in the region." The
			unit also includes excerpts and poems from
			classical texts written by authors such as
			Rudyard Kipling, William Butler Yeats, and
			Percy Bysshe Shelley. Finally, in the Bioethics
			unit, students read a variety of informational
			texts including "Labeling People as 'The
			Mentally III' Increases Stigma" by Darcy
			Haag as well as "What is Mental Illness"

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CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY Required 1c) Materials provide a coherent sequence or collection of connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about themes with connected topics and ideas through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and language. • In grades K-2, the inclusion of read-aloud texts in addition to what students can read themselves ensures that all students can build knowledge about the world through engagement with rich, complex		EXAMPLES from the American Psychiatric Association. These articles are written by medical researchers and therefore represent the quality of content produced by experts in the field. Materials provide a coherent sequence or collection of connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about themes with connected topics and ideas through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and language. The materials include multiple topic-based units that require students to analyze text through critical lenses. Units begin with a preview and an essential question that guides
	texts. These texts as well must form a coherent sequence or collection of connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about themes with connected topics and ideas through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and language.		student thinking and continue with scaffolded activities that support and then eventually release students to work independently and demonstrate proficiency on the Culminating Task. Culminating Tasks require students to "use knowledge, skills, and habits they have gained throughout the unit to read, understand, and express their understanding and knowledge of texts and topics." For example, in the <i>Life of Pi</i> unit, the essential question is "How do our stories reveal our realities?" Students explore this question through a series of texts. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 7, students use pages 39-45 of the novel <i>Life of Pi</i> , to explain the narrator's stance on the effects of captivity of animals. Students then read the article "What do Animals Need" from <i>Animals Make Us Human</i> by Temple Grandin and summarize the author's claims about

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			animals' emotions and captivity. At the end
			of this lesson, students work with a group to
			compare and connect ideas across Life of Pi,
			"A Tiger for Malgudi," and "What Do
			Animals Need?" from Animals Make Us
			Human by answering text-specific questions.
			This task includes reading, writing, and
			speaking and requires students to use
			multiple texts on similar topics in a
			purposeful way. In the unit The Immortal
			Life of Henrietta Lacks, the essential
			question is "How can we leave a legacy
			through our language, our families, and
			even our cells?" Students read various texts
			and genres to build their understanding of
			this thematic question and "express their
			understanding through an essay that
			analyzes how different authors with
			different interests develop claims to
			advance their points of view in regard to the
			legacy of Henrietta Lacks and her immortal
			cells." For example, in Section 1, Lessons 4
			and 6, students watch videos of the author
			and the subject matter to gain background
			knowledge of Henrietta Lacks' cells and
			deepen their understanding of the science.
			In Section 2, Lesson 1, students read the
			article "Immoral Cells, Moral Issues" by Ruth
			R. Fadento to deepen their "understanding
			of the problems that arose from the creation
			of an immortal human cell line." In Lesson 3,
			students read the article "Paying Patients for
			their Tissue: The Legacy of Henrietta Lacks"
			by Truong, et al. and "engage in a debate
			over the controversy around ownership of

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			removed human tissue and compensation
			for tissues that generate commercial
			interest." These readings allow students to
			make connections among texts on the
			controversy surrounding tissue donation.
			The tasks allow students to write and
			participate in class discussions about the
			"implications these issues had for Henrietta
			Lacks, her family, and her lasting legacy."
			The themes addressed in the Bioethics unit
			are centered around the essential question,
			"How is the treatment of mental illness
			influenced by one or more of the principles
			of bioethics?" Section 2, Lesson 2 focuses on
			the ethical questions of mental health.
			Students read the article "What is Mental
			Illness" by the American Psychiatric
			Association to discover the challenges
			present in diagnosing and understanding
			mental illness and "What is Mental Health"
			by Adam Feldman to build knowledge on the
			intricacies of providing care to mental health
			patients. In Section 3, Lesson 2, students
			read Allyson Byers's "I Very Quickly Went
			Into Debt: The Struggle to Find Affordable
			Therapy" to identify potential flaws with the
			principles of bioethics. The subsequent
			lesson, Section 3, Lesson 3, includes the text,
			"A Mother Struggles to Care for Her Adult
			Son with Schizophrenia" by Syeda Hasan to
			better understand the impact of mental
			illness on family members. This unit
			provides speaking and listening
			opportunities for students, as evident in
			Section 4, Lesson 5. During the lessons,

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	Required 1d) Within a sequence or collection, quality texts of grade level complexity are selected for multiple, careful readings throughout the unit of study. These texts are revisited as needed to support knowledge building.	Yes	students use knowledge from "Out of the Asylum, Into The Cell," "Mobile Crisis Intervention Team Responding to Mental Health Calls Without Police," "Mental Health and Police Violence: How Crisis Intervention Teams Are Failing," and "Why Mental Health Disorders Coexist with Substance Use" to participate in a whole-class discussion. Students answer questions about how "lack of access to mental health care leads to poverty, homelessness, and potential incarceration and how this can be addressed by applying the principles of bioethics." Within a sequence or collection, quality texts of grade level complexity are selected for multiple, careful readings throughout the unit of study. For example, in Section 2, Lesson 4 of the <i>Life of Pi</i> unit, students listen to a read-aloud of Chapter 59, "annotate the text for patterns in sentence structure," and "note the verbs Pi uses to describe his actions in this chapter." Later in this lesson, students reread the chapter for a new purpose as they "analyze the relationships among the details and ideas to answer the prompt: How do the sentence structure and word choice convey Pi's tone in chapter fifty-nine?" Students return to the text a final time in this lesson to evaluate the effects of the text using the Narrative Techniques Tool. Repeated readings of this chapter support knowledge building as each has a specific purpose. Likewise, in the <i>Hamilton</i> unit, Section 3, Lesson 3 calls for repeated careful readings of "The Room

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			Where It Happens" as each listening or
			reading opportunity has a specific purpose.
			For example, the first time students listen to
			the song, the purpose is to gain an initial
			understanding by answering text-specific
			questions such as, "How does Alexander
			Hamilton get support for his plan?" and
			"What does this help Aaron Burr realize?"
			Subsequent listening/reading opportunities
			call upon students to summarize the text by
			identifying characters, their intended
			accomplishments, and encountered
			conflicts. Students return to the text
			multiple times to deepen their
			understanding and to respond to questions
			such as "How does Burr's perspective
			change during the text?" and "How does this
			impact your understanding of the
			significance of this moment for Burr?" In
			Section 3, Lesson 1 of the Things Fall Apart
			unit, students read and answer questions
			connected to Chapter 14. The teacher
			"reads aloud the first three paragraphs after
			the first break in chapters fourteen and
			fifteen from <i>Things Fall Apart.</i> " After this
			close read, the students then read part of
			the text focusing on a sentence from the
			text to deepen their understanding. By
			rereading and conducting close reads of
			chapters fourteen and fifteen, students
			build an understanding of how this chapter
			supports or contradicts the Igbo worldview.

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Non-negotiable (only reviewed if	Required	Yes	A majority of questions in the materials are
Criterion 1 is met)	2a) A majority of questions in the materials are text		text-dependent and text-specific with
2. TEXT-DEPENDENT	dependent and text specific; student ideas are expressed		student ideas expressed through both
QUESTIONS:	through both written and spoken responses.		written and spoken responses. Throughout
Text-dependent and text-specific			the units, students have frequent
questions and tasks reflect the			opportunities to interact with texts through
requirements of Reading			questions and tasks that require text
Standard 1 by requiring use of			evidence. Questions throughout each unit
textual evidence in support of			contribute to student knowledge and build
meeting other grade-specific			on their ability to respond successfully to
standards.			the Culminating Tasks. For example, in the
			Hamilton unit, in Section 4, Lesson 1,
			students read "From Alexander Hamilton to
Yes No			Harrison Gray Otis, 23 December 1800" and
			"To Alexander Hamilton from Harrison Gray
			Otis, 17 December 1800" in pairs to
			establish their understanding, and then
			respond to text-dependent questions that
			require them to cite evidence. Such
			questions include "What role does Hamilton
			play in the election of 1800?" and "What
			does Hamilton's endorsement of Thomas
			Jefferson show about Hamilton's
			motivations and values?" In Section 5 of this
			unit, students respond to a culminating task
			in which they address unit-level questions
			with reference to the texts and include the
			following: "Write an essay in which you
			answer the following questions: How does
			Miranda both accurately and inaccurately
			portray history within the musical Hamilton?
			How do these choices in portrayal impact
			the reader or listener's understanding of
			either the character, time period, or
			musical? Use textual evidence from both

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			primary and secondary sources to support
			your claims." In The Immortal Life of
			Henrietta Lacks unit, Section 1, Lesson 3,
			students read the short story "Everyday
			Use" by Alice Walker. As students reread the
			story with a partner, they answer various
			text-dependent questions, supporting their
			responses with evidence from the text. For
			example, students answer the following
			questions: "How would the story be
			different if told from Dee's point of view?"
			"How did the choice of the narrator
			contribute to the theme of the text?" and
			"Would the theme change if the story were
			told from Dee's perspective? Why or why
			not?" These text-dependent questions
			deepen student understanding of the text
			and lead to a writing prompt in which
			students use their knowledge of the text to
			rewrite "Everyday Use" from Dee's
			perspective. With their group, students use
			a concept map to determine and analyze the
			meaning of the text, record supporting
			evidence from the text, and then proceed
			with the rewrite. In the Bioethics unit, in
			Section 2, Lesson 5, students answer the
			question, "How does a diagnosis of a mental
			illness impact a patient's rights? Consider
			the four principles of bioethics as you
			compose your response." To answer this
			question, students refer to the texts "Can
			People with Mental Illness Consent To
			Research?" by Charles Lids, Ph.D., "What is
			Mental Health?" by Adam Felma, and "What
			is Mental Illness?" by American Psychiatric

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	Required 2b) Questions and tasks include the language of the standards and require students to engage in thinking at the depth and complexity required by the grade-level standards to advance and deepen student learning over time. (Note: not every standard must be addressed with every text.)	Yes	Association. Students use their Bioethics Understanding Tool and Evidence Tool to create their drafts. Finally, in the Section 3 Diagnostic, students answer the question, "What are the shortcomings of the bioethical principles when applied to treat real people?" To answer this text-dependent question, students cite information from Section 3 readings including "Taraji P. Henson Explains Why We Must Be Careful About Terms Like 'Black Girl Magic'" by Kayleigh Roberts and "Removing the Stigma from Men's Mental Health" by Kevin Delano. Questions and tasks include the language of the standards and require students to engage in thinking at the depth and complexity required by the grade-level standards to advance and deepen student learning over time. For example, in the <i>Life</i> <i>of Pi</i> unit, the complexity of tasks, including the culminating task, is aligned with Grade 10 standards and requires higher-order thinking. During the Culminating Task, students write a narrative essay in which they retell a key episode from <i>Life of Pi</i> from another point of view, such as an omniscient narrator, or a different character, in order to reveal a different perspective or reality. The purpose of the writing task is to determine how point of view can influence a story being told. Student guidance states, "Establish a context and the narrative point of view and develop your narrative using a coherent sequence of experiences or events. Use narrative techniques such as dialogue,

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			pacing, and description to develop the
			characters, experiences, and events and
			maintain your audience's interest. Use
			precise words and details and sensory
			language to convey a vivid picture and
			communicate meaning."(W.9-10.3). In
			Section 3, Lesson 5 of Things Fall Apart,
			students write an essay that answers the
			following prompt: "Select a secondary
			character in Things Fall Apart. What is the
			importance of the character's story in the
			novel? In your response, be sure to describe
			the character, summarize the character's
			story, and explain the character's
			relationship to and interactions with
			Okonkwo" (W.9-10.4). This Section
			Diagnostic task also advances student
			learning in preparation for the unit's
			culminating task, "How does Achebe
			develop and use a secondary character to
			convey a theme about multiple stories in
			Things Fall Apart?" This task requires
			students to demonstrate the ability to
			develop a response that includes quotations
			and uses conventions to produce clear
			writing (RL.9-10.2). In Section 2, Lesson 1 of
			the Bioethics unit, students build knowledge
			of mental illness by reading "This Quote
			From 'The Bell Jar' Is Always Used Out-Of-
			Context and It Changes The Whole
			Meaning" and "Labeling People as 'The
			Mentally III' Increases Stigma" to better
			understand the stigma around mental
			illness. The lesson focuses on standard RI.9-
			10.1 as students "cite strong and thorough

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			textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text." The students cite textual evidence to support their analysis of the benefits and responsibilities of representation of mental illness in fiction. Students use the information they have learned from the texts to respond to two prompts in their Learning Log, "Why is it important to have a more holistic understanding of a person and their situations before making assumptions about their condition?" and "How does this influence the care that a person receives from a mental health professional?" Students must organize evidence to demonstrate their understanding of the texts read in this lesson.
Non-negotiable (only reviewed if Criterion 1 is met) 3. COHERENCE OF TASKS: Materials contain meaningful, connected tasks that build student knowledge and provide opportunities for students to read, understand, and express understanding of complex texts through speaking and listening, and writing. Tasks integrate reading, writing, speaking and listening, and include components of vocabulary, syntax, and fluency, as needed, so that students can gain meaning from text.	Required 3a) Coherent sequences of questions and tasks focus students on understanding the text and its illustrations (as applicable), making connections among the texts in the collection, and expressing their understanding of the topics, themes, and ideas presented in the texts.	Yes	Coherent sequences of questions and tasks focus students on understanding the text and its illustrations, making connections among the texts in the collection, and expressing their understanding of the topics, themes, and ideas presented in the texts. Each unit in the materials is anchored by a Culminating Task as the work within each unit supports students in addressing this task. For example, in the <i>Life of Pi</i> unit, the culminating task is as follows: "How does point of view influence the story being told? Write a narrative essay in which you retell a key episode from <i>Life of Pi</i> from another point of view, e.g., an omniscient narrator, a different character, to reveal a different perspective or reality." This assessment

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			following questions: "What was the conflict with Mbaino?" "What was the resolution? Why?" and "What does this reveal about Umuofia?" These questions help students to "analyze the relationships among the details

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			and ideas of the text." In Section 1, Lesson 4,
			students continue to read with a focus on
			the relationships between Unoka and
			Okonkwo. If students need support, they
			answer and refer to multiple guiding
			questions including the following: "Describe
			Unoka's relationship with Okonkwo." "How
			does Okonkwo's relationship with Unoka
			influence Okonkwo?" and "How does
			Okonkwo's understanding of himself and the
			culture in Umuofia influence his thoughts
			and actions?" These questions provide
			students the opportunity to discuss and
			record their thinking on the Character
			Understanding Tool. This tool is used to
			"analyze the relationships among the details
			and ideas of the text" as well as record
			relevant evidence with appropriate
			citations. These questions build students'
			understanding in preparation for the Section
			Diagnostic. The diagnostic question, "How
			does Unoka's relationship with Okonkwo
			influence Okonkwo's thoughts and actions?"
			builds to the culminating task question,
			"How does Achebe develop and use a
			secondary character to convey a theme
			about multiple stories in Things Fall Apart?"
			as students "demonstrate their
			understanding of the motivations of and
			interactions between two characters in
			Things Fall Apart" and prepares students to
			analyze a secondary character's impact in
			the culminating task. In the Bioethics unit,
			the culminating task states, "Are the
			principles of bioethics sufficient in the

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			treatment of people with mental illness?
			Using information from your reading,
			develop an argumentative thesis supported
			by a series of evidence-based claims,
			including at least one counterargument to
			an opposing perspective or position.
			Organize your thesis, claims, and evidence
			into a unified, coherent, well-reasoned
			argument that addresses a specific purpose
			and audience." Questions throughout the
			unit help students make meaning of
			complex text and develop their
			understanding. For example, in Section 2,
			Lesson 2, students read "What Is Mental
			Illness?" "to discover the challenges present
			in diagnosing and understanding mental
			illness and to build knowledge of the
			intricacies of providing care to mental health
			patients." The materials include questions
			such as the following: "What are some of
			the obstacles involved in identifying mental
			illness?" "Why might someone embellish a mental illness diagnosis?" and "Why might
			someone not want to disclose a mental
			illness diagnosis?" In Section 3, Lesson 3,
			students read "A Mother Struggles To Care
			For Her Adult Son With Schizophrenia" to
			better understand the impact of mental
			illness on family members. The materials
			within this lesson include questions aligned
			to the Culminating Task, such as the
			following: "What impact does mental illness
			have on the families of people with mental
			illness?" and "Considering the principles of

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			bioethics, what responsibilities does the
			mother have to care for her son?"
	Required	Yes	Questions and tasks are designed so that
	3b) Questions and tasks are designed so that students build ,		students build and apply knowledge and
	apply, and integrate knowledge and skills in reading, writing,		skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening,
	speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level		and language through quality, grade-level
	complex texts.		complex texts. The materials include
			multiple opportunities for students to read,
			write, and discuss using complex text. For
			example, in the <i>Hamilton</i> unit, Section 2,
			Lesson 3, students listen to the song "A Winter's Ball." Following the listening
			opportunity, students work with a partner to
			discuss this specific line: "Watch this
			obnoxious, arrogant, loudmouth bother/ Be
			seated at the right hand of the father." If
			support is needed, the teacher asks guiding
			questions such as, "What is the meaning of
			the phrase, 'seated at the right hand of the
			father'? Literally? Figuratively?" and "What
			is Burr suggesting about Hamilton?" After
			discussing with a partner, students then
			respond, in writing, to the following
			questions: "What does this reveal about Burr's perspective?" and "What is the
			significance of the phrase, 'seated at the
			right hand of the father'?" Later in this
			lesson, students listen to "Helpless" with the
			following clear purpose: "How is Eliza
			characterized in 'Helpless'?" Students
			respond in writing in their Learning Logs
			before discussing questions with a partner.
			In The Immortal Life of Henrietta Lack unit,
			students participate in a Socratic Seminar
			arguing the question, "Which author's

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			argument is more credible?" In preparation
			for this discussion, students participate in
			several activities in which they read, write,
			speak, and listen. For example, in Section 3,
			Lesson 4, students work with a small group
			to analyze the article, "Your Cells. Their
			Research. Your Permission?" Students
			annotate the text for the author's main
			claims, counterclaims, and use of language
			to advance her point of view. This lesson
			builds to Section 3, Lesson 6 where the
			students participate in a Socratic Seminar
			regarding the question, "Which author's
			argument is more credible?" During this
			seminar, students have roles of speaking
			and listening depending on which circle they
			are in at the time. The inner circle speaks
			and contributes to the discussion, and the
			outer circle listens and takes notes. The
			lesson concludes with students reflecting on
			the discussion in their Learning Logs. In the
			Bioethics unit, Section 3, Lesson 7, students
			write a response to the following question:
			"What are the shortcomings of the
			bioethical principles when applied to treat
			real people?" The lesson begins with listening and speaking opportunities as a
			class discussion based on the following
			guiding question: "Are the four principles of
			bioethics enough guidance for mental health
			professionals on how to interact with their
			patients? Consider the strengths and
			weaknesses identified in Lesson 5."
			Following the debate, students draft a claim
			to the lesson question and then share it with

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			their partner to receive feedback. The opportunities presented in the materials require the use of complex grade-level texts. In Section 4, Lesson 5, students use their knowledge of multiple texts including "Out of the Asylum, Into The Cell," "Mobile Crisis Intervention Team Responding to Mental Health Calls Without Police," "Mental Health and Police Violence: How Crisis Intervention Teams Are Failing," and "Why Mental Health Disorders Coexist with Substance Use" to prepare for and participate in a debate. Students respond to a series of questions and form claims on topics, such as "How does lack of access to mental healthcare also potentially lead to poverty, homelessness, and potential incarceration?"
	 Required 3c) Questions and tasks support students in examining the language (vocabulary, sentences, and structure) critical to the meaning of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. Questions and tasks also focus on advancing depth of word knowledge through emphasizing word meaning and relationships among words (e.g., concept- and thematically related words, word families, etc.) rather than isolated vocabulary practice, and engaging students with multiple repetitions of words in varied contexts (e.g., reading different texts, completing tasks, engaging in speaking/listening). 	Yes	Questions and tasks support students in examining the language (vocabulary, sentences, and structure) critical to the meaning of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. Questions and tasks also focus on advancing depth of word knowledge through emphasizing word meaning and relationships among words rather than isolated vocabulary practice, and engaging students with multiple repetitions of words in varied contexts. For example, in the <i>Life of</i> <i>Pi</i> unit, Section 2, Lesson 1 includes questions and tasks that support students in examining language, sentences, and structure. Students determine the effects of syntax after summarizing Chapter 38. Students review the paragraph that begins, "Inside the ship, there were noises" and

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			then "highlight the different sentence types"
			and "note the sentence type and structure
			(declarative, interrogative, exclamatory,
			imperative, simple, compound, complex,
			compound-complex)" above each sentence.
			Students also answer questions about the
			sentences including, "Are there any patterns
			in the sentence types and structures?" and
			"What is the effect of the sentence
			patterns?" Students deepen their
			understanding of language by reading
			Chapter 38 and annotating the text for
			sentence structure and effects. In Things Fall
			Apart unit, Section 3, Lesson 1, students use
			mentor sentences to analyze sentence
			structure and vocabulary. The students
			discuss the sentence by answering
			questions, such as the following: "What do
			you notice about the punctuation within the
			sentence?" "How does the vocabulary used
			contribute to the meaning of the sentence?"
			"What is the meaning of the hyperbole in
			the sentence?" and "How does the structure
			of the sentence contribute to the meaning
			of the sentence?" Once the students analyze
			the sentence, they model the structure of
			the mentor sentence by answering the
			question, "What is troubling Okonkwo?" In
			Section 3, Lesson 2, students analyze
			vocabulary used in the text. The students
			examine the word, abomination, and they
			"share what they notice about the word,
			focusing on word parts and word
			relationships when appropriate." Students
			discuss the word by answering the following

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			questions: "What does this word mean in
			your own words?" and "What words are
			similar to this word?" Students then draw a
			representation of the word, providing the
			students the opportunity to anchor their
			understanding of the word to an image. In
			the Bioethics unit, Section 2, Lesson 2,
			questions and tasks support students in
			examining language, sentences, and
			structure. After annotating and discussing
			"What is Mental Health?" students examine
			the mentor sentence, "They also emphasize
			that preserving and restoring mental health
			is crucial on an individual basis, as well as
			throughout different communities and
			societies the world over." After reading and
			discussing the sentence, students answer
			questions such as the following: "What do
			you notice about the phrases within the
			sentence?" "How does the vocabulary used
			contribute to the meaning of the sentence?"
			and "How does the structure of the
			sentence contribute to the meaning of the
			sentence?" In Section 4, Lesson 3, students
			deepen their understanding by determining
			the meaning of important words following
			their reading of "Mental Health And Police
			Violence: How Crisis Intervention Teams Are
			Failing." Students read the sentence,
			"Rochester Mayor Lovely Warren has
			apologized for what she called multiple,
			systemic failures that led to Prude's death,
			including long standing racial inequalities in
			the city." The focus word is systemic.
			Students answer questions regarding the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			term, including the following: "What does this word mean in your own words?" and "What words are similar to this word?" Overall, these activities support the study of vocabulary and word choice with the use of
			complex text.
	ndational Skills Indicators (Grades K-5 only)		
Non-negotiable*	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
4. FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS:	4a) Materials provide and follow a logical sequence of		
Materials provide instruction and	appropriate foundational skills instruction indicated by the		
diagnostic support in concepts of	standards (based on the Vertical Progression of Foundational		
print, phonological awareness,	Skills) while providing abundant opportunities for every		
phonics, vocabulary,	student to become proficient in each of the foundational		
development, syntax, and fluency	skills.		
in a logical and transparent	Required *Indicator for grades K-1 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
progression. These foundational	4b) Materials provide grade-appropriate instruction and		
skills are necessary and central	practice for the concepts of print (e.g., following words left to		
components of an effective,	right, top to bottom, page by page; words are followed by		
comprehensive reading program	spaces; and features of a sentence).		
designed to develop proficient	Required *Indicator for grades K-1 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
readers with the capacity to	4c) Materials provide systematic and explicit phonological		
comprehend texts across a range	awareness instruction (e.g., recognizing rhyming words;		
of types and disciplines.	clapping syllables; blending onset-rime; and blending,		
	segmenting, deleting, and substituting phonemes).		
*As applicable (e.g., when the	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
scope of the materials is	4d) Materials provide systematic and explicit phonics		
comprehensive and considered a	instruction. Instruction progresses from simple to more		
full program)	complex sound-spelling patterns and word analysis skills that		
	includes repeated modeling and opportunities for students to		
Yes No	hear, say, write, and read sound and spelling patterns (e.g.		
	sounds, words, sentences, reading within text).		
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	4e) Materials provide multiple opportunities and practice for students to master grade appropriate high-frequency words using multisensory techniques.		
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4f) Resources and/or texts provide ample practice of foundational reading skills using texts (e.g. decodable readers) and allow for systematic, explicit, and frequent practice of reading foundational skills, including phonics patterns and word analysis skills in decoding words.	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	Materials provide opportunities for students to self-monitor to confirm or self-correct word errors directing students to reread purposefully to acquire accurate meaning. This should include monitoring that will allow students to receive regular feedback.		
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only4g) Opportunities are frequently built into the materials that allow for students to achieve reading fluency in oral and silent reading, that is, to read a wide variety of grade- appropriate prose, poetry, and/or informational texts with accuracy, rate appropriate to the text, and expression.Materials provide opportunities for students to self-monitor to confirm or self-correct word errors directing students to reread purposefully to acquire accurate meaning.This should include monitoring that will allow students to receive regular feedback on their oral reading fluency in the specific areas of appropriate rate, expressiveness, and accuracy.	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4h) Materials provide instruction and practice in word study.	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	 In grades K-2, materials provide instruction and 		
	practice in word study including pronunciation, roots,		
	prefixes, suffixes and spelling/sound patterns, as well		
	as decoding of grade-level words, by using sound-		
	symbol knowledge and knowledge of syllabication		
	and regular practice in encoding (spelling) the sound		
	symbol relationships of English. (Note: Instruction		
	and practice with roots, prefixes, and suffixes is		
	applicable for grade 1 and higher.)		
	 In grades 3-5, materials provide instruction and practice in word study including systematic 		
	examination of grade-level morphology, decoding of		
	multisyllabic words by using syllabication, and		
	automaticity with grade-level regular and irregular		
	spelling patterns.		
	Required *Indicator for grades K-2 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	4i) Materials provide opportunities for teachers to assess	,	
	students' mastery of foundational skills and respond to the		
	needs of individual students based on ongoing assessments		
	offered at regular intervals. Monitoring includes attention to		
	invented spelling as appropriate for its diagnostic value.		
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	4j) Foundational Skills materials are abundant and easily		
	implemented so that teachers can spend time, attention and		
	practice with students who need foundational skills supports.		
Section III. Additional Criteria of Section III.	uperior Quality		
5. RANGE AND VOLUME OF	Required	Yes	Materials seek a balance in instructional
TEXTS:	5a) Materials seek a balance in instructional time between		time between literature and informational
Materials reflect the distribution	literature and informational texts. (Reviewers will consider		texts. For example, in the <i>Life of Pi</i> unit,
of text types and genres	the balance within units of study as well as across the entire		although the anchor text is literature, the
suggested by the standards (e.g.	grade level using the ratio between literature/informational		unit also includes informational texts. In
<u>RL.K.9, RL.1.5, RI.1.9, RL.2.4,</u>	texts to help determine the appropriate balance.)		Section 1, Lesson 7, students read "What
<u>RI.2.3, RL.3.2, RL.3.5, RI.4.3,</u>	The majority of informational texts have an		Animals Need?" from Animals Make Us
<u>RL.5.7, RI.7.7, RL.8.9, RI.9-10.9,</u>	informational text structure.		Human by Temple Grandin and summarize

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
and RL.10/RI.10 across grade levels.) Yes No	 In grades 3-12, narrative structure (e.g. speeches, biographies, essays) of informational text are also included. 	(YES/NO)	Grandin's claims about animals' emotions and captivity. Students use this text to draw connections to the literary text, <i>Life of Pi</i> . The unit includes guiding questions for the informational text, such as "How do the ideas and information relate to Chapters 9- 14 in <i>Life of Pi</i> ?" In Section 1, Lesson 8, the materials include a Ted-Ed video titled, "The Five Major World Religions." This informational video provides an overview of the world religions Pi discusses in the novel. Likewise, in the <i>Things Fall Apart</i> unit,
			although the anchor text is fiction, the unit also includes several supplemental informational texts. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 2, students read the excerpts of the articles "Chinua Achebe, The Art of Fiction No. 139" and "An African Voice" to establish initial understanding. In this same lesson, students also view "African Civilizations Map Pre-Colonial," "Pre- Colonial Africa" from <i>Slavery and</i> <i>Remembrance</i> , and "Igbo Land." Students use these informational sources to build
			background knowledge on pre-colonial West Africa. This unit includes a balance of fictional and informational texts. Although the <i>Immortal Life of Henrietta Lacks</i> unit is mostly informational with a biography as the anchor text, students also read some literary texts. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 2 students read the short story, "Everyday Use" by Alice Walker, to establish understanding. Students annotate this story to characterize Mama, Dee, and Maggie and

CRITERIA INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
Required 5b) Materials include print and/or non-print texts in a variety of formats (e.g. a range of film, art, music, charts, etc.) and lengths (e.g. short stories, poetry, and novels).	Yes	revisit this short story in subsequent lessons. In Section 4, Lesson 2, students read the poem, "HeLa" by L. Lamar Wilson, to "explore how the author's choices provide an additional perspective and impact meaning." In this lesson, students work to gain an initial understanding of the poem by discussing the question, "What story of Henrietta Lacks' legacy is told through this poem?" Students revisit this poem along with the core text in Lesson 3 when demonstrating their understanding through a class discussion. Materials include print and non-print texts of different formats and lengths. Within the units, materials include a range of music, poetry, and novels. For example, in the <i>Hamilton</i> unit, students listen to the songs from the Broadway production of the play. In Section 3, students listen to and analyze the following songs: "Nonstop," "Cabinet Battle #1," "The Room Where It Happens," and "One Last Time." The songs vary in length from approximately three to seven minutes and are used for a variety of purposes. For example, when students listen to "One Last Time" in Lesson 4, they identify Washington's key ideas/warnings and analyze why these would have felt important based on the time period. Likewise, in the <i>Life of Pi</i> unit, the anchor text is a novel of 350 pages. This anchor text is supported by shorter pieces of text including Stephen Crane's short story "The

read the first twenty parag story to interpret language establish and convey a mod in Section 3, Lesson 3, stud comic strip, "Life of Pi (alte [Tweet] to establish unders <i>Immortal Life of Henrietta a</i> consists of the biographica videos, one short story, twu articles, one image, and a g document. In Section 1, Les watch the 1:39 minute trai movie <i>The Immortal Life of</i> The students then discuss of would use to describe Hen based on the trailer. In Section	MENTS WITH S
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document. In Section 1, Les watch the 1:39 minute trai movie <i>The Immortal Life of</i> The students then discuss v would use to describe Hen based on the trailer. In Sec	o poems, seven
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would use to describe Henri based on the trailer. In Sec	
based on the trailer. In Sec	
students view the image "H	
(HeLa): The Mother of Moc	
and discuss "what story of	
legacy is told through this p	-
Bioethics unit, students en	
videos and sixteen articles.	
Lesson 1, students view the	
"What is Bioethics?" to bet	
the study of bioethics and the study of bioethics and the study of bioethics and the study of bioethics. The lesson control of bioethics are study of bioethics.	
class discussion to demons	
understanding of morality,	
In Section 3, Lesson 1, stud	
Ionely society makes it hard from war" to evaluate the	
health impacts that are a re	•
	esuit of a persoll's
students prepare and parti	•
surrounding four articles, "	ection 4, Lesson 5,

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Asylum, Into The Cell," "Mobile Crisis Intervention Team Responding to Mental Health Calls Without Police," "Mental Health and Police Violence: How Crisis Intervention Teams Are Failing," and "Why Mental Health Disorder Coexist with Substance Use." Students use these articles to gather text evidence to support their side of an argument on the following prompt: "How does the lack of access to mental healthcare potentially lead to other societal challenges (poverty, homelessness, potential incarceration, etc.)? How can this be addressed by applying the principles of bioethics?"
	5c) Additional materials provide direction and practice for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build reading stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and develop knowledge of classroom concepts or topics.	Yes	Additional materials provide direction and practice for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and develop knowledge of classroom concepts or topics. The materials refer to independent reading and include earmarked time for independent reading, which are noted as optional activities. For example, in the <i>Life of Pi</i> unit, Section 2, Lesson 1, students select a choice reading text to "engage in a volume of reading to improve knowledge of the words and the world." In this lesson, students are given a choice of text: "Zoos" from <i>Animals Make Us Human</i> <i>or</i> pages 14-44 of "A Tiger for Malgudi." The materials indicate that students will record the title and author of their choice text in their Learning Log and establish a plan for

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			choice reading and record that plan in their Learning Log. Students are instructed that
			their choice reading text should be
			completed by lesson four of Section 2. In the
			Bioethics unit, Section 2, Lesson 1 students
			independently read the article, "This Quote
			from 'The Bell Jar' Is Always Used Out-Of-
			Context & It Changes The Whole Meaning"
			and then complete the Reading Closely Tool
			to evaluate the information in the text. This
			tool provides guidance on how to establish
			understanding when students first read a
			text, as well as, deepening understanding when they reread a text. This tool provides
			guiding questions in order for students to
			record their thinking and cite relevant
			supporting evidence. In the <i>Things Fall Apart</i>
			unit, the Family Resource letter provides a
			suggested book list to deepen their own and
			their student's knowledge on the studied
			topic. In addition to the suggested book list,
			the letter provides guidance for what
			independent reading looks like at home and
			how families can encourage independent
			reading at home.
6. WRITING TO SOURCES,	Required	Yes	Materials include a variety of opportunities
SPEAKING AND LISTENING, AND	6a) Materials include a variety of opportunities for students		for students to listen, speak, and write
LANGUAGE:	to listen, speak, and write about their understanding of texts		about their understanding of texts
The majority of tasks are text-	measured by Criteria 1 and 2; those opportunities are		measured by Criteria 1 and 2. Tasks within
dependent or text-specific, reflect the writing genres named	prominent, varied in length and time demands (e.g., informal peer conversations, note taking, summary writing, discussing		the materials involve a variety of modes of expression. In the <i>Life of Pi</i> unit, the
in the standards, require	and writing short-answer responses, whole-class formal		materials provide various opportunities such
communication skills for college	discussions, shared writing, formal essays in different genres,		as engaging in informal peer conversations,
and career readiness, and help	on-demand and process writing, etc.), and require students		discussing and writing short answer
			responses, and writing a formal essay in the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
CRITERIA students meet the language standards for the grade. Yes No	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY to engage effectively, as determined by the grade-level standards. ⁵		EXAMPLES culminating task. In Section 1, Lesson 3, students read Chapter 3 from <i>Life of Pi</i> with a partner. To demonstrate their understanding of complex text, students write responses to guiding questions including, "What do the details about Mamaji reveal about his influence on the narrator's childhood?" and "What is the narrator's attitude towards his childhood home?" In Section 1, Lesson 11, students review Chapters 39-36 from <i>Life of Pi</i> and list details that reveal Pi's internal and external conflicts. Students work in groups to form two to three evidence-based claims about specific details in the chapters and present their findings to the class. At the end of Section 1, students engage in a more formal piece of writing focused on the following prompt: "How does Yann Martel introduce and develop a convincing narrative in Part One of <i>Life of Pi</i> ? Identify at least 2 specific narrative techniques and explain the effects of each technique on your understanding of the novel's emerging plot lines, multiple points of view, and characters." In the <i>Things Fall Apart</i> unit, Section 2, Lesson 1,
			students read <i>Ezi Na Ulo: The Extended</i> <i>Family in Igbo Culture</i> and write a response to the following question: "How do the ideas and information in Excerpt from <i>Ezi Na Ulo:</i> <i>The Extended Family in Igbo Culture</i> relate to what you already know?" Students then participate in a jigsaw activity with the

⁵ Technology and digital media may be used, when appropriate, to support the standards addressed in this indicator.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			excerpt that allows them to discuss the text.
			Students reread their assigned portion of
			the excerpt and then review portions of Part
			One of Things Fall Apart. Students complete
			their review and locate evidence from
			Things Fall Apart that displays the worldview
			of their assigned portion of the excerpt. In
			Section 2, Lesson 2, students form claims in
			response to the question, "How are
			Okonkwo and Umuofia portrayed in Part
			One of Things Fall Apart?" After forming
			their claims, the students gather and
			organize evidence with a partner in
			preparation for a Socratic Seminar. In the
			Bioethics unit, Section 1, Lesson 1, students
			begin the unit by having a detailed whole-
			class discussion about morality, ethics, and
			laws, how they interact, and how they are
			used for decision-making purposes. They
			preview the four pillars of bioethics and
			then discuss scenarios that relate to each. In
			Section 3, Lesson 5, students use the article,
			"Stigma Regarding Mental Illness among
			People of Color," "to identify how stigma
			prevents people from receiving mental
			health treatment." To activate background
			knowledge, the class engages in a discussion
			surrounding the question "In addition to
			gender, what other factors may influence a
			person having mental health struggles?"
			From there, students work in small groups
			to discuss the Four Principles of Bioethics
			before reading the article. Students reread
			paragraphs 4-6 of the text before discussing
			the question, "What changes did the author

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	Required *Indicator for grades 3-12 only 6b) The majority of oral and written tasks require students to demonstrate the knowledge they built through the analysis and synthesis of texts, and present well defended claims and clear information, using grade-level language and conventions and drawing on textual evidence to support valid inferences from text.	(YES/NO) Yes	EXAMPLES suggest and how would mental health treatment be different if those changes were made?" After the discussion, students write their response to the prompt in their Learning Log and support their responses with evidence from the text. The majority of oral and written tasks at all grade levels require students to demonstrate the knowledge they build through the analysis and synthesis of texts, and present well defended claims and clear information, using grade-level language and conventions and drawing on textual evidence to support valid inferences from text. The materials include tasks that require students to make connections across multiple texts. For example, in the <i>Life of Pi</i> unit, Section 1, Lesson 7, students react to Chapters 9-14 of Martel's text by explaining the narrator's stance on the effects of captivity on animals. Students then read Temple Grandin's essay, "What do Animals Need?" and summarize the author's claims about animals' emotions and captivity. Following this reading, students respond in a class discussion to the question, "How do the ideas and information relate to Chapters 9-14 in <i>Life of Pi?</i> " Later in this lesson, students work with a group to compare and connect ideas across <i>Life of Pi</i> , "A Tiger for Malgudi," and "What Do Animals Need?" from <i>Animals Make Us Human</i> by answering the text-specific questions. Students answer the following questions: "How is a central
			idea in Chapters 9-14 of Life of Pi supported

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			or refuted by the excerpt from "What Do Animals Need?" by Temple Grandin?" and "If 'The Tiger of Malgudi' were retold from a different point of view, how would that affect your understanding?" These questions demand reference to multiple texts. Students record their responses to this task on their Reading Closely Tool and support their responses with evidence from the texts. In the unit <i>The Immortal Life of</i> <i>Henrietta Lacks</i> , Section 4, Lesson 1, students examine the painting, "Henrietta Lacks (HeLa): The Mother of Modern Medicine" by Kadir Nelson. Students form a claim in response to the question, "What story of Henrietta Lacks' legacy is told through this painting?" Students write their responses in their Learning Log and support their responses with evidence from the text. This writing assignment requires the students to demonstrate the knowledge built throughout the activities in the unit. From there, students use what they have learned from the painting to read Chapter 32 of <i>The Immortal Life of Henrietta Lacks</i> to then discuss the question, "What story of Henrietta Lacks' legacy is told through this
	Demuired	Vac	chapter?"
	Required 6c) Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing (opinion/argumentative, informative,	Yes	Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing as outlined by the standards at each grade
	 narrative) as outlined by the standards at each grade level. As students progress through the grades, narrative prompts decrease in number and increase in being 		level. Writing tasks across the materials are grounded in evidence from complex texts. For example, in the <i>Life of Pi</i> unit, in Section
	based on text(s).		2, Lesson 4, students review the excerpt

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	 In grades 3-12, tasks may include blended modes 		from Chapter 59 of <i>Life of Pi</i> and analyze the
	(e.g., analytical writing).		relationships among the details and ideas
			before forming a claim in response to the
			question, "How do the sentence structure
			and word choice convey Pi's tone in chapter
			fifty-nine?" Lesson-based writing tasks are
			embedded throughout the unit and vary in
			their demands. Students largely react to
			what they have read or answer text-
			dependent and text-specific questions in
			their Learning Logs. The materials also
			include writing tasks within each section of
			the units. These diagnostic tasks are unit-
			based and require students to use evidence
			from complex texts. For example, in Section
			1, students write a response to the question,
			"How does Yann Martel introduce and
			develop a convincing narrative in Part One
			of Life of Pi? Identify at least 2 specific
			narrative techniques and explain the effects
			of each technique on your understanding of
			the novel's emerging plot lines, multiple
			points of view, and characters. In your
			response, be sure to cite specific textual
			evidence." This unit is also anchored by a
			narrative culminating task, which is the only
			narrative task within the Grade 10 materials.
			In the Things Fall Apart unit, Section 1,
			Lesson 3, students read Chapter 2 and
			develop a response to the questions, "What
			was the conflict with Mbaino?" "What was
			the resolution?" "What does this reveal
			about Umuofia?" In Section 1, Lesson 5,
			students answer the question, "How does
			Unoka's relationship with Okonkwo

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			influence Okonkwo's thoughts and actions?" This response requires students to form a claim, develop a response, integrate quotations, and use proper conventions to produce clear writing. This task prepares students to write a literary analysis for the Culminating Task. In the Bioethics unit, students practice argumentative and informative writing. In Section 5, Lesson 2, students work on drafting a response to the culminating task to argue whether the four principles of bioethics are sufficient in the treatment of people with mental illness. This task requires students not only to state their opinions but also to provide a counterpoint. Students gather and organize evidence to prepare for the culminating task. They use their Culminating Task Tool as well as their Bioethics Understanding Tool and Learning Log to gather additional evidence to support their claims. In Lesson 3, students complete an outline of their essays, using their various tools, and then move forward in executing
	Required 6d) Materials address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language standards at each	Yes	their argumentative thesis. Materials explicitly address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language standards at each grade level and
	 grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts. For example, materials create opportunities for 		build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts. For
	students to analyze the syntax of a quality text to determine the text's meaning and model their own sentence construction as a way to develop more complex sentence structure and usage.		example, in Section 1, Lesson 7, of the <i>Life of</i> <i>Pi</i> unit, students use the complex text to examine language conventions. For example, students examine a mentor

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			sentence from Chapter 10 which states, "All
			living things contain a measure of madness
			that moves them in strange, sometimes
			inexplicable ways. This madness can be
			saving; it is part and parcel of the ability to
			adapt. Without it, no species would survive."
			Students then answer the questions, "What
			do you notice about the punctuation within
			the mentor sentence?" and "How does the
			structure of the sentence contribute to the
			meaning of the sentence?" Students then
			reproduce the qualities of complex text by
			writing a sentence following the structure of
			the mentor sentence to answer, "What does
			Pi mean when he says all living creatures
			contain a 'measure of madness'?" Later, in
			Section 2, Lesson 4, students examine the
			language of the complex text. For example,
			as students listen to a read-aloud of an
			excerpt from Chapter 59, they annotate the
			text for patterns in sentence structure and
			note the verbs that Pi uses to describe his
			actions in this chapter. Students use this
			knowledge of the language to answer the
			questions, "What do these patterns suggest
			about how Pi is feeling in this scene?" and
			"How do the sentence structure and word
			choice convey Pi's tone in chapter fifty-
			nine?" In the unit Things Fall Apart, Section
			3, Lesson 1, students use a mentor sentence
			to discuss the following questions: "What do
			you notice about the punctuation within the
			sentence?" "How does the vocabulary used
			contribute to the meaning of the sentence?"
			"What is the meaning of the hyperbole in

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			the sentence?" and "How does the structure of the sentence contribute to the meaning of the sentence?" The students then use the mentor sentence as a model when they respond to the question, "What is troubling Okonkwo?" In the Bioethics unit, in Section 2, Lesson 2, students read the mentor sentence which states, "They also emphasize that preserving and restoring mental health is crucial on an individual basis, as well as throughout different communities and societies the world over." Students consider questions such as the following: "What word or punctuation in the mentor sentence connects two independent clauses?" "Are there any conjunctions in the mentor sentence? What do those mean?" and "What phrases or clauses do you notice?" In Section 2, Lesson 5, students read the mentor sentence, which states, "Mental illness does not discriminate; it can affect anyone regardless of your age, gender, geography, income, social status, race/ethnicity, religion/spirituality, sexual orientation, background or other aspect of cultural identity." Students use this sentence
7. ASSESSMENTS:	Required	Yes	to evaluate structure and style. Materials use varied modes of assessment,
Materials offer assessment	7a) Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a		including a range of pre-, formative,
opportunities that genuinely	range of pre-, formative, summative and self-assessment		summative, and self-assessment measures.
measure progress and elicit	measures.		Regular assessment opportunities are
direct, observable evidence of			provided throughout the materials. Each
the degree to which students can			unit contains diagnostic assessments,
independently demonstrate the			formative assessments within lessons, and
assessed grade-specific standards			culminating tasks that function as

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
with appropriately complex			summative assessments. For example, in the
text(s).			Hamilton unit, the Section 1 diagnostic
			assessment, students answer the question,
Yes No			"How does Hamilton's letter to John Jay
			(March 14, 1779) both confirm and
			complicate our understanding of Hamilton
			as he's portrayed in the musical?" The
			Section 3 diagnostic is varied in type and
			focus as students participate in a Socratic
			Seminar to discuss the following questions:
			"What choices did Lin-Manuel Miranda
			make in his portrayal of George Washington
			in Hamilton?" and "What impact do his
			choices have on your understanding of
			George Washington?" At the end of the unit,
			students complete a summative culminating
			task, which includes the following prompt:
			"Write an essay in which you answer the following questions: How does Miranda
			both accurately and inaccurately portray
			history within the musical <i>Hamilton</i> ? How
			do these choices in portrayal impact the
			reader or listener's understanding of either
			the character, time period, or musical? Use
			textual evidence from both primary and
			secondary sources to support your claims.
			Support your claims with textual evidence
			including direct quotations with
			parenthetical citations. Use correct syntax,
			and mechanics to clearly communicate your
			analysis." The materials also include section
			quizzes that serve as formative assessments.
			These assessments are varied in type and
			focus as they include multiple-choice
			questions and technology-enhanced

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			questions. In the Section 1 and 2 Quiz for
			the Hamilton unit, students answer
			questions including, but not limited to, the
			following: "Which two phrases from the
			excerpt support the claim that Hamilton
			uses his intellect to overcome his
			circumstances?" and "Based on the lyrics
			from 'Aaron Burr, Sir,' from Hamilton: An
			American Musical by Lin-Manuel Miranda,
			determine whether each detail describes
			Alexander Hamilton, Aaron Burr, or both.
			Each column should have two answers."
			Additionally, in the unit Things Fall Apart, in
			Section 1, Lesson 5, students work to
			complete the Section Diagnostic, answering
			the question, "How does Unoka's
			relationship with Okonkwo influence
			Okonkwo's thoughts and actions?" Students
			begin by forming a claim in response to the
			question, using the Forming Claims Tool.
			Students self-assess themselves with a
			variety of guiding questions, such as, "Is the
			claim clearly stated?" and "Is the claim
			based on evidence you gathered from the
			text?" From there, students revise their
			claim if needed and begin gathering and
			organizing their evidence to support their
			claim. Once students draft their responses,
			they review the prompt and the Section
			Diagnostic Checklist to ensure that their
			draft addresses the prompt. In Section 4,
			Lesson 5, before reading "Ozymandias,"
			students answer the questions "What is the
			text type?" and "What do you understand
			about the text based on this information?"

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Students then read and summarize the poem as a formative assessment of their understanding of the poem. Later in this lesson, students work in pairs to read the last three paragraphs of chapter seventeen from <i>Things Fall Apart</i> and discuss, "What does Okonkwo fear?" As a class, they then compare ideas across "Ozymandias" and <i>Things Fall Apart</i> by developing a response to the text-specific question, "How are the themes of 'Ozymandias' and <i>Things Fall</i> <i>Apart</i> similar?"
	Required 7b) Materials assess student understanding of the topics, themes, and/or ideas presented in the unit texts. Questions and tasks are developed so that students demonstrate the knowledge and skill built over the course of the unit.	Yes	Materials assess student understanding of the topics, themes, and/or ideas presented in the unit texts. Culminating tasks integrate learning using the unit texts and require students to demonstrate the knowledge and skills they build over the course of a unit. For example, in the <i>Hamilton</i> unit, the culminating task requires students to analyze how "Lin-Manuel Miranda drew upon a variety of primary and secondary sources to develop the musical and to analyze the choices he made about information to include and emphasize, information to deprioritize or leave out, and information to adapt or modify." Students write an essay in which they create a claim about how Miranda both accurately and inaccurately portrayed history in <i>Hamilton</i> . Students also discuss how the choices impacted the reader/listener's understanding of character and time period. Students use evidence from across the unit, including primary and secondary sources, to

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			support their claims. This idea of how word
			choices impact a reader's understanding of
			character is consistent across the unit. For
			instance, in Section 2, Lesson 4, students
			listen to the song "Satisfied" and consider
			Angelica's characterization before
			responding to questions such as the
			following: "In what ways is Angelica similar
			to Alexander Hamilton? How do her words
			and the music (e.g., the rhythm and pace)
			demonstrate this?" and "How does
			Angelica's retelling of the events affect your
			understanding of Alexander and Eliza's
			meeting and relationship? In The Immortal
			Life of Henrietta Lacks unit, the culminating
			task requires students to analyze how
			"Rebecca Skloot and the author of one of
			the informational texts use language to
			advance their points of view about their
			ideas." Students write an essay in which
			they create a claim about the author's point
			of view in one of the unit's informational
			articles and Skloot's point of view in an
			excerpt from The Immortal Life of Henrietta
			Lacks. Students also compare and contrast
			the way the two authors use language to
			advance their points of view. Students use
			evidence from across the unit, including
			primary and secondary sources, to support
			their claims. Section 4 of the Bioethics unit
			includes a diagnostic in which students use
			knowledge of "Out of the Asylum, Into The
			Cell," "Mobile Crisis Intervention Team
			Responding to Mental Health Calls Without
			Police," "Mental Health and Police Violence:

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			How Crisis Intervention Teams Are Failing," and "Why Mental Health Disorders Coexist with Substance Use" to prepare for and participate in a debate. At the end of the unit, students use their knowledge of the unit texts along with additional research to develop an argument in response to the unit question, "Are the principles of bioethics sufficient in the treatment of people with mental illness?"
	Required 7c) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance.	Yes	Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance. A Culminating Task rubric is included in the materials. The rubric presents clear success criteria for the Culminating Task. For example, in the Meets Criteria section of the rubric, the criteria indicate that the "student demonstrates success determining the meaning of text(s) by accurately analyzing and/or synthesizing ideas within and across texts." The rubric also includes criteria for writing conventions including, "student demonstrates success using correct and effective syntax, usage, and mechanics to clearly communicate ideas." Likewise, a Culminating Task exemplar is included. For instance, in the <i>Hamilton</i> unit, a multi- paragraph exemplar essay is included that addresses the prompt and meets the success criteria. This essay is an example of quality work that is expected of students. In the <i>Things Fall Apart</i> unit, Section 1, Lesson 5 provides a Section Diagnostic Checklist with reading and writing look-fors. In the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			reading look-fors, teachers look to see "How well does the student analyze the interactions and relationship between Unoka and Okonkwo?" and "How well does the student analyze how Unoka's relationship with Okonkwo influences Okonkwo's thoughts and actions?" These look-fors include performance descriptors such as Meets Criteria (3), Continue Practice (2), Needs Support (1), and Insufficient Evidence (0).
	Required 7d) Measurement of progress via assessments include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities.	Yes	Measurement of progress via assessments includes the gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. Formative assessments within the materials build to the Culminating Task. For example, in the <i>Hamilton</i> unit, in Section 2, Lesson 4, students listen to "Satisfied" and answer guiding questions including, "How does Angelica's retelling of the events affect your understanding of Alexander and Eliza's meeting and relationship?" and "How does it affect your understanding of Alexander and Angelica's relationship?" This task prepares students to answer the Section 2 diagnostic which includes the following: "In <i>Hamilton</i> , Lin-Manuel Miranda includes two different songs ("Helpless" and "Satisfied") to show two different points of view of the same incident. Why does he make this choice in the musical? In other words, what does this show/reveal about Hamilton and his relationships? In your response, include references to the historical documents

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			(primary and secondary sources) that are
			reflected in the musical?" This lesson and its
			diagnostic assessment align with the
			summative writing opportunity in the
			materials by requiring students to consider
			how Miranda used primary and secondary
			sources to portray the relationship between
			Alexander Hamilton and the Schuyler sisters,
			Eliza and Angelica. This directly connects to
			the culminating task. In the Things Fall Apart
			unit, Section 4, Lesson 2, students are
			divided into pairs to analyze the
			relationships among the details and ideas of
			Things Fall Apart. Students begin by
			reviewing Chapter 22 of the text and use
			their Setting Understanding Tool and
			Character Understanding Tool to record
			relevant supporting evidence. If students
			need support during their analysis, the
			materials provide scaffolded questions such
			as, "How do Okonkwo and others in
			Umuofia respond to each approach?" This
			activity prepares students to be able to
			independently complete the Culminating
			Task by allowing students to analyze
			characters to develop a theme in the novel
			as well as demonstrating their ability to
			gather and use evidence to support a claim.
	7e) Materials assess student proficiency using methods that	Yes	Materials assess student proficiency using
	are unbiased and accessible to all students.		methods that are unbiased and accessible to
			all students. Rubrics and guidelines included
			within the materials are clear and
			communicate success criteria to students.
			These success criteria are used in Section 5
			of each unit as students complete the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Culminating Task. For example, in the
			Hamilton unit, Section 5, Lesson 3 focuses
			on analyzing a model response to ensure it
			meets the criteria. Guiding questions are
			provided including, "Does the writer use
			proper grammar (e.g., syntax and usage) and
			mechanics (e.g., punctuation and spelling)?"
			and "Does the writer use a variety of
			phrases, clauses, and sentence structures to
			create a rhythm or flow to the work?"
			Following this, students use the model as an
			example to revise their own work. The use
			of exemplars ensures students understand
			the proficiency standards. Similarly, in The
			Immortal Life of Henrietta Lacks unit,
			Section 5, Lesson 3, students read a
			partner's work and consider the following
			questions, "Which of your partner's
			supporting claims needs more evidence?"
			"What could your partner do to improve the
			integration of quotations in the essay?" and
			"What evidence do you suggest your partner
			add to the essay?" Once they complete their
			peer review, students consider the following
			questions: "Do I sufficiently develop and
			support the response in a fair and even
			manner with supporting claims and
			evidence, explanation, and elaboration?"
			and "Is the evidence provided useful (i.e.,
			relevant, accurate, and credible)?" This is
			evident in the Bioethics unit as well. In
			Section 5, Lesson 3, students read their
			partner's work, and ask the following
			questions: "Does my partner use
			counterclaims to strengthen the argument?"

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			"Is the evidence provided relevant, accurate, and credible?" and "Does my partner incorporate evidence or information from a variety of credible sources?" This activity is aligned with the Culminating Task Rubric which teachers use to score students on various components of their writing such as, "forming a valid and evidence-based position, response, or focus," "developing supporting claims or points logically relevant and sufficient textual evidence," and "determining the meaning of text(s) by accurately analyzing and/or synthesizing ideas within and across texts.
 8. SCAFFOLDING AND SUPPORT: Materials provide all students, including those who read below grade level, with extensive opportunities and support to encounter and comprehend grade-level complex text as required by the standards. Yes No 	Required 8a) As needed, pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding the text itself (i.e. providing background knowledge, supporting vocabulary acquisition). Pre-reading activities should be no more than 10% of time devoted to any reading instruction.	Yes	Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students in understanding the text itself. In the <i>Hamilton</i> unit, the materials include knowledge building as a means to understanding the text. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 1, students read a brief section of text about Lin Manuel Miranda and then view a video, "Lin-Manuel Miranda Performs at the White House Poetry Jam." Following this video, students answer the question, "What details do you learn about Alexander Hamilton from the video of Lin- Manuel Miranda's performance at the White House?" The students also read "Why Hamilton Has Heat" to understand why <i>Hamilton</i> the musical became a cultural phenomenon. These scaffolds are meant to help build knowledge prior to students reading the songs from the play. At the end

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			of this lesson, students examine the
			Culminating Task to understand
			expectations. Guiding questions are
			provided for students who struggle, such as
			the following: "What is a primary source?"
			"What is a secondary source?" and "How
			might including or leaving out different
			sources affect the way a story is told?" The
			materials also include supports in
			vocabulary, meaning, language, and
			structure. For example, in Section 1, Lesson
			5, students examine the phrase
			"revolutionary manumission abolitionists."
			Once students define the phrase and discuss
			it, they consider "Hamilton refers to his
			friends as 'revolutionary manumission
			abolitionists.' What does this show about
			his/ their views on slavery in the colonies?"
			These pre-reading activities engage students
			in the knowledge connected to the text. In
			the Things Fall Apart unit, Section 2, Lesson
			1, students read the statement about the
			title, Ezi Na Ulo: The Extended Family in Igbo
			Culture, in order to build background
			knowledge of the text. Students learn that
			"Igbo families are the foundation for the
			governmental structure in Igbo villages." The
			materials include guiding questions such as
			the following: "What does this text reveal
			about the Igbo culture?" "What in Things Fall
			Apart relates to the information in this text?"
			"How does "Ezi na ulo" or family play a role in
			Things Fall Apart?" and "How does this text
			help you better understand Things Fall Apart?"
			Likewise, in Section 3, Lesson 2, students

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			examine the word, abomination. Students share what they notice about the word, focusing on word parts and word relationships when appropriate. The materials include scaffolding questions to help students discuss and understand the word, such as "What other words come to mind when you think of this word?" and "After reviewing the definition of the word, what other words/ have a similar or opposite meaning?" The pre-reading activities support and help engage students in the texts throughout the unit.
	Required 8b) Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. Texts do not serve as platforms to practice discrete strategies.	Yes	Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. Reading strategies included within the materials support students' comprehension of the text. For example, in the <i>Life of Pi</i> unit, Section 2, Lesson 1, students begin the lesson by summarizing key events from the previous chapters. Guiding questions are provided to ensure students have a complete summary. Questions include the following: "Who are the characters? Which characters are the main characters?" "What do the main character(s) want to accomplish?" and "What conflict or problem do the main character(s) encounter?" Likewise, in this lesson, students analyze text to determine the effects of the sentence structure and syntax on their understanding. For example, students

Required	PR QUALITY MEETS METRICS JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH (YES/NO) EXAMPLES
Required	review the paragraph in Chapter 38 of <i>Life of</i> <i>Pi</i> that begins "Inside the ship, there were noises" and highlight the different sentence types. Then, they answer questions specific to sentence structure and syntax, which include the following: "Are there any patterns in the sentence types and structures?" "What is the effect of the sentence patterns?" "What is Pi feeling in this moment?" and "How does his language communicate how he feels?" The materials build students' understanding of the text and its structure. In Section 1, Lesson 3, of the Bioethics unit, students read "Bioethics - A Policy and History" and answer comprehension questions including the following: "What is the ideal balance of government and private sector management of healthcare?" and "Should everything be done for a patient, regardless of cost? Provide evidence to support your response." In Section 1, Lesson 5, students examine the phrase, self-evident, in context and identify the meaning of the phrase. The materials include guiding questions, such as the following: "What is the root word? What does that root word mean?" The strategies within the materials build students' understanding of the text.
8c) Materials include guidance and directs teachers to return to focus	

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	guide students through rereading and discussion about the		ideas, events, and information found there.
	ideas, events, and information found there.		For example, in the <i>Life of Pi</i> unit, Section 2,
			Lesson 4, the materials include close reads
			that have specific purposes regarding the
			author's choices. In this lesson, students
			read Chapters 59-62 and make a list of the
			emotions Pi feels in these chapters. Students
			then return to Chapter 59 to focus on
			patterns in sentence structure and verbs to
			deepen their understanding. Using this
			excerpt, students respond in writing to
			questions including the following: "What do
			you notice about the verbs used to describe
			Pi's actions?" "What do you notice about the
			sentence structure?" and "What do these
			patterns suggest about how Pi is feeling in
			this scene?" Finally, students return to this
			section of reading to analyze how the
			sentence structure and word choice convey
			Pi's tone. These tasks focus students'
			attention on specific parts of the text. In The
			Immortal Life of Henrietta Lacks unit,
			Section 3, Lesson 3, students read Chapters
			25-26 from The Immortal Life of Henrietta
			Lacks to establish their initial understanding
			of the text. Then, students answer the
			questions, "What did the courts rule in
			regard to ownership of human tissue?" and
			"Could current HIPPA laws have prevented
			the breach in privacy that the Lacks family
			endured as described in chapter twenty-
			six?" Students write their responses in their
			Learning Log. Later in the lesson, students
			return to the same chapters and reread
			them to determine and analyze the purpose

	(YES/NO)	EXAMPLES
		of the chapters. They highlight examples of language that are especially powerful. Then they share their choices with their group explaining how these examples develop the author's purpose.
understanding throu	e additional supports for expressing gh formal discussion and writing ntence frames, paragraph frames, dent exemplars).	Materials provide additional supports for expressing understanding through formal discussion and writing development. Each unit includes opportunities for students to complete a culminating task to demonstrate their understanding of text. A student exemplar is provided within the materials for each unit. For example, in the <i>Hamilton</i> unit, students express their understanding through an essay in which they respond to a prompt and use textual evidence from both primary and secondary sources. Support for this Culminating Task is present in the materials. In Section 5, Lesson 1, students prepare for a discussion by answering the following guiding questions: "How does Miranda accurately portray history within the musical <i>Hamilton</i> ?" "How does Miranda inaccurately portray history within the musical <i>Hamilton</i> ?" and "How do these choices in portrayal impact the reader or listener's understanding of either the character, time period, or musical?" Students then engage in a discussion about Miranda's portrayal of Hamilton. They take notes on the discussion tool to summarize claims, evidence, and reasoning of their peers. Guiding questions are provided to support student discussion. As students work on their essays, scaffolding is provided.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			In Section 5, Lesson 2, students analyze the sample thesis statement, "In the musical <i>Hamilton</i> , Lin-Manuel Miranda portrays Alexander Hamilton as an ambitious leader and a strong abolitionist, which causes the audience to view Hamilton in a more favorable way." Students then analyze the claims that support the statement. Additionally, in the Bioethics unit, students develop an argument in response to the unit question, "Are the principles of bioethics sufficient in the treatment of people with mental illness?" Support for this Culminating Task is present in the materials. In Section 3, Lesson 1, for example, students watch the video "Our lonely society makes it hard to come home from war" and identify the major claims made by the speaker and how the speaker develops and supports each claim. This knowledge is used in a discussion and again as evidence for the culminating task.
	Required 8e) Materials are easy to use and well organized for students and teachers. Teacher editions are concise and easy to manage with clear connections between teacher resources. The reading selections are centrally located within the materials and the center of focus.	Yes	Materials are easy to use and well organized for students and teachers. Each unit begins with a Central Guiding Question and a Unit- At-A-Glance. For example, the <i>Hamilton</i> unit begins with the Central Question, "How does Lin-Manuel Miranda tell Hamilton's story?" A Unit-At-A-Glance provides a synopsis of the learning within the unit and states the number of lessons and the number of quizzes. The Assessment Overview outlines and details the assessments within the unit including the Section Diagnostics and the Culminating

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Task. Materials for each unit are organized sequentially by Sections, Lessons, and Activities. Teachers can easily determine the knowledge focus of the materials using the Unit-At-A-Glance. For example, in the <i>Hamilton</i> unit, students "will listen to and read <i>Hamilton: An American Musical</i> by Lin- Manuel Miranda, read a series of related texts (literary, informational, primary source documents), and view multimedia to explore the essential question: How does Lin- Manuel Miranda tell Hamilton's story? Students express their understanding by writing an essay that analyzes the choices that Lin-Manuel Miranda makes in portraying history and discusses the effect of these choices on our understanding of either the character, time period, or musical." Likewise, in the <i>Things Fall Apart</i> unit, for example, a materials tab provides access to blank documents such as the Setting Understanding Tool and Setting Understanding Tool (complete). Also, teachers have access to student resources to help with this lesson, such as Conversation Stems and "Academic Conversation Reference Guide.
	Required 8f) Support for English Learners and diverse learners is provided. Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level. The language in which questions and problems are posed is not an obstacle to understanding the content, and if it is, additional supports are included (e.g., alternative teacher approaches, pacing and instructional delivery	Yes	Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level. Materials support student needs within the units. For example, each unit provides a Family Resource section to support learners, which is also available in Spanish to support English Learners. In Section 3, Lesson 2 of the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	options, strategies or suggestions for supporting access to		Hamilton unit, students examine the
	text and/or content, suggestions for modifications,		controversy between Jefferson and
	suggestions for vocabulary acquisition, etc.).		Hamilton. They watch the video, "The Battle
			Over the Creation of a National Bank," to
			understand how both Jefferson and
			Hamilton felt about the creation of a
			national bank. To support students in
			understanding the content, the materials
			provide guiding questions including: "Why
			did Hamilton believe a national bank is
			necessary?" "How did Hamilton envision a
			national bank helping the nation's
			economy?" and "Why did Jefferson oppose
			the bank?" Later in this lesson, students
			listen to "Cabinet Battle #1" and answer the
			following questions: "What is Thomas
			Jefferson's argument in response to creating
			a national bank?" and "How does this
			connect to the ideas in your summary of the
			video?" The teaching notes provide support
			for teachers and students. For example,
			teachers can define the phrase, evaluate
			information, as "the process of identifying
			the position, claims, and evidence, and
			assessing the accuracy, relevance, and/or
			credibility of the information and ideas,
			evidence, and reasoning of a text." The
			materials also suggest teachers use Teacher
			Talk Moves, and students use the
			Conversation Stems in the Academic
			Conversation Reference Guide. Also, in <i>The</i>
			Immortal Life of Henrietta Lacks Unit, the
			materials include a Language Understanding
			Tool that guides students through
			identifying and analyzing how authors use

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			language to advance their point of view. The guide includes columns for evidence, explanation, and language.
	8g) The content can be reasonably completed within a regular school year and the pacing of content allows for maximum student understanding. Materials provide guidance about the amount of time a task might reasonably take.	Yes	The content can be reasonably completed within a regular school year and the pacing of content allows for maximum student understanding and provides guidance about the amount of time a task might reasonably take. Each unit within the material indicates the length of time to complete the unit. For example, the Unit At-a-Glance for the <i>Life of</i> <i>Pi</i> unit notes thirty-five lessons. Within the lessons, Teaching Notes indicate the length of time a teacher should spend on an activity. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 8, Activity 5, the materials allocate 25 minutes for students to read Chapters 16 and 17 from <i>Life of Pi</i> . Likewise, in Section 4, Lesson 3, the materials allow 45 minutes for the culminating task. This is paced appropriately to be completed in a single class period. The materials include a total of five units which can reasonably be completed within a regular school year. Similarly, the <i>Things Fall</i> <i>Apart</i> unit includes twenty-eight lessons. In Section 1, Lesson 3 the materials provide 25 minutes for students to reread "Everyday Use" and answer questions to deepen their understanding. Likewise, in Section 3, Lesson 6, the materials allot 20 minutes for a class discussion.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
Tier 2 ratings receive a "Yes" for al	l Non-negotiable Criteria and a "Yes" for each of the Additic l Non-negotiable Criteria, but at least one "No" for the Add least one of the Non-negotiable Criteria.		
Compile the results for Sections I-I	II to make a final decision for the material under review.		
Section	Criteria	Yes/No	Final Justification/Comments
I. K-12 Non-negotiable Criteria of Superior Quality ⁶	1. Quality of Texts	Yes	Materials provide texts that are appropriately complex for the identified grade level according to the requirements outlined in the standards. At least 90% of provided texts are of publishable quality and offer rich opportunities for students to meet the grade-level ELA standards; the texts are well-crafted, representing the quality of content, language, and writing that is produced by experts in various disciplines. A coherent sequence or collection of connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about themes with connected topics and ideas through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and language are provided. Within a sequence or collection, quality texts of grade level complexity are selected for multiple, careful readings throughout the unit of study.
	2. Text-Dependent Questions	Yes	A majority of questions in the materials are text dependent and text specific with student ideas expressed through both written and spoken responses. Questions and tasks include the language of the standards and require students to engage in

⁶ Must score a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria to receive a Tier I or Tier II rating.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			thinking at the depth and complexity required by the grade-level standards to advance and deepen student learning over time.
	3. Coherence of Tasks	Yes	Coherence sequences of questions and tasks focus students on understanding the text and its illustrations, making connections among the texts in the collection, and expressing their understanding of the topics, themes, and ideas presented in the texts. Questions and tasks are designed so that students build and apply knowledge and skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level complex texts. Questions and tasks support students in examining the language (vocabulary, sentences, and structure) critical to the meaning of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. Questions and tasks also focus on advancing depth of word knowledge through emphasizing word meaning and relationships among words rather than isolated vocabulary practice, and engaging students with multiple repetitions of words in varied contexts.
II. K-5 Non-negotiable Foundational Skills Criteria (grades K-5 only) ⁷	4. Foundational Skills ⁸	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level
III. Additional Criteria of Superior Quality ⁹	5. Range and Volume of Texts	Yes	Materials seek a balance in instructional time between literature and informational texts. Materials include print and non-print

⁷ Must score a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria to receive a Tier 1 or Tier 2 rating.

 ⁸ As applicable.
 ⁹ Must score a "Yes" for all Additional Criteria of Superior Quality to receive a Tier 1 rating.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			texts of different formats and lengths; however, the materials do not provide direction and practice for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and develop knowledge of classroom concepts or topics.
	6. Writing to Sources, Speaking and Listening, and Language	Yes	Materials include a variety of opportunities for students to listen, speak, and write about their understanding of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. The majority of oral and written tasks at all grade levels require students to demonstrate the knowledge they build through the analysis and synthesis of texts, and present well defended claims and clear information, using grade-level language and conventions and drawing on textual evidence to support valid inferences from text. Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing as outlined by the standards at each grade level and explicitly address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts.
	7. Assessments	Yes	Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a range of pre-, formative, summative and self-assessment measures. Materials assess student understanding of the topics, themes, and/or ideas presented

8. Scaffolding and Support 8. Scaffolding and Support all students. 9. Scaffolding and Support 9. Scaffolding and Support approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding the text itself. Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. Materials include guidance and support that regularly directs teachers to return to focused parts of the text to guide students through rereading and discussion about the ideas, events, and information found there. Materials provide additional supports for expressing understanding through formal discussion	CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
 Yes Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding the text itself. Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. Materials include guidance and support that regularly directs teachers to return to focused parts of the text to guide students through rereading and discussion about the ideas, events, and information found there. Materials are easy to use and well organized for supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson 				assessment guidelines are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance. Measurement of progress via assessments include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are unbiased and accessible to
		8. Scaffolding and Support	Yes	Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding the text itself. Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. Materials include guidance and support that regularly directs teachers to return to focused parts of the text to guide students through rereading and discussion about the ideas, events, and information found there. Materials provide additional supports for expressing understanding through formal discussion and writing development. Materials are easy to use and well organized for students and teachers. Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson

FINAL DECISION FOR THIS MATERIAL: Tier 1, Exemplifies quality



Instructional Materials Evaluation Tool for Alignment in ELA Grades K – 12 (IMET)



The goal of English language arts is for students to read, understand, and express understanding of complex texts independently. To accomplish this goal, programs must build students' knowledge and skill in language, comprehension, conversations, and writing integrated around a volume of complex texts and tasks.¹ In grades K-5, programs must also build students' foundational skills to be able to read and write about a range of texts² independently. Thus, a strong ELA classroom is structured with the below components.



Title: Imagine Learning Guidebooks Publisher: Imagine Learning LLC

Overall Rating: Tier 1, Exemplifies quality

Tier 1, Tier 2, Tier 3 Elements of this review:

Grade: <u>English III</u> Copyright: <u>2020</u>

STRONG	WEAK
1. Quality of Texts (Non-negotiable)	
2. Text-Dependent Questions (Non-negotiable)	
3. Coherence of Tasks (Non-negotiable)	
5. Range and Volume of Texts	
6. Writing to Sources, Speaking and Listening, and	
Language	
7. Assessments	
8. Scaffolding and Support	

¹ A volume of texts is a collection of texts written about similar topics, themes, or ideas.

² A range of texts are texts written at different reading levels.





To evaluate instructional materials for alignment with the <u>standards</u> and determine tiered rating, begin with **Section I: Non-negotiable Criteria**.

- Review the **required**³ Indicators of Superior Quality for each **Non-negotiable** criterion.
- If there is a "Yes" for all **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, materials receive a "Yes" for that **Non-negotiable** Criterion.
- If there is a "No" for any of the **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, materials receive a "No" for that **Non-negotiable** Criterion.
- Materials must meet Non-negotiable Criterion 1 for the review to continue to Non-negotiable Criteria 2 and 3. For grades K-5, materials must meet all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to Section II⁴ and all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-4 to continue to Section III. For grades 6-12, materials must meet Non-Negotiable Criteria 1-3 for the review to continue to Section III.
- If materials receive a "No" for any **Non-negotiable** Criterion, a rating of Tier 3 is assigned, and the review does not continue.

If all Non-negotiable Criteria are met, then continue to Section III: Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

- Review the **required** Indicators of Superior Quality for each criterion.
- If there is a "Yes" for all **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, then the materials receive a "Yes" for the additional criteria.
- If there is a "No" for any **required** Indicator of Superior Quality, then the materials receive a "No" for the additional criteria.

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria and a "Yes" for each of the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

Tier 2 ratings receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria, but at least one "No" for the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

Tier 3 ratings receive a "No" for at least one of the Non-negotiable Criteria.

³ Required Indicators of Superior Quality are labeled "Required" and shaded yellow. Remaining indicators that are shaded white are included to provide additional information to aid in material selection and do not affect tiered rating.

⁴ For grades K-5: Materials must meet Non-negotiable Criterion 1 for the review to continue to Non-negotiable Criteria 2-3. Materials must meet all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to Section II.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES	
Materials must meet Non-negotia Non-negotiable Criteria 1-3 in ord Section III. For grades 6-12, mater	SECTION I. K-12 NON-NEGOTIABLE CRITERIA OF SUPERIOR QUALITY Materials must meet Non-negotiable Criterion 1 for the review to continue to Non-negotiable Criteria 2 and 3. For grades K-5, materials must meet all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to Section II and all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-4 in order for the review to continue to Section III. For grades 6-12, materials must meet all of the Non-Negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to			
Non-negotiable 1. QUALITY OF TEXTS: Texts are of sufficient scope and quality to provide text-centered and integrated learning that is sequenced and scaffolded to (1) advance students toward independent reading of grade- level texts and (2) build content knowledge (e.g., ELA, social studies, science, and the arts). The quality of texts is high—they support multiple readings for various purposes and exhibit exceptional craft and thought and/or provide useful information. Materials present a progression of complex texts as stated by Reading Standard 10. (Note: In K and 1, Reading Standard 10 refers to read-aloud material. Complexity standards for student-read texts are applicable for grades 2+.) No	 Required 1a) Materials provide texts that are appropriately complex for the identified grade level according to the requirements outlined in the standards. A text analysis that includes complexity information is provided. Measures for determining complexity include quantitative and qualitative analysis, as well as reader and task considerations. Poetry and drama are analyzed only using qualitative measures. In grades K-2, extensive read-aloud texts allow sufficient opportunity for engagement with text more complex than students could read themselves. 	Yes	Materials provide texts that are appropriately complex for the identified grade level according to the requirements outlined in the standards. The materials provide a comprehensive text complexity companion document for each unit. This document identifies the features that make the text complex including text structure/organization, language features, and prior knowledge demands. For example, <i>The Great Gatsby</i> by F. Scott Fitzgerald has a Lexile level of 1070. Although this is below the Grade 11 Lexile band (1185-1385L), the meaning/central ideas/purpose of the text are exceedingly complex as the text contains "multiple themes and layers of meaning this plot outlines the deeper meaning of a time when greed and relaxed social values corrupted the American Dream." <i>Friday</i> <i>Night Lights</i> by H.G. "Buzz" Bissinger has a Lexile level of 1220 which is appropriately complex for Grade 11. The qualitative features range from moderately to slightly complex. Prior knowledge, for example, is moderately complex as students "need to know about the faltering economy in the late 1980s after the Vietnam War, politics of the time and the oil industry that led to economic issues in places like Odessa, Texas." In the unit, Film in America, text	

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			complexity for <i>Movies Mirror Culture</i> ranges
			from 1210-1400 Lexile. The text is
			appropriately complex, and vocabulary lists
			are provided for words that can be both
			inferred from context and those that cannot.
			Additionally, the materials include graphics,
			novels, poetry, articles, interviews, and
			videos in order to build skills and reading
			comprehension. Isabel Wilkerson's The
			Warmth of Other Suns has a Lexile level of
			1160, and the text structure is exceedingly
			complex as "The narratives intertwine
			throughout all 5 sections of the book and
			are often interrupted by the author's
			personal family narrative as well as other
			informative pieces to build background."
			Solomon Greene and Margery Austin
			Turner's "Disarming the Great Affordable
			Housing Debate" has a Lexile level of 1010 -
			1200 and explores topics of gentrification,
			the creation of suburbs, the Subprime
			Mortgage Crisis, and recent trends in
			homeownership. The prior knowledge
			demands for the text are very complex as
			"students will need additional background
			to understand the idea of affordable housing
			and the pros and cons, so they can fully
			understand the message of this text."
	Required	Yes	At least 90% of texts are of publishable
	1b) At least 90% of provided texts, including read-alouds in		quality and offer rich opportunities for
	K-2, are of publishable quality and offer rich opportunities		students to meet the grade-level ELA
	for students to meet the grade-level ELA standards; the texts		standards; the texts are well-crafted,
	are well-crafted, representing the quality of content,		representing the quality of content,
	language, and writing that is produced by experts in various		language, and writing that is produced by
	disciplines.		experts in various disciplines. The texts

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			within the materials contain engaging
			content that offers rich opportunities for
			students. The majority of texts within these
			units are previously published and/or
			written by well-known authors and provide
			students access to a variety of genres. For
			example, students read Fitzgerald's The
			Great Gatsby. This book, published in 1925,
			is widely considered a literary masterpiece
			and Fitzgerald is considered one of
			America's greatest writers. Friday Night
			Lights by H.G. Bissinger is an authentic
			nonfiction text crafted for non-instructional
			purposes. Bissinger, a Pulitzer prize-winning
			writer, researched the town and its people
			to craft the novel and to properly capture
			the football culture. This unit also includes
			nonfiction articles published in reliable
			sources including "Team Sports Provide A
			Hopeful Example Of Racial Harmony In U.S.,"
			an op-ed piece written by Leigh Steinberg
			for Forbes magazine, and a video about
			Brown vs. Board of Education published by
			the Bill of Rights Institute. The novel The
			Warmth of Other Suns is a New York Times
			bestseller. This novel is well-crafted and
			provides students exposure to the "life
			experiences of people living between 1915
			and 1970." In the Homeownership unit, the
			article "Disarming the Great Affordable
			Housing Debate" was published as a
			counter-argument to New York Times
			columnist Thomas Edsall's pair of
			provocative questions. Students also read
			"The Dark Side of Suburbia" by Dr. Kimberly

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY Required 1c) Materials provide a coherent sequence or collection of connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about themes with connected topics and ideas through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and language. • In grades K-2, the inclusion of read-aloud texts in addition to what students can read themselves		
	addition to what students can read themselves ensures that all students can build knowledge about the world through engagement with rich, complex texts. These texts as well must form a coherent sequence or collection of connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about themes with connected topics and ideas through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and language.		through critical lenses. Each unit is centered around a Unit Question. Units begin with a preview and a Unit Question that guide student thinking and continue with scaffolded activities that support and then eventually release students to work independently and demonstrate proficiency on the Culminating Task. Culminating Tasks require students to "use knowledge, skills, and habits they have gained throughout the unit to read, understand, and express their understanding and knowledge of texts and topics." For example, in the <i>Great Gatsby</i> unit, the question that guides the unit is
			"How are our lives influenced by our perceptions?" In Section 1, Lesson 3, students watch the Ted-Ed video "What Reality are You Creating for Yourself?" and read pages 1-4 of <i>The Great Gatsby</i> . Students identify the support the speaker uses to develop that claim and examples of Nick discussing his perception of himself, 6

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			other characters, events, or settings. In
			Section 3, Lesson 2, students read pages 81-
			92 of chapter five from The Great Gatsby
			independently to determine how the author
			uses symbols to develop a theme. Students
			respond to text-dependent questions,
			including "What is Daisy's perception of
			Gatsby's home and belongings?" and "How
			does her perception affect Gatsby?"
			Students track their understanding of
			perception on a Perception Tracking Tool.
			Finally, in Section 4, Lesson 5, students
			engage in small-group discussions to discuss
			how Fitzgerald uses symbolism on the last
			page of the book to develop a theme. In this
			unit, the tasks connect topics across
			multiple lessons. In the Film in America unit,
			the question students explore is "What is
			the relationship between American film and
			culture?" There are multiple texts in this unit
			focused on this idea, sequenced in a
			purposeful way. For example, in Section 1,
			Lesson 3, students "read the second half of
			'Movies and Culture' from Understanding
			Media and Culture: An Introduction to Mass
			Communication to identify how the author
			uses details to develop a central message
			about film and culture." Students then
			engage in a class discussion to answer the
			question, "What themes are recurring in
			'Movies and Culture' as the author draws
			connections between film and culture?" In
			the discussion, students are responsible for
			taking notes in their Learning Logs to
			summarize the claims, evidence, and

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			reasoning of their peers. Later in this unit,
			students read "The Portrayal of Families
			across Generations in Disney Animated
			Films" in Section 3, Lesson 1, and annotate
			the text for connections to the portrayal of
			relationships in the film. Students then work
			with a partner to complete a graphic
			organizer, focusing on the following
			questions: "How is the family dynamic
			portrayed in this film?" and "Analyze the
			interaction between characters through the
			lens of family roles. Categorize the behaviors
			of the parental figures, siblings, and
			extended family members." At the end of
			this unit, students complete a Culminating
			Task in which they cite evidence from the
			unit's source materials to respond to the
			following prompt: "Consider the tradition of
			film and the role it has played over the last
			100 years in America. What is the purpose of
			film? Do existing cultural norms influence
			film production or do Americans model
			themselves as the films they see? Write an
			essay that deconstructs the relationship
			between film and culture in America.
			Determine the role of film as it reflects and
			influences the way we see ourselves, each
			other, and the future." Additionally, in the
			unit The Warmth of Other Suns, the central
			question is "How can a single decision
			change your life?" Students read texts of
			various lengths and Lexile levels to explore
			the Great Migration and use the texts to
			"express their understanding through a
			multimedia presentation that examines the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
CRITERIA		(YES/NO)	story of one person's migration experience and describes the economic, societal, and/or political conditions that precipitated it." For example, in Section 1, students study population change maps to understand the phenomenon of the Great Migration as well as to be introduced to the three migrants whose journeys are central to the text. In Section 2, students watch the introductory content of the PBS documentary, <i>Slavery by</i> <i>Another Name</i> , to build background knowledge of Jim Crow laws and life in the
			South before the Great Migration. For the unit Homeownership, the Unit Question is, "Is the dream of homeownership viable for all Americans?" Students read various texts and genres to build their understanding and "write an argumentative essay that makes a claim about that subtopic and how it influences the viability of the American ideal of homeownership for all Americans.". In Section 1, students read and analyze "The Dark Side of Suburbia," "The Rise of the
			Suburbs," "How Mortgages Work," and "Subprime Mortgage Crisis of 2008." Students work to find the central ideas within these articles and analyze the reliability of these sources. In Section 2, students watch a video and read articles about the Federal Housing Administration and their role in homeownership for all Americans. Students use multiple texts within the unit to complete the Culminating Task and create an argumentative thesis

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			surrounding a more focused subtopic area
			of the Unit Question.
	Required	Yes	Within a sequence or collection, quality
	1d) Within a sequence or collection, quality texts of grade		texts of grade level complexity are selected
	level complexity are selected for multiple, careful readings		for multiple, careful readings throughout the
	throughout the unit of study. These texts are revisited as		unit of study. For example, in Section 2,
	needed to support knowledge building.		Lesson 2 of The Great Gatsby unit, students
			read pages 29-37 with a partner while
			focusing on the following questions: "How
			does Myrtle perceive her husband, Daisy,
			and Tom?" and "How does Tom perceive
			Myrtle?" Students then reread pages 34-35
			to form a claim in response to "How does Myrtle perceive her husband?" Students
			review these pages a third time with a
			partner to analyze the relationships among
			the details and ideas of the text and
			complete their Perception Understanding
			Tool. Each of the readings has a specific
			purpose and emphasizes knowledge
			connected to the unit's Unit Question. In
			Section 4, Lesson 1, students reread select
			quotations from the materials for a dual
			purpose, to deepen their understanding of
			the theme of perception and respond
			appropriately to questions by integrating "all
			or a portion of the quotation while
			maintaining the flow of ideas." In the Friday
			Night Lights unit, Section 2, Lesson 1,
			students read Chapter 5, Part III of Friday
			Night Lights, focusing on the question
			"What defining events in Odessa's history
			are discussed in this section of text?" After
			reading Chapter 5, Part III the first time to
			establish initial understanding, students

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			summarize the main events in their Learning
			Log. Students then reread selected
			paragraphs from Chapter 5, Part III to
			deepen understanding. Students reread,
			discuss, and develop responses to various
			questions, such as the following: "How does
			Bissinger use the structure of his sentences,
			language, and images to link two topics?"
			and "How is this paragraph used to develop
			a central message about race and sports in
			Odessa, TX?" The repeated rereads focus on
			knowledge and deepening a student's
			understanding of the text. In Section 3,
			Lesson 1 of Warmth of Other Suns, students
			read and answer questions about "The
			South" by Langston Hughes. Students first
			listen to a read aloud of "The South,"
			keeping in mind their reading focus which is
			"What does the language cause you to think
			about?" Then students reread "The South"
			with a partner. With their Reading Closely Tool, students "annotate 'The South'
			focusing on positive and negative language
			to deepen their understanding." They then
			answer questions about the relationships
			among the details in "The South" to deepen
			their understanding of the text. By rereading
			and conducting close reads of the poem,
			students build an understanding of how this
			poem connects to the ideas in <i>The Warmth</i>
			of Other Suns and why Isabel Wilkerson
			chose to use an excerpt from "The South" by
			Langston Hughes as an epigraph and title for
			Part Four of the novel.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
Non-negotiable (only reviewed if	Required	Yes	A majority of questions in the materials are
Criterion 1 is met)	2a) A majority of questions in the materials are text		text-dependent and text-specific with
2. TEXT-DEPENDENT	dependent and text specific; student ideas are expressed		student ideas expressed through both
QUESTIONS:	through both written and spoken responses.		written and spoken responses. Throughout
Text-dependent and text-specific			the units, students have frequent
questions and tasks reflect the			opportunities to interact with texts through
requirements of Reading			questions and tasks that require text
Standard 1 by requiring use of			evidence. Questions throughout each unit
textual evidence in support of			contribute to student knowledge and build
meeting other grade-specific			on their ability to respond successfully to
standards.			the Culminating Tasks. For example, in
			Friday Night Lights, Section 2, Lesson 1,
Yes No			students examine the author's use of
			language including the word, desegregation.
			Students respond to the following
			questions: "Does this word have a positive
			or a negative connotation? How do you
			know?" "What other words have a similar or
			opposite meaning as this word?" and "What
			does 'desegregation' mean as it is used in
			the quote, 'There's no integration,' said
			Moore. 'There's desegregation'"? Students
			respond to the question in their Learning
			Log before discussing their responses with
			the class. In Section 3, Lesson 5, students
			read Chapter 9 and respond to text-
			dependent questions including, "What are
			some of the reasons that the residents of
			Odessa give for supporting Bush as
			President?" During the lesson, students
			delve into the language features of the text
			to respond to text-specific questions
			including but not limited to the following:
			"What do you notice about the grammatical
			structures within the sentence?" "How does

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			the vocabulary used contribute to the
			meaning of the sentence?" and "How does
			the structure of the sentence contribute to
			the meaning of the sentence?" By the end of
			the lesson, students discuss text-dependent
			questions with a partner before ultimately
			recording answers in their Learning Logs.
			Questions include the following: "What tone
			does Bissinger use when discussing the
			residents' support of Bush? Locate
			sentences that reflect this tone and examine
			how Bissinger uses language to develop
			tone." and "How does this tone relate to a
			central idea that Bissinger is developing in
			this chapter?" In Section 4, Lesson 3 of
			Warmth of Other Suns, students read the
			Epilogue with a partner to gather initial
			understanding and then reread to deepen
			their understanding. After reading the
			Epilogue, students respond to various text-
			dependent questions, such as the following:
			"What is Wilkerson's response to the
			rhetorical questions she poses on page
			528?" "How does she address
			counterclaims?" and "How does she support
			and develop her position?" Next, students
			read the second section of the Epilogue with
			their partner to answer the text-dependent
			question, "What is the impact of Wilkerson's
			language in this section of the text?"
			Students respond by writing their response
			to the question in their Learning Log.
			Students use the information developed
			during the readings to participate in a
			discussion. Students answer questions, such

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			as, "What do you notice about the phrases within the sentence?" and "How does the structure of the sentence contribute to the meaning of the sentence?" Finally, in Section 1, Lesson 3 of Homeownership, students read the article "How Mortgages Work" and answer questions about mortgages and homeownership in the United States. Prior to reading and, in order to prepare them for the reading, students answer text-specific questions such as the following: "What is a mortgage?" "How much do you think the average mortgage costs a month?" and "What would happen if someone didn't pay his or her mortgage?" These questions help students access knowledge before they read so they have an idea of the concepts being written about. After reading, students then annotate for and answer the text-dependent questions, "What is a mortgage?" and "What are the economic benefits/downsides of a mortgage?" This lesson prepares students to answer the Unit Question in the Culminating Task, "Is the dream of homeownership viable for all Americans?"
	Required 2b) Questions and tasks include the language of the standards and require students to engage in thinking at the depth and complexity required by the grade-level standards to advance and deepen student learning over time. (Note: not every standard must be addressed with every text.)	Yes	Questions and tasks include the language of the standards and require students to engage in thinking at the depth and complexity required by the grade-level standards to advance and deepen student learning over time. For example, in <i>The</i> <i>Great Gatsby</i> unit, the Culminating Writing Task is aligned with the standards for Grade 11 and requires higher-order thinking. The

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Culminating Task prompt states, "How does
			Fitzgerald develop a theme about
			perception throughout the novel? Write a
			literary analysis in which you state your
			response and logically and sufficiently
			support your response with claims. Support
			your claims with textual evidence including
			direct quotations with parenthetical
			citations. Use correct and effective words,
			phrases, syntax, usage, and mechanics to
			clearly communicate your analysis." (W.11-
			12.3). Likewise, questions and tasks in the
			Friday Night Lights unit require students to
			engage in thinking at the complexity
			required of the grade-level standards. For
			example, in Section 1, Lesson 5, students
			answer questions about Chapter 3 of the
			text including, "What is the purpose of
			including Part I, Boobie's backstory, in this
			chapter?" and "How does Part II further
			develop the ideas that were introduced in
			part I?" Later in this lesson, students answer
			text-dependent questions that demand
			careful analysis of the text including, "Based
			on the information in this chapter, what
			central idea about race and football is
			Bissinger developing? What details in the
			text support this answer?" (RI.11-12.2).
			Finally, in Section 2, Lesson 5, students
			respond to a prompt that requires them to
			bridge multiple texts. The prompt states,
			"What claim about race and sports does
			Bissinger develop in the first six chapters of
			Friday Night Lights? Compare and contrast
			his claim with a claim made by DeJesus in

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			'Unchecked, Unchallenged and Unabashed' or Samuel in 'The White Flight from
			Football.' In your answer, discuss how each
			author develops this claim." (RI.11-12.1,
			W.11-12.4). In Section 3, Lesson 7 of
			Warmth of Other Suns, students write a
			response about the impact of the conditions
			in the North and West on Southern African
			Americans after migration. The Section
			Diagnostic in this lesson requires students to
			develop claims about the initial impacts of
			migration on a person's identity and quality
			of life and understand how the style and
			content of print and non-print texts
			contribute to an audience's understanding
			and maintain interest (W.11-12.1).
Non-negotiable (only reviewed if	Required	Yes	Coherent sequences of questions and tasks
Criterion 1 is met)	3a) Coherent sequences of questions and tasks focus		focus students on understanding the text and
3. COHERENCE OF TASKS:	students on understanding the text and its illustrations (as		its illustrations, making connections among
Materials contain meaningful,	applicable), making connections among the texts in the		the texts in the collection, and expressing
connected tasks that build	collection, and expressing their understanding of the topics,		their understanding of the topics, themes,
student knowledge and provide	themes, and ideas presented in the texts.		and ideas presented in the texts. Each unit in
opportunities for students to read, understand, and express			the materials is anchored by a Culminating Task. The work within each unit supports
understanding of complex texts			students in addressing this task.
through speaking and listening,			For example, in <i>The Great Gatsby</i> unit, the
and writing. Tasks integrate			Culminating Writing Task states, "How does
reading, writing, speaking and			Fitzgerald develop a theme about
listening, and include			perception throughout the novel? Write a
components of vocabulary,			literary analysis in which you state your
syntax, and fluency, as needed,			response and logically and sufficiently
so that students can gain			support your response with claims. Support
meaning from text.			your claims with textual evidence including
			direct quotations with parenthetical
			citations." The questions and tasks across

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
Yes No			the unit build knowledge and are aligned
Yes No			with this culminating assessment. For
			example, in Section 2, Lesson 4, students
			react to Chapter 3 by answering the
			question, "What is Nick's perception of
			Jordan? What details support your answer?"
			Later in the lesson, students form a claim in
			response to the following prompt: "Choose
			a character and explain how he or she
			perceives a person, event, or concept and if
			that perception is accurate." In Lesson 5,
			students complete the Section Diagnostic by
			writing a response to the following prompt:
			"Choose a character and explain how he or
			she perceives a person, event, or concept
			and if that perception is accurate. This
			connects to the Culminating Task as
			students "demonstrate their understanding
			of how Fitzgerald uses characters to develop
			a theme about perception." In the Film in
			America unit, questions support students in
			making meaning of complex text and
			building knowledge aligned with the
			Culminating Task. For example, in Section 2,
			Lesson 2, students read "Do Films Need to
			Reflect Society?" and annotate the text for
			connections to the reading focus, "How does
			the article support the thesis, 'The overall
			purpose of creating films has changed
			throughout the years, becoming more of a
			source of entertainment as opposed to
			acting as a mirror?'" and the Culminating
			Task. At the end of this lesson, students
			respond to a task that demands the use of
			multiple texts, which states, "Based on the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			films you have viewed and the texts you
			have read in this section, do films need to
			reflect society? Why or why not? Ensure
			your response includes evidence from
			multiple sources." In Section 4, Lesson 3,
			students engage in a discussion to make
			connections between a selected movie
			trailer and the articles, "How Hollywood
			Movies and TV Shows Impact Real Science"
			and "Our Future, As Seen Throughout the
			History of Film." Finally, during the
			Culminating Task, students refer to multiple
			texts on a shared theme or topic, which
			states, "Write an essay that deconstructs
			the relationship between film and culture in
			America. Determine the role of film as it
			reflects and influences the way we see
			ourselves, each other, and the future.
			Strengthen your claims with textual
			evidence including direct quotations with
			parenthetical citations from source
			material." To continue, in the Warmth of
			Other Suns unit, the Culminating Task is
			"How did a person's life change as a result of
			the decision to migrate?" To answer this
			question, students create and deliver a
			presentation to explain the factors that
			most strongly influenced one person's
			decision to migrate. The questions within
			the unit support students in this task. For
			example, in Section 1, Lesson 3, students
			develop responses to questions including
			the following: "What is one of Wilkerson's
			claims about the Great Migration?" "What
			are Wilkerson's position and supporting

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			claims about the Great Migration?" and
			"How effectively does she present the
			argument?" In Section 1, Lesson 4, students
			continue to read with a focus on details that
			reveal push and pull factors for migration.
			They answer questions such as "What
			knowledge is gained about the Great
			Migration?" and "How do the details
			enhance your understanding of the Great
			Migration?" These questions build students'
			understanding for the Section Diagnostic in
			Section 1, Lesson 5, in which students
			answer the following questions: "What was
			the Great Migration" and "Who migrated
			and for what reasons?" Finally, in the
			Homeownership unit, the Culminating
			Writing Task requires students to use the
			unit texts to "develop an argument in
			response to the unit questionis the dream
			of homeownership viable for all Americans?-
			- within a more focused subtopic area.". In
			Section 2, Lesson 3, students read the article
			"Where Should a Poor Family Live?" and
			respond to the following questions: "What
			does affordable housing look like to you?"
			"What is the author's perspective?" "In what
			ways do the two questions that open the
			argument set up its position and claims?"
			and "If someone were to counter this
			argument, what might they challenge or
			address?" In Lesson 4, students read the
			article, "Great Affordable Housing Debate"
			and identify how the response in this article
			differs from the perspective of "Where
			Should a Poor Family Live?" These lessons

speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level complex texts. The materials include multiple opportunities for students to read, write, and discuss using complex text. For example, in <i>The Great Gatsby</i> unit, in Section 2, Lesson 2, students explore the meaning of important words or phrases in the text. For example, students analyze the sentence "But his eyes, dimmed a little by many paintless days under sun and rain, brood on over the solemn dumping ground (Fitzgerald 24)" and respond to the followin questions: "Why might something 'brood'? and "Is 'brood' positive or negative? How do you know?" Later in this lesson, students listen as the teacher reads aloud pages 34- 35. The following reading focus questions are provided in the materials: "How does	CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
3b) Questions and tasks are designed so that students build, apply, and integrate knowledge and skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level complex texts.students build and apply knowledge and skills in reading, writing, and language through quality, grade-level complex texts.and language through quality, grade-level complex texts.complex texts. The materials include multiple opportunities for students to read, write, and discuss using complex text. For example, in <i>The Great Gatsby</i> unit, in Section 2, Lesson 2, students explore the meaning of important words or phrases in the text. For example, students analyze the sentence "But his eyes, dimmed a little by many paintless days under sun and rain, brood on over the solemn dumping ground (Fitzgerald 24)" and respond to the followin questions: "Why might something 'brood? and "Is 'brood' positive or negative? How do you know?" Later in this lesson, students listen as the teacher reads aloud pages 33. The following reading focus questions are provided in the materials: "How does				diagnostic in which they write a multi- paragraph explanation of the authors' perspective, position, and major claims in
does she perceive him this way?" Students use their understanding of this scene to write a claim about Myrtle's perception of her husband. In Section 2, Lesson 3,		3b) Questions and tasks are designed so that students build , apply, and integrate knowledge and skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level	Yes	Questions and tasks are designed so that students build and apply knowledge and skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level complex texts. The materials include multiple opportunities for students to read, write, and discuss using complex text. For example, in <i>The Great Gatsby</i> unit, in Section 2, Lesson 2, students explore the meaning of important words or phrases in the text. For example, students analyze the sentence "But his eyes, dimmed a little by many paintless days under sun and rain, brood on over the solemn dumping ground (Fitzgerald 24)" and respond to the following questions: "Why might something 'brood'?" and "Is 'brood' positive or negative? How do you know?" Later in this lesson, students listen as the teacher reads aloud pages 34- 35. The following reading focus questions are provided in the materials: "How does Myrtle perceive her husband?" and "Why does she perceive him this way?" Students use their understanding of this scene to write a claim about Myrtle's perception of her husband. In Section 2, Lesson 3, students reread pages 43-45 of the text with a partner and then answer the question, "What are some of the rumors circulating

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			39-46 and answer the following questions in
			their Learning Logs: "What are the
			partygoers' perceptions of Gatsby?" and
			"How are these perceptions used to build
			suspense?" Students then share responses
			with the class. At the end of this lesson,
			students read the remainder of Chapter 3
			independently and record their thinking in
			writing to respond to the question, "What is
			Nick's perception of Jordan?" In the Friday
			Night Lights unit, Section 3, Lesson 3,
			students work with a partner to reread
			"Women and men in sports: Separate is not
			equal" and to annotate the text for
			sentences that reflect the author's claim.
			Students then examine mentor sentences to
			analyze the language and text features
			before engaging in a discussion aligned with
			the following questions: "What do you
			notice about the punctuation within the
			sentence?" "How does the vocabulary used
			contribute to the meaning of the sentence?"
			"What is the meaning of the figurative
			language in the sentence?" and "How does
			the structure of the sentence contribute to
			the meaning of the sentence?" At the end of
			this lesson, students watch a video, "Who
			says girls can't play football? Certainly not
			13-year-old Auburn Roberson." Then, they
			engage in a class discussion surrounding the
			following prompt: "Compare and contrast
			the role that women have in sports in the
			article 'Women and men in sports: Separate
			is not equal' and the video 'Who says girls
			can't play football? Certainly not 13-year-old

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Auburn Roberson' with the role that women have in sports at Permian High School. Which role is more beneficial for women? Why?" After concluding the discussion, students answer the following questions in their Learning Logs: "What claim did one of your peers make that challenged your thinking on this topic? How did it challenge your thinking?" and "What new understanding have you come to after this discussion?" Finally, in the Homeownership unit, Section 3, Lesson 4, students read and annotate the poems "Gentrification" by Sherman Alexie and "The Case for Reparations" by a-Nehisi Paul Coates. They work in pairs to discuss and answer the question "What is the author's perspective on gentrification?" This lesson leads to Section 3, Lesson 6 in which students participate in a Socratic Seminar arguing the following questions: "Is the trend in US cities toward gentrification a mostly positive or mostly negative development for the people who live there?" "How might you counter the arguments of those who take the opposite side?" and "Given your position on gentrification and the evidence you have considered, what do you think the US response to the trend toward gentrification should be?" During the seminar, students have roles in speaking and listening. Students in the inner circle speak and participate in the discussion while those in the outer circle listen and take notes.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	 Required 3c) Questions and tasks support students in examining the language (vocabulary, sentences, and structure) critical to the meaning of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. Questions and tasks also focus on advancing depth of word knowledge through emphasizing word meaning and relationships among words (e.g., concept- and thematically related words, word families, etc.) rather than isolated vocabulary practice, and engaging students with multiple repetitions of words in varied contexts (e.g., reading different texts, completing tasks, engaging in speaking/listening). 	Yes	Questions and tasks support students in examining the language (vocabulary, sentences, and structure) critical to the meaning of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. Questions and tasks focus on advancing depth of word knowledge through emphasizing word meaning and relationships among words rather than isolated vocabulary practice, and engaging students with multiple repetitions of words in varied contexts. For example, in <i>The Great</i> <i>Gatsby</i> unit, Section 2, Lesson 2, students work with the mentor sentence: "The eyes of Doctor T.J. Eckleburg are blue and gigantictheir retinas are one yard high (Fitzgerald 23)" to answer the following questions, "What do you notice about the punctuation within the sentence?" "How does the vocabulary used contribute to the meaning of the sentence?" Students write a response to the following question using the same structure as the mentor sentence: "How would you describe Myrtle's character based on what you've read so far?" Analysis of mentor sentences for vocabulary and structure occurs frequently throughout the unit. Likewise, in <i>The Warmth of Other Suns</i> unit, Section 2, Lesson 1, students analyze vocabulary including the words, divisive and dismantled. Students "share what they notice about the words, focusing on word parts and word relationships when

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			appropriate." After discussing the words,
			students draw a representation of the
			words. In Section 3, Lesson 3, students use
			mentor sentences to analyze sentence
			structure and vocabulary. The students
			discuss the sentence by answering the
			questions "What do you notice about the
			phrases within the sentences?" "How does
			the vocabulary used contribute to the
			meaning of the sentences?" and "What is
			the meaning of the figurative language in
			the sentence?" Once the students analyze
			the sentence, they model the structure by
			answering the following question that is
			related to the text: "How does mentor
			sentence 3 connect with mentor sentences 1
			and 2?" This allows students to practice the
			structure of the mentor sentence while
			applying it to the text. Mentor sentences
			include the following: "Unknowingly, the
			migrants were walking into a headwind of
			resentment and suspicion." "They had
			emerged from a cave of restrictions into
			wide-open anonymous hives that viewed
			them with bemusement and contempt." and
			"What they could not have realized was the
			calcifying untruths they would have to
			overcome on top of everything else." In the
			Homeownership unit, Section 1, Lesson 2,
			students analyze vocabulary used in the
			text. The students examine the word,
			covenant, and they "share what they notice
			about the words, focusing on word parts
			and word relationships when appropriate."
			After discussing the phrase, students answer

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			the following question: "What does
			'covenant' mean in the sentence, 'Many
			white women began to feel trapped in the
			role of housewife, while restrictive
			covenants barred most African American and Asian American families from living in
			suburban neighborhoods at all." In Section
			2, Lesson 2, students analyze vocabulary
			used in the text, such as affordable dwelling,
			and answer questions, including "What does
			Iglesias describe as an affordable dwelling?"
Section II. K-5 Non-negotiable Fou	ndational Skills Indicators (Grades K-5 only)		
Non-negotiable*	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
4. FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS:	4a) Materials provide and follow a logical sequence of		
Materials provide instruction and	appropriate foundational skills instruction indicated by the		
diagnostic support in concepts of	standards (based on the <u>Vertical Progression of Foundational</u>		
print, phonological awareness,	Skills) while providing abundant opportunities for every		
phonics, vocabulary,	student to become proficient in each of the foundational		
development, syntax, and fluency	skills.		
in a logical and transparent	Required *Indicator for grades K-1 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
progression. These foundational	4b) Materials provide grade-appropriate instruction and		
skills are necessary and central	practice for the concepts of print (e.g., following words left to		
components of an effective,	right, top to bottom, page by page; words are followed by		
comprehensive reading program	spaces; and features of a sentence).		
designed to develop proficient	Required *Indicator for grades K-1 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
readers with the capacity to	4c) Materials provide systematic and explicit phonological		
comprehend texts across a range of types and disciplines.	awareness instruction (e.g., recognizing rhyming words;		
or types and disciplines.	clapping syllables; blending onset-rime; and blending,		
*As applicable (e.g., when the	segmenting, deleting, and substituting phonemes). Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
scope of the materials is	4d) Materials provide systematic and explicit phonics	N/A	not applicable for this grade level.
comprehensive and considered a	instruction. Instruction progresses from simple to more		
full program)	complex sound–spelling patterns and word analysis skills that		
	includes repeated modeling and opportunities for students to		

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
Yes No	hear, say, write, and read sound and spelling patterns (e.g. sounds, words, sentences, reading within text).		
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4e) Materials provide multiple opportunities and practice for students to master grade appropriate high-frequency words using multisensory techniques.	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only4f) Resources and/or texts provide ample practice offoundational reading skills using texts (e.g. decodablereaders) and allow for systematic, explicit, and frequentpractice of reading foundational skills, including phonicspatterns and word analysis skills in decoding words.Materials provide opportunities for students to self-monitorto confirm or self-correct word errors directing students toreread purposefully to acquire accurate meaning.This should include monitoring that will allow students toreceive regular feedback.	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	 Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4g) Opportunities are frequently built into the materials that allow for students to achieve reading fluency in oral and silent reading, that is, to read a wide variety of grade-appropriate prose, poetry, and/or informational texts with accuracy, rate appropriate to the text, and expression. Materials provide opportunities for students to self-monitor to confirm or self-correct word errors directing students to reread purposefully to acquire accurate meaning. This should include monitoring that will allow students to receive regular feedback on their oral reading fluency in the 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	specific areas of appropriate rate, expressiveness, and accuracy.		
	 Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4h) Materials provide instruction and practice in word study. In grades K-2, materials provide instruction and practice in word study including pronunciation, roots, prefixes, suffixes and spelling/sound patterns, as well as decoding of grade-level words, by using sound-symbol knowledge and knowledge of syllabication and regular practice in encoding (spelling) the sound symbol relationships of English. (<i>Note: Instruction and practice with roots, prefixes, and suffixes is applicable for grade 1 and higher.</i>) In grades 3-5, materials provide instruction and practice in word study including systematic examination of grade-level morphology, decoding of multisyllabic words by using syllabication, and automaticity with grade-level regular and irregular spelling patterns. 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	 Required *Indicator for grades K-2 only 4i) Materials provide opportunities for teachers to assess students' mastery of foundational skills and respond to the needs of individual students based on ongoing assessments offered at regular intervals. Monitoring includes attention to invented spelling as appropriate for its diagnostic value. 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4j) Foundational Skills materials are abundant and easily implemented so that teachers can spend time, attention and practice with students who need foundational skills supports.	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
Section III. Additional Criteria	of Superior Quality		

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
CRITERIA 5. RANGE AND VOLUME OF TEXTS: Materials reflect the distribution of text types and genres suggested by the standards (e.g. RLK.9, RL.1.5, RI.1.9, RL.2.4, R.2.3, RL.3.2, RL.3.5, RI.4.3, RL.5.7, RI.7.7, RL.8.9, RI.9-10.9, and RL.10/RI.10 across grade levels.) Yes No	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY Required Sa) Materials seek a balance in instructional time between literature and informational texts. (Reviewers will consider the balance within units of study as well as across the entire grade level using the ratio between literature/informational texts to help determine the appropriate balance.) The majority of informational texts have an informational text structure. In grades 3-12, narrative structure (e.g. speeches, biographies, essays) of informational text are also included.		EXAMPLES Materials seek a balance in instructional time between literature and informational texts. Two of the five units in the materials are anchored by fictional texts while three of the units are predominantly informational texts. <i>The Great Gatsby</i> unit is anchored by a fiction text; however, the unit contains some informational texts including the following: an essay excerpt from <i>Staying Put: Making a</i> <i>Home in a Restless World</i> ; and the essay <i>"Causes Of The Restless Spirit Of Americans</i> <i>In The Midst Of Their Prosperity" from</i> <i>Democracy in America</i> . There is also a short story within the materials, Nathaniel Hawthorne's, "The Golden Touch" from <i>A</i> <i>Wonder-book for Girls and Boys</i> . The unit Film in America, which contains various articles from "Movies Mirror Culture" by Jack Lule, University of Minnesota Libraries Publishing. The texts within this unit are primarily articles, including fourteen articles, but also include some videos, such as "The Culture of the 1950s," "Invasion of the Body Snatchers Analysis," and "The Importance of Representation in Film and Media," and "Our Future, As Seen Throughout the History of Film." In <i>The Warmth of Other</i> <i>Suns</i> unit, the anchor text by Isabel Wilkerson is a historical novel text. Throughout the unit, the materials include
			Wilkerson is a historical novel text.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			examine the following three poems, "One-
			Way Ticket," and "The South" both written
			by Langston Hughes, as well as "The
			Lynching" by Claude McKay.
	Required	Yes	Materials include print and non-print texts
	5b) Materials include print and/or non-print texts in a variety		of different formats and lengths. In The
	of formats (e.g. a range of film, art, music, charts, etc.) and		Great Gatsby unit, the materials include
	lengths (e.g. short stories, poetry, and novels).		Fitzgerald's full-length novel and a collection
			of shorter works including an excerpt from
			Scott Russell Sanders's essay Staying Put:
			Making a Home in a Restless World and
			Nathaniel Hawthorne's short story "The
			Golden Touch.'' This unit also includes a Ted-
			Talk, "What Reality are You Creating for
			Yourself?" and a video, "The 1920s - An
			Overview." Likewise, in the unit Film in
			America, students read the articles, "Movies
			and Culture" from Understanding Media and
			Culture: An Introduction to Mass
			Communication" and "The Ableist Lens of
			Hollywood," The materials in this unit also
			include a list of suggested film trailers.
			Teachers select the film trailers to view in
			the respective section and lesson. Trailers
			include The Breakfast Club, Dead Poet
			Society, Dangerous Minds, Slumdog
			Millionaire, and Forrest Gump. To continue,
			the unit The Warmth of Other Suns includes
			the historical novel anchor text, videos,
			poems, a website, a graphic, and articles.
			Students view a map of "The Great
			Migration, 1916-1930" as well as view Isabel
			Wilkerson's Ted Talk, "The Great Migration
			and the Power of a Single Decision."
			Students also view portions of three PBS

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			videos, including "Slavery by Another Name," "Sharecropping," and "Jim Crow and Plessy V Ferguson." The Homeownership unit consists of articles, videos, nonfiction essays, poems, and a graphic. In Section 1, students examine the graphic, "Average Sales Price of Houses Sold for the United States" from the U.S. Census Bureau. Students also watch a variety of videos such as, "The 2008 Financial Crisis: Crash Course Economics #12" and "The Rise of Suburban Areas During the 1950s."
	5c) Additional materials provide direction and practice for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build reading stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and develop knowledge of classroom concepts or topics.	Yes	Additional materials provide direction and practice for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build reading stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and develop knowledge of classroom concepts or topics. Some of the units include optional activities for "independent choice reading of unit related texts." The Reading Guide includes a Volume of Reading in the Guidebooks section that provides guidance for "ensuring students are engaged in a volume of reading." For example, the teacher is encouraged to "Schedule time in the school day for students to engage in independent reading" and "Block ELA time for teachers to have more time to engage students in independent reading." The guidance also notes that when students read independently, certain conditions must be met, such as "students select books which are of interest to them, as this increases the likelihood they will persist in

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			reading a book that is complex," "students
			read multiple books on the same topic
			(similar to how the Guidebook units are
			designed), as this increases background
			knowledge and vocabulary knowledge,"
			"students are held accountable for their
			understanding of what they read." and
			Additionally, the Family Resource letters
			include a list of suggested texts for students
			to read independently at home. In addition
			to the suggested book list, the letter
			provides guidance for what independent
			reading looks like at home and how families
			can encourage independent reading at
			home. For example, the Family Resource
			letter within the In the Time of Butterflies
			unit includes a book list to deepen
			understanding of the topic studied in the
			unit. The list includes texts such as <i>The</i>
			Farming of Bones by Edwidge Danticat, The
			House on Mango Street by Sandra Cisneros,
			The Brief Wondrous Life of Oscar Wao by
			Junot Diaz, and Women Hollering and Other
			Stories by Sandra Cisneros. Discussion
			questions are also provided such as "What
			stood out to you?" and "Can you identify
			with a character in the book? Why or why
			not?"
6. WRITING TO SOURCES,	Required	Yes	Materials include a variety of opportunities
SPEAKING AND LISTENING, AND	6a) Materials include a variety of opportunities for students		for students to listen, speak, and write
LANGUAGE:	to listen, speak, and write about their understanding of texts		about their understanding of texts
The majority of tasks are text-	measured by Criteria 1 and 2; those opportunities are		measured by Criteria 1 and 2. In The Great
dependent or text-specific,	prominent, varied in length and time demands (e.g., informal		Gatsby unit, Section 2, Lesson 2, students
reflect the writing genres named	peer conversations, note taking, summary writing, discussing		react to pages 23-28 by developing a written
in the standards, require	and writing short-answer responses, whole-class formal		response to the following questions: "What

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
communication skills for college	discussions, shared writing, formal essays in different genres,		are the differences between the Valley of
and career readiness, and help	on-demand and process writing, etc.), and require students		the Ashes and East Egg?" and "What
students meet the language	to engage effectively, as determined by the grade-level		reference to vision or eyes is in the
standards for the grade.	standards. ⁵		description of the Valley of the Ashes?"
			Students also discuss their answers with a
Yes No			partner. Later in this lesson, students listen
Yes No			to and follow along with a read-aloud of
			pages 34-35 before writing a claim in
			response to the prompt, "How does Myrtle
			perceive her husband?" In Section 2, Lesson
			5, students complete the Section Diagnostic
			by writing a response to the following
			prompt: "Choose a character and explain
			how he or she perceives a person, event, or
			concept and if that perception is accurate.
			Use textual evidence to support your
			answer." In Section 3, Lesson 8, students
			participate in a whole-class discussion to
			answer the questions, "What is the
			relationship between perception and
			ambition? How does perception influence
			Jay Gatsby's ambition?" During the activity,
			students support their responses in the
			discussion with evidence from the texts read
			in the section. The tasks in this unit are tied
			to complex text and involve a variety of
			modes of expression. Likewise, in Friday
			Night Lights, Section 3, Lesson 1, students
			read Chapter 7 and write a summary in their
			Learning Logs. Later in this lesson, students
			respond to more prompts in their Learning
			Logs including, "What central idea does
			Bissinger develop through this chapter?"

⁵ Technology and digital media may be used, when appropriate, to support the standards addressed in this indicator.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	Required *Indicator for grades 3-12 only 6b) The majority of oral and written tasks require students to demonstrate the knowledge they built through the analysis and synthesis of texts, and present well defended claims and clear information, using grade-level language and conventions and drawing on textual evidence to support valid inferences from text.	(YES/NO) Yes	EXAMPLES and "How does he use the structure of the chapter and sections to develop this central idea?" Following the written response, students discuss their responses with the group. To continue, in <i>The Warmth of Other</i> <i>Suns</i> unit, Section 3, Lesson 1, students react to their reading by writing a response in their Learning Logs. Students read "The South" in groups to establish their understanding before discussing the text. In Section 3, Lesson 2, students work in groups to read excerpts from "A Kinder Mistress" from <i>The Warmth of Other Suns</i> . They discuss the reading and form a claim in response to the question, "How was your migrant immediately impacted by the decision to migrate?" The majority of oral and written tasks at all grade levels require students to demonstrate the knowledge they build through the analysis and synthesis of texts, and present well defended claims and clear information, using grade-level language and conventions and drawing on textual evidence to support valid inferences from text. For example, in the <i>Friday Night Lights</i> unit, Culminating Task, students demonstrate knowledge connections among multiple texts in the unit as they engage with the following prompt: "Write an analytical essay in which you state your
			claim and logically and sufficiently support it with evidence from the texts you have read. Use direct quotations and parenthetical citations from <i>Friday Night Lights</i> and

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			supplementary texts to provide evidence for
			your claims." Students defend a claim with
			evidence from a variety of texts. In <i>The</i>
			Warmth of Other Suns unit, Section 4,
			Lesson 5, students complete the Section
			Diagnostic by forming a claim in response to
			the question, "Did the conditions in the
			North and West improve African-Americans'
			quality of life?" In order to prepare to
			discuss the prompt, students gather and
			organize evidence about the effects of the
			Great Migration. Students use multiple
			connected texts as well as the tools from
			previous lessons to gather evidence to
			support their claims. Students engage in a
			whole class discussion and then complete a
			self-evaluation of the claim by asking
			questions such as "Is the claim clearly
			stated?" "Is the claim based on evidence you
			gathered from the text?" and "Is the claim
			specific to the question, original, and able to
			be supported by specific evidence?" In the
			unit Homeownership, Section 4, Lesson 1,
			students form a claim in response to the
			question: "What is your position on
			gentrification?" Students write their
			responses in their Learning Log and support
			their responses with evidence from the text.
			During the writing assignment, students
			draw upon the knowledge built in prior
			readings which prepares them for the
			Culminating Task questions including the
			following: "Future Aspirations: Should you
			and members of Gen-Z (post-millennials)
			aspire to or reject the traditional American

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	 Required 6c) Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing (opinion/argumentative, informative, narrative) as outlined by the standards at each grade level. As students progress through the grades, narrative prompts decrease in number and increase in being based on text(s). In grades 3-12, tasks may include blended modes (e.g., analytical writing). 	Yes	dream of homeownership? Why?" and "The Dream Deferred: Has the expectation of 'a decent home and a suitable living environment for every American family' been a 'false promise'? Should our society take responsibility for the history of discriminatory housing practices that continue to cause disparity of opportunities for people of color?" Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing as outlined by the standards at each grade level. In <i>The Great Gatsby</i> unit, students engage in a literary analysis task that functions as the unit's Culminating Task. This task demands students reference complex text to answer the question, "How does Fitzgerald develop a theme about perception throughout the novel?" This task is grounded in evidence from the text. The unit also contains three diagnostic writing tasks at the end of each section in which students form claims and support them with relevant text based evidence. In the <i>Friday</i> <i>Night Lights</i> unit, quality writing tasks are included in each section. For example, in Section 2, Lesson 5, students write a response to the following prompt: "What claim about race and sports does Bissinger develop in the first six chapters of <i>Friday</i> <i>Night Lights</i> ? Compare and contrast his claim with a claim made by DeJesus in 'Unchecked, Unchallenged and Unabashed' or Samuel in 'The White Flight from Football.' This task requires students to

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			reference multiple complex texts in the materials and is appropriate for the grade level standards. The unit's Culminating Task is an analytical essay in which students identify the central ideas within the text and use evidence from the various texts. Likewise, in the unit <i>The Warmth of Other</i> <i>Suns</i> , Section 1, Lesson 3, students respond, in writing, to the question, "What are Wilkerson's position and supporting claims about the Great Migration?" Later, in Section 1, Lesson 5, students answer the following questions in writing: "What was the Great Migration?" and "Who migrated and for what reasons?" Students demonstrate their ability to form a claim, develop a response, integrate quotations, and use conventions to produce clear writing. Students use the skills from the Section Diagnostic to complete a digital presentation for the Culminating Task. Students "explain the factors that most strongly influenced one person's decision to migrate and examine the impact of their decisions."
	 Required 6d) Materials address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts. For example, materials create opportunities for students to analyze the syntax of a quality text to determine the text's meaning and model their own 	Yes	Materials explicitly address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts. For example, in <i>The Great Gatsby</i> unit, Section 3, Lesson 2, students analyze qualities of complex writing. Students observe the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	sentence construction as a way to develop more		construction of sentences that integrate
	complex sentence structure and usage.		quotations. Students read the citation:
			"'What do you think of that? It's stopped
			raining' (Fitzgerald 89)" and use the
			evidence sentence starters to write a
			sentence in their Learning Log that
			integrates all or a portion of the quotation
			while maintaining the flow of ideas. The
			materials include guiding questions that
			focus on sentence structure including, "How
			does integrating the quotation improve
			sentence fluency?" Students also analyze a
			mentor sentence from the novel, which
			states, "There must have been moments
			even that afternoon when Daisy tumbled
			short of his dreamsnot through her own
			fault, but because of the colossal vitality of
			his illusion" (Fitzgerald 95). Students identify
			the parts of the mentor sentence and
			analyze its punctuation before mimicking
			the style of the sentence in response to text-
			based questions. In the Film in America unit,
			Section 2, Lesson 2, students again analyze
			the following mentor sentence: "Mass
			culture is a cultural system of producing
			products that will be available to mass
			populations. Popular culture, on the other
			hand, is what people do with these
			entertainments and commodities in real life
			which has little to do with the meanings that
			the producers have in mind." The materials
			include guiding questions that place
			emphasis on understanding sentence
			construction including the following: "What
			do you notice about the grammatical

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			structures within the sentences?" "What word or punctuation in the mentor sentence connects two independent clauses?" "What phrases or clauses do you notice?" and "Can we rearrange the mentor sentence? What do we have to change or add? How does rearranging the sentence change its meaning or style?" Following this analysis, students respond to the questions "What claims does the author make about the differences between culture and popular culture? How does the author develop these claims?" by using a style similar to the mentor sentence. In the unit <i>The Warmth of Other Suns</i> , Section 2, Lesson 4, students use a mentor sentence to discuss and break down each section of the sentence. They again discuss the following questions: "How does the vocabulary used contribute to the meaning of the sentence?" "What phrases or clauses do you notice?" "How does each phrase or clause connect to the rest of the mentor sentence?" and "What is the purpose of each phrase and clause in the mentor sentence?" The students then use the mentor sentence as a model to respond to the question: "What factors are influencing the characters' push towards
7. ASSESSMENTS:	Required	Yes	migration?" Materials use varied modes of assessment,
Materials offer assessment	7a) Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a	100	including a range of pre-, formative,
opportunities that genuinely	range of pre-, formative, summative and self-assessment		summative and self-assessment measures.
measure progress and elicit	measures.		The materials include modes of assessment
direct, observable evidence of			that are delivered in a consistent way across

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
the degree to which students can			units. Each unit contains a Culminating Task
independently demonstrate the			as well as Section Diagnostics located
assessed grade-specific standards			throughout the unit that aligns with the
with appropriately complex			Culminating Task. For example, in the Film in
text(s).			America unit, Section 1 diagnostic, students
			participate in a Socratic Seminar in which
Yes No			they identify the central idea from the text
			"Movies and Culture" from Understanding
			Media and Culture and apply those ideas to
			the film Invasion of the Body Snatchers. In
			this seminar, students "determine how
			different messages are developed and how
			these ideas compare and contrast with the
			contemporary relationship between
			American film and culture." In Section 3,
			students choose a film from the texts to
			view independently and compose a multi-
			paragraph response that analyzes how the
			film portrays relationships. Students
			"analyze the interaction between characters
			through the lens of friendship, family,
			and/or romance, identify the impact of the
			era the film was produced, and evaluate the
			impact of this representation on the
			audience." Finally, in Section 4, "students
			work in a small group and select a film from
			the Section Four Suggested Viewing list and
			compose a critique for a presentation" that
			addresses the question "How are the fears
			and dreams of American culture
			represented in the film's portrayal of
			science, technology, and the future?" The
			assessments in the unit are varied in type
			and in focus. Likewise in the Friday Night
			Lights unit, formative and summative

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			assessment opportunities are provided in the materials. For example, the materials include Section Quizzes. Following Sections 3 and 4, students complete a formative assessment in which they respond to multiple choice questions including, but not limited to the following: "What comparison does the author make between the value of academics in Odessa and other West Texas towns in chapter seven?" "Which excerpts from the article include imagery that supports the authors' claim that 'female frailty still shapes the environment of sports'?" and "What is the author's perspective on arguments against parents' decisions to allow their sons to participate on traveling baseball teams?" At the end of the unit, students complete a summative Culminating Writing Task that requires them to write an analytical essay in response to the following prompt: "What two central ideas does Bissinger develop about high school football within his text? How does Bissinger develop these two central ideas throughout the course of the text?"
	Required 7b) Materials assess student understanding of the topics, themes, and/or ideas presented in the unit texts. Questions and tasks are developed so that students demonstrate the knowledge and skill built over the course of the unit.	Yes	Materials assess student understanding of the topics, themes, and/or ideas presented in the unit texts. Each unit contains a Culminating Task that requires students to demonstrate the knowledge and skills built over the course of the unit. For example, in the <i>Friday Night Lights</i> unit, Culminating Task, students write an analytical essay in response to the following prompt: "What two central ideas does Bissinger develop

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			about high school football within his text?
			How does Bissinger develop these two
			central ideas throughout the course of the
			text? (focus on structure, characterization,
			content, language)." To answer this
			question, students identify two central ideas
			that Bissinger develops about high school
			football and explain how these ideas are
			developed across the text and how they
			build upon one another as the text
			progresses. In the Film in America unit,
			students complete a Culminating Task in
			which they connect learning and knowledge
			built over the course of the unit to respond
			to the following prompt: "Write an essay
			that deconstructs the relationship between
			film and culture in America. Determine the
			role of film as it reflects and influences the
			way we see ourselves, each other, and the
			future." During the task, students use
			textual evidence from source materials and
			make reference to a variety of specific films
			from the unit. In <i>The Warmth of Other Suns</i>
			unit, Section 2, Lesson 4, students form a
			claim to the following question: "What are
			the most significant factors influencing your
			migrant's decision to leave the South?"
			During the lesson, students gather
			knowledge about a migrant which builds
			their knowledge ahead of the Culminating
			Task in which they deliver a presentation
			explaining the factors that most strongly
			influenced one person's decision to migrate
			and examine the impact of those decisions.
			Students support their claims with textual

	(YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
		evidence and incorporate digital media to enhance their audience's understanding and maintain their interest.
 Required 7c) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance.	Yes	Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance. The Assessment Overview page of the materials includes a Culminating Task rubric and exemplar. The materials note that teachers should assess student understanding using these tools. For example, in <i>The Great</i> <i>Gatsby</i> unit, students write a literary analysis essay in which they analyze how Fitzgerald builds a theme about perception in his novel. An exemplar response is included that demonstrates quality work. A rubric, with a clear set of success criteria, is also included. Success criteria include the following: "Students demonstrate success determining the meaning of text(s) by accurately analyzing and/or synthesizing ideas within and across texts" and "Student demonstrates <i>success</i> forming a valid and evidence-based position, response, or focus." In each category, teachers can assess whether a student meets the criteria, continues practice, or needs support. The exemplar and the rubric work together to clarify expectations for students and teachers. Additionally, each unit has Section Diagnostics along with checklists for assessing student's understanding. For example, in <i>The Warmth of Other Suns</i> unit,

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			reading look-fors, such as the following: "How well does the student explain the scope and duration of the Great Migration?" "How well does the student explain the major events that may have influenced African Americans to migrate" and "How well does the student identify research questions and explain their focus for research?" Performance descriptors such as Meets Criteria (3), Continue Practice (2), Needs Support (1), and Insufficient Evidence (0) are also included.
	Required 7d) Measurement of progress via assessments include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities.	Yes	Measurement of progress via assessments includes the gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. During the Culminating Task in each unit, students independently demonstrate the knowledge and skills they've built throughout the unit. For example, in <i>The Great Gatsby</i> unit, Culminating Task, students write a literary analysis essay to answer the question, "How does Fitzgerald develop a theme about perception throughout the novel?" The lessons in the materials align with this task. In Section 2, Lesson 4, for instance, students read Chapter 3 of the novel and consider the following questions: "What is Nick's perception of Jordan?" and "What details support your answer?" Students use the Perception Understanding Tool to analyze the relationships among the details and ideas of the text. Later in this lesson, students independently write a claim in response to the following prompt:

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			"Choose a character and explain how he or
			she perceives a person, event, or concept
			and if that perception is accurate." Later in
			this unit, in Section 4, Lesson 3, students
			analyze theme and perception after reading
			Chapter 8. Students respond to the
			following questions: "What reference to
			eyes or vision do you see in this excerpt?"
			"What is this reference related to?" and
			"How does this develop a theme?" The
			knowledge and skills connect between tasks
			and ultimately align with the culminating
			summative assessment. Likewise, in Friday
			Night Lights, formative and summative
			assessment opportunities are aligned and
			allow for a gradual release. In Section 1,
			Lesson 6, students use Chapters 1-4 to write
			a response to the following Section
			Diagnostic question: "What is a central idea
			that Bissinger is developing about high
			school football in the first four chapters of
			<i>Friday Night Lights</i> ? How does he develop this central message?" In Section 2, Lesson
			4, students read "The White Flight From
			Football" in a group to identify a claim the
			author is making in the article. Students
			answer questions in a group, including the
			following: "What claim does the author
			make in this article?" and "What does the
			author use to support this claim?" These
			formative assessments align with the
			Culminating Task in which students
			independently respond to the following
			prompt: "What two central ideas does
			Bissinger develop about high school football

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			within his text? How does Bissinger develop these two central ideas throughout the course of the text? (focus on structure, characterization, content, language)." Finally, in the Homeownership unit, Section 2, Lesson 3, students read the article "Where Should a Poor Family Live?" and respond to the question, "What is the author's perspective?" This guiding question allows the students to build knowledge about a central topic, the equity of homeownership, in the unit. Scaffolded guiding questions are embedded in the materials, such as the following: "What stands out about how the author seems to view the topic?" "Why might the author view the topic in this way?" and "How might his/her experiences and beliefs influence the perspective of the text?" These activities ultimately ensure students have sufficient knowledge of homeownership and how equitable it is for most families in America in preparing for the Culminating Task.
	7e) Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are unbiased and accessible to all students.	Yes	Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are unbiased and accessible to all students. In the <i>Friday Night Lights</i> unit, a clear rubric is included in the materials that outlines the criteria needed for success on the Culminating Task. For each reading and writing criteria, the teacher assesses student work as Meets Criteria, Continue Practice, Needs Support, or Insufficient Evidence. The criteria itself aligns with student standards. For example, the criteria state students must demonstrate "proficiency developing

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			supporting claims or points logically with
			relevant and sufficient textual evidence." In
			Section 5, Lesson 1, students use the
			Culminating Task Tool to review the task and
			prepare for writing. They also have an
			opportunity to write "clarification
			questions" about the task and to discuss the
			prompt with a partner. Lessons 2 through 4
			of Section 5 provide step-by-step guidelines
			and directions as students begin to build
			their writing. The materials include guiding
			questions that help students focus on the
			success criteria, such as the following:
			"What type of task is this?" "What are the
			parts to this task?" and "What elements
			must be included in a response for this
			task?" Finally, students read their partner's
			work and consider how the work aligns to
			the success criteria by answering additional
			guided questions, such as the following:
			"Does the work address all parts of the
			task?" and "Is there a clear response and
			supporting claims that are specific, original, appropriate to the task, and based on
			evidence?" Section 5, Lesson 5 of <i>The</i>
			Warmth of Other Suns unit focuses on peer
			revision aligned to the success criteria. In a
			peer review, students consider the following
			questions: "Does the presentation address
			all parts of the task?" "Is there a clear
			position and supporting claims/points that
			are specific, original, appropriate to the task,
			and based on evidence?" "How well is the
			argument developed?" and "Is the reasoning
			logical in connection to the thesis

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			statement?" Students revise their presentations based on feedback before engaging in another series of questions, which include the following: "What is my position?" "What are my supporting claims?" and "Do I introduce and support the supporting claims in a logical order reflected in the thesis statement?"
 8. SCAFFOLDING AND SUPPORT: Materials provide all students, including those who read below grade level, with extensive opportunities and support to encounter and comprehend grade-level complex text as required by the standards. Yes No 	Required 8a) As needed, pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding the text itself (i.e. providing background knowledge, supporting vocabulary acquisition). Pre-reading activities should be no more than 10% of time devoted to any reading instruction.	Yes	Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students in understanding the text itself. Pre-reading activities in <i>The Great Gatsby</i> unit provide essential scaffolding about the unit's theme of perception. In Section 1, Lesson 1, students view "What Reality Are You Creating for Yourself?" and then complete the following guided questions: "According to the speaker, what determines our reality?" "What claim does the speaker make about perception?" and "What is the definition of the word 'perception'?" In Lesson 2, students prepare to read the novel by building background knowledge of the time period. Students read "Lost Generation" and answer the guiding question, "Why do you think participating in a world war would create a generation of people who were disillusioned?" Later in this lesson, students listen to a read-aloud of the first four pages of the novel to gather essential content. The guiding questions in this portion of the lesson build access to the complex text and include the following questions: "Who are the characters? Which

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			characters are the main characters?" "What
			conflict or problem do the main character(s)
			encounter?" and "What do the main
			character(s) want to accomplish?" In the
			Film in America unit, Section 1, Lesson 1,
			students complete the following pre-reading
			questions to prepare to engage with the
			unit: "Does America look the same today as
			it did 10 years ago?" "What major changes
			can you identify?" "What major differences
			can you identify from 50 years ago?" "What
			is the purpose of film/movies?" and "Do
			movies only portray the positive aspects of
			American culture? Why or why not?" Once
			students have answered the questions in
			their Learning Logs, a whole class discussion
			surrounding those questions begins.
			Students also read the unit overview and
			central question to activate background
			knowledge before beginning the unit. In <i>The</i>
			Warmth of Other Suns unit, Section 1,
			Lesson 3, students read the statement about
			the speaker Isabel Wilkerson before viewing
			her TedTalk. After viewing the video, the
			teacher leads a discussion using guided
			questions including: "What stands out about
			how Wilkerson seems to view the Great
			Migration?" and "How do Wilkerson's
			language choices indicate her perspective?"
			These questions assist students in answering
			the main question, "What is one of
			Wilkerson's major claims about the Great
			Migration?" In Section 2, Lesson 1, students
			examine the words, divisive and dismantled.
			Students share what they notice about the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			word, focusing on word parts and word relationships when appropriate. The teacher guides students through a discussion by asking the following questions: "What does this word mean in your own words?" "What other words come to mind when you think of this word?" and "After reviewing the definition of the word, what other words/ have a similar or opposite meaning?" The pre-reading activities support and help engage students in the texts throughout the unit.
	Required 8b) Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. Texts do not serve as platforms to practice discrete strategies.	Yes	Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. For example, in the Film in America unit, Section 2, Lesson 2, students read "Do Films Need to Reflect Society?" This text is used to build students' knowledge of the ideas presented in the Culminating Task, which states, "Consider the tradition of film and the role it has played over the last 100 years in America. What is the purpose of film? Do existing cultural norms influence film production or do Americans model themselves after the films they see?" The lesson format includes annotations of the text and a specific reading focus which states, "How does the article support the thesis, 'The overall purpose of creating films has changed throughout the years, becoming more of a source of entertainment as opposed to acting as a

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			mirror'?" In Friday Night Lights, reading strategies support comprehension of the text. For example, in Section 3, Lesson 2, students deepen their understanding of the text by annotating an excerpt from Chapter 7 and focusing on the details that develop Bridgitte's character. Guided questions support comprehension of the text and build insight. Questions include, "What tone does Bissinger use when writing about Bridgitte?" and "What evidence supports your answer?" In the Homeownership unit, Section 3, Lesson 2, students watch the video "Race the House We Live In" and focus on the guiding question, "Is the American Dream achievable for all Americans?" After watching, students work in pairs to answer the following questions: "How was the fulfillment of the dream of homeownership in post-war America different for white and Black Americans?" "How was racial segregation and discrimination "institutionalized" by the Federal Housing Administration?" and "How did practices like "redlining" reduce the long-term opportunity to build wealth for Black Americans?" These questions allow students to answer the viewing question by developing claims and building knowledge about the homeownership attainability for all Americans.
	Required 8c) Materials include guidance and support that regularly directs teachers to return to focused parts of the text to	Yes	Materials include guidance and support that regularly directs teachers to return to focused parts of the text to guide students through rereading and discussion about the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	guide students through rereading and discussion about the		ideas, events, and information found there.
	ideas, events, and information found there.		For example, in Friday Night Lights, Section
			4, Lesson 1, the materials direct students to
			return to a focused part of the text to
			discuss Bissinger's purpose and his
			development of central ideas. Students
			reread the paragraph on page 224 that
			starts, "As Boobie's season became a sad
			and sour struggle" and respond to the
			following questions: "How does Bissinger
			use the stories of Boobie and Mike in
			chapter ten to develop a central message?"
			and "Is Bissinger using the players' stories to
			develop a positive or negative message
			about high school sports?" In Section 4,
			Lesson 5, students review the mentor
			sentence, which states, "There is still an
			unblemished sweetness to their game." to
			discuss the text features and vocabulary.
			They return to this sentence to answer the
			following guided questions: "What is the
			meaning of the figurative language in the
			sentence?" and "How does the structure of
			the sentence contribute to the meaning of
			the sentence?" In Section 3, Lesson 1 of The
			Great Gatsby unit, rereading and discussion
			opportunities are integrated to guide
			students through the ideas and information
			on pages 61-74. Students begin by reviewing
			the section of text to answer the question
			"What is something that stood out to you or
			that you did not understand about this
			section of the text?" Then, students analyze
			the relationships in this section of the text
			and answer the following questions: "What

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			does Gatsby do in this chapter to control Nick's perception of him?" and "What does this quotation reveal about how Gatsby feels
			about Nick's perception of him?" Finally, students use this section of text to analyze the following mentor sentence: "Even
			Gatsby could happen, without any particular wonder." Students analyze the text features and vocabulary in the sentence and how its
			structure contributes to the meaning of the sentence. Finally, in <i>The Warmth of Other</i> <i>Suns</i> unit, Section 3, Lesson 3, students
			reread "Divisions: The North and West, 1915 to the 1970s" (pages 260-267) from <i>The</i> <i>Warmth of Other Suns</i> by responding to the
			question "Were the conditions in the North and West better than the conditions the migrants had left in the South? Why?" Then,
			students work in small groups to answer the following questions: "What is Wilkerson's position about the conditions that migrants
			faced after they migrated?" and "What are her supporting claims?" Additional questions
			include the following: "Why does Wilkerson use quotations from sociologists, economists, and historians dating from the
			1930s to 2001 to develop her position?" "Are those connections logical and valid?" and "What connections does Wilkerson
			explain among the evidence?" Students write their responses in their Learning Logs and support their answers with evidence
	Required	Yes	from the text. Materials provide additional supports for
			expressing understanding through formal

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	8d) Materials provide additional supports for expressing		discussion and writing development. For
	understanding through formal discussion and writing		example, in The Great Gatsby unit, the
	development (i.e. sentence frames, paragraph frames,		materials include opportunities for students
	modeled writing, student exemplars).		to express their understanding through
			discussion. In Section 3, Lesson 8, students
			participate in a whole-class discussion to
			answer the questions "According to the
			texts in this section, what is the relationship
			between perception and ambition?" and
			"How does perception influence Jay
			Gatsby's ambition?" Scaffolding is included
			in the materials, and students have access to
			the Academic Conversation Reference
			Guide, conversation stems, class discussion
			norms, and discussion questions. The
			materials indicate that prior to the
			discussion, students should identify the
			conversation stems they might use in
			discussion. The materials also include
			supports for teachers through guiding
			questions. During the discussion, the
			teacher asks the following questions: "What
			details do we know about Jay Gatsby's life?"
			"How did Jay Gatsby feel about his parents?
			His socioeconomic level?" "What did Jay
			Gatsby do to try to change his
			circumstances?" and "How does Gatsby's
			perception of his life and his happiness
			determine the decisions he makes in life?"
			In Friday Night Lights, a Culminating Task
			Tool is included in the materials which
			provides writing scaffolding for students as
			they begin the process of completing the
			Culminating Task. For example, students
			begin by analyzing the prompt and

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			answering the following guiding questions: "What is the focus of the Culminating Task? What do you already know about the focus?" "What questions do you have about the Culminating Task?" and "What do you need to know to be successful when you complete the Culminating Task?" In <i>The Warmth of Other Suns</i> unit, Section 4, Lesson 5, students prepare for and engage in a whole-class discussion that answers the question "Did the conditions in the North and West improve African-Americans' quality of life?" This activity allows students to express their understanding through writing development by gathering evidence to support claims before engaging in a discussion.
	Required 8e) Materials are easy to use and well organized for students and teachers. Teacher editions are concise and easy to manage with clear connections between teacher resources. The reading selections are centrally located within the materials and the center of focus.	Yes	Materials are easy to use and well organized for students and teachers. Each unit begins with a Unit Question and a Unit-At-A- Glance. For example, the <i>Friday Night Lights</i> unit begins with the Unit Question, "How does high school sports culture reflect American society?" The Unit-At-A-Glance provides a synopsis of the learning within the unit, states the number of lessons, and the number of quizzes. The Assessment Overview outlines and details the assessments within the unit including the Section Diagnostics and the Culminating Task. Materials for each unit are organized sequentially by Sections, Lessons, and Activities. Teachers can easily determine the knowledge focus of the materials using the Unit-At-A-Glance. For example, in the <i>Friday</i>

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			<i>Night Lights</i> unit, the Unit-At-A-Glance states that the students "will trace the development of multiple central ideas within <i>Friday Night Lights</i> and analyze the way in which Bissinger develops them analyze the claims about high school sports made by other authors, analyze how these claims are developed, and compare and contrast these claims with the central ideas developed in <i>Friday Night Lights</i> express their understanding of the text and topic by writing an essay that analyzes the way in which Bissinger develops multiple central ideas about high school football within his text." Additionally, within each lesson, a materials tab is included for materials needed for the lesson. For example, in <i>The</i> <i>Warmth of Other Suns</i> unit, Section 2, Lesson 1, the materials tab includes both blank and completed Knowledge and Understanding Tools.
	Required 8f) Support for English Learners and diverse learners is provided. Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level. The language in which questions and problems are posed is not an obstacle to understanding the content, and if it is, additional supports are included (e.g., alternative teacher approaches, pacing and instructional delivery options, strategies or suggestions for supporting access to text and/or content, suggestions for modifications, suggestions for vocabulary acquisition, etc.).	Yes	Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level. Each unit and lesson contains materials to support diverse learners including English Learners and students with cognitive disabilities. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 3, in <i>The Great</i> <i>Gatsby</i> unit, the materials include guiding questions during a review of a mentor sentence such as "Who is doing what in the mentor sentence?" "What are the parts of the mentor sentence?" and "What do you notice about the punctuation?" The materials also suggest that teachers "model

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			recording student-friendly interpretations as students make meaning of each part of the sentence." A link to Louisiana's Glossary of Strategies for English and World Language Acquisition is also included in the materials. In <i>Friday Night Lights</i> , in Section 2, Lesson 4, the materials provide suggestions for teachers to support students with varying needs as they read "The White Flight from Football." Suggestions include "Purposefully group students with different levels of reading proficiency" and "Provide direct support or examples. Read aloud the text as students follow along." In the Homeownership unit, Section 1, Lesson 3, the materials tab includes a Conversation Stems resource to help students conduct academic conversations.
	8g) The content can be reasonably completed within a regular school year and the pacing of content allows for maximum student understanding. Materials provide guidance about the amount of time a task might reasonably take.	Yes	The content can be reasonably completed within a regular school year and the pacing of content allows for maximum student understanding and provides guidance about the amount of time a task might reasonably take. Each unit within the material indicates the length of time to complete the unit. For example, the Unit At-a-Glance for the <i>Friday</i> <i>Night Lights</i> unit notes thirty-two lessons. Within the lessons, Teaching Notes indicate the length of time a teacher should spend on an activity. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 3, Activity 2, the materials allocate 5 minutes for students to answer questions about the purpose of Chapter 1 in the novel. In Section 3, Lesson 6, students complete the diagnostic task for the section, and the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			materials allot 30 minutes for students to compose their work. This is paced appropriately to be completed in a single class period. The materials include a total of five units which can reasonably be completed within a regular school year. Additionally, Each unit provides the same format for time allocation.
FINAL EVALUATION		L	
-	l Non-negotiable Criteria and a "Yes" for each of the Additional C		
-	l Non-negotiable Criteria, but at least one "No" for the Additiona least one of the Non-negotiable Criteria.	l Criteria of Supe	erior Quality.
Compile the results for Sections I-I	II to make a final decision for the material under review.		
Section	Criteria	Yes/No	Final Justification/Comments
I. K-12 Non-negotiable Criteria of Superior Quality ⁶	1. Quality of Texts	Yes	Materials provide texts that are appropriately complex for the identified grade level according to the requirements outlined in the standards. At least 90% of provided texts are of publishable quality and offer rich opportunities for students to meet the grade-level ELA standards; the texts are well-crafted, representing the quality of content, language, and writing that is produced by experts in various disciplines. A coherent sequence or collection of connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about themes with connected topics and ideas through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and language are provided. Within a sequence or collection, quality texts of grade level complexity are selected for multiple,

⁶ Must score a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria to receive a Tier 1 or Tier 2 rating.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			careful readings throughout the unit of study.
	2. Text-Dependent Questions	Yes	A majority of questions in the materials are text dependent and text specific with student ideas expressed through both written and spoken responses. Questions and tasks include the language of the standards and require students to engage in thinking at the depth and complexity required by the grade-level standards to advance and deepen student learning over time.
	3. Coherence of Tasks	Yes	Coherence sequences of questions and tasks focus students on understanding the text and its illustrations, making connections among the texts in the collection, and expressing their understanding of the topics, themes, and ideas presented in the texts. Questions and tasks are designed so that students build and apply knowledge and skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level complex texts. Questions and tasks support students in examining the language (vocabulary, sentences, and structure) critical to the meaning of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. Questions and tasks also focus on advancing depth of word knowledge through emphasizing word meaning and relationships among words rather than isolated vocabulary practice, and engaging students with multiple repetitions of words in varied contexts.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
II. K-5 Non-negotiable Foundational Skills Criteria (grades K-5 only) ⁷	4. Foundational Skills ⁸	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level
III. Additional Criteria of Superior Quality ⁹	5. Range and Volume of Texts	Yes	Materials seek a balance in instructional time between literature and informational texts. Materials include print and non-print texts of different formats and lengths; however, the materials do not provide direction and practice for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and develop knowledge of classroom concepts or topics.
	6. Writing to Sources, Speaking and Listening, and Language	Yes	Materials include a variety of opportunities for students to listen, speak, and write about their understanding of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. The majority of oral and written tasks at all grade levels require students to demonstrate the knowledge they build through the analysis and synthesis of texts, and present well defended claims and clear information, using grade-level language and conventions and drawing on textual evidence to support valid inferences from text. Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing as outlined by the standards at each grade level and explicitly address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language

⁷ Must score a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria to receive a Tier 1 or Tier 2 rating.

 ⁸ As applicable.
 ⁹ Must score a "Yes" for all Additional Criteria of Superior Quality to receive a Tier 1 rating.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts.
	7. Assessments	Yes	Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a range of pre-, formative, summative and self-assessment measures. Materials assess student understanding of the topics, themes, and/or ideas presented in the unit texts. Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance. Measurement of progress via assessments include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are unbiased and accessible to all students.
	8. Scaffolding and Support	Yes	Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding the text itself. Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. Materials include guidance and support that regularly directs teachers to return to focused parts of the text to guide students through rereading and discussion about the ideas, events, and information found there. Materials provide additional supports for expressing

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			understanding through formal discussion and writing development. Materials are easy to use and well organized for students and teachers. Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level.
FINAL DECISION FOR THIS MATERI	AL: Tier 1, Exemplifies quality		



Instructional Materials Evaluation Tool for Alignment in ELA Grades K – 12 (IMET)



The goal of English language arts is for students to read, understand, and express understanding of complex texts independently. To accomplish this goal, programs must build students' knowledge and skill in language, comprehension, conversations, and writing integrated around a volume of complex texts and tasks.¹ In grades K-5, programs must also build students' foundational skills to be able to read and write about a range of texts² independently. Thus, a strong ELA classroom is structured with the below components.



Title: Imagine Learning Guidebooks Publisher: Imagine Learning LLC

Overall Rating: Tier 1, Exemplifies quality

Tier 1, Tier 2, Tier 3 Elements of this review:

Grade: <u>English IV</u> Copyright: <u>2020</u>

STRONG	WEAK
1. Quality of Texts (Non-negotiable)	
2. Text-Dependent Questions (Non-negotiable)	
3. Coherence of Tasks (Non-negotiable)	
5. Range and Volume of Texts	
6. Writing to Sources, Speaking and Listening, and	
Language	
7. Assessments	
8. Scaffolding and Support	

¹ A volume of texts is a collection of texts written about similar topics, themes, or ideas.

² A range of texts are texts written at different reading levels.





To evaluate instructional materials for alignment with the <u>standards</u> and determine tiered rating, begin with **Section I: Non-negotiable Criteria**.

- Review the **required**³ Indicators of Superior Quality for each **Non-negotiable** criterion.
- If there is a "Yes" for all **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, materials receive a "Yes" for that **Non-negotiable** Criterion.
- If there is a "No" for any of the **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, materials receive a "No" for that **Non-negotiable** Criterion.
- Materials must meet Non-negotiable Criterion 1 for the review to continue to Non-negotiable Criteria 2 and 3. For grades K-5, materials must meet all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to Section II⁴ and all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-4 to continue to Section III. For grades 6-12, materials must meet Non-Negotiable Criteria 1-3 for the review to continue to Section III.
- If materials receive a "No" for any **Non-negotiable** Criterion, a rating of Tier 3 is assigned, and the review does not continue.

If all Non-negotiable Criteria are met, then continue to Section III: Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

- Review the **required** Indicators of Superior Quality for each criterion.
- If there is a "Yes" for all **required** Indicators of Superior Quality, then the materials receive a "Yes" for the additional criteria.
- If there is a "No" for any **required** Indicator of Superior Quality, then the materials receive a "No" for the additional criteria.

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria and a "Yes" for each of the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

Tier 2 ratings receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria, but at least one "No" for the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality.

Tier 3 ratings receive a "No" for at least one of the Non-negotiable Criteria.

³ Required Indicators of Superior Quality are labeled "Required" and shaded yellow. Remaining indicators that are shaded white are included to provide additional information to aid in material selection and do not affect tiered rating.

⁴ For grades K-5: Materials must meet Non-negotiable Criterion 1 for the review to continue to Non-negotiable Criteria 2-3. Materials must meet all of the Non-negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for the review to continue to Section II.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES	
SECTION I. K-12 NON-NEGOTIAN	SECTION I. K-12 NON-NEGOTIABLE CRITERIA OF SUPERIOR QUALITY			
-	ble Criterion 1 for the review to continue to Non-negotiable Crit		-	
-	er for the review to continue to Section II and all of the Non-neg			
Section III. For grades 6-12, materi	als must meet all of the Non-Negotiable Criteria 1-3 in order for	r the review to o	continue to Section III.	
Non-negotiable	Required	Yes	Materials provide texts that are	
1. QUALITY OF TEXTS:	1a) Materials provide texts that are appropriately complex		appropriately complex for the identified	
Texts are of sufficient scope and	for the identified grade level according to the requirements		grade level according to the requirements	
quality to provide text-centered	outlined in the standards.		outlined in the standards. The materials	
and integrated learning that is	 A text analysis that includes complexity information 		provide a comprehensive text complexity	
sequenced and scaffolded to (1)	is provided. Measures for determining complexity		companion document for each unit. This	
advance students toward	include quantitative and qualitative analysis, as well		document identifies the features that make	
independent reading of grade-	as reader and task considerations. Poetry and drama		the text complex including text	
level texts and (2) build content	are analyzed only using qualitative measures.		structure/organization, language features,	
knowledge (e.g., ELA, social	 In grades K-2, extensive read-aloud texts allow 		and prior knowledge demands. For example,	
studies, science, and the arts).	sufficient opportunity for engagement with text more		Educated by Tara Westover has a	
The quality of texts is high—they	complex than students could read themselves.		quantitative measure of 870L. While this	
support multiple readings for			falls below the Lexile band for Grade 12, the	
various purposes and exhibit			prior knowledge demands required for	
exceptional craft and thought			reading are exceedingly complex as students	
and/or provide useful			need to understand Mormons and	
information. Materials present a			Mormonism "to understand and make	
progression of complex texts as			connections to Westover's memoir" and	
stated by Reading Standard 10.			"numerous references to construction work	
			and specific tools for that line of work."	
(Note: In K and 1, Reading			Likewise, the materials include	
Standard 10 refers to read-aloud			Shakespeare's <i>Hamlet</i> and have qualitative	
material. Complexity standards			measures ranging from slightly complex to	
for student-read texts are			exceedingly complex. For example, while the	
applicable for grades 2+.)			text structure/organization is slightly	
			complex because the plot is straightforward	
			and chronological, the language features are	
			exceedingly complex given its archaic,	
Yes No			figurative language. George Orwell's 1984 has a Lexile level of 1090. While this is also	

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			below level for Grade 12, the meaning/central ideas/purpose are exceedingly complex for the text's "multiple levels of meaning; the setting is in a possible future based on Orwell's fear based on historical totalitarian governments and societies." In the unit Artificial Intelligence, Thomas Georges' from Digital Soul: Intelligent Machines and Human Values has a Lexile level of 1010-1200. The text structure is moderately complex as "the chapter doesn't follow a clear organization. The author is asking the reader to open their eyes to the views surrounding artificial intelligence and does so with a slightly sequential process of how we move through our own thinking on the topic." Julia Alvarez's In the Time of Butterflies has a Lexile level of 910. While this falls below the Grade 12 Lexile band, the text structure is exceedingly complex as the novel is told in multiple parts, as noted, "Chapters within these parts alternate point of view and some have sections that jump ahead in time. The novel largely follows a sequence, but has moments of time-shift."
	 Required 1b) At least 90% of provided texts, including read-alouds in K-2, are of publishable quality and offer rich opportunities for students to meet the grade-level ELA standards; the texts are well-crafted, representing the quality of content, language, and writing that is produced by experts in various disciplines. 	Yes	At least 90% of texts are of publishable quality and offer rich opportunities for students to meet the grade-level ELA standards; the texts are well-crafted, representing the quality of content, language, and writing that is produced by experts in various disciplines. The texts within the materials contain engaging content that offers rich opportunities for

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			students. The majority of texts within these
			units are previously published and/or
			written by well-known authors and provide
			students access to a variety of genres. For
			example, students read Hamlet by William
			Shakespeare who is widely considered the
			world's "greatest dramatist." 1984 by
			George Orwell offers an opportunity for
			students to read a classic literary example of
			political and dystopian fiction. In this unit,
			students also read Ray Bradbury's "The
			Pedestrian" which is a high-quality text that
			was crafted for authentic purposes. In the
			Education unit, students read additional
			well-crafted, authentic texts including the
			following: Walt Whitman's poem "When I
			Heard the Learn'd Astronomer;" Sherman
			Alexie's essay "The Joy of Reading and
			Writing: Superman and Me;" and excerpts of
			Charlotte Bronte's Jane Eyre. In the Artificial
			Intelligence unit students read an excerpt
			from <i>Frankenstein</i> by Mary Shelley as well as
			"There Will Come Soft Rains" by Ray
			Bradbury. The anchor text, Digital Soul:
			Intelligent Machines and Human Values by
			Thomas Georges, is "really an overview of
			how Georges will cover the idea of artificial
			intelligence but starts off asking students to
			grapple with the idea of whether artificial
			intelligence is good or bad, real or fake,
			etc.". The novel <i>In the Time of Butterflies</i> is
			an American Library Association Notable
			Book and a 1995 National Book Critics Circle
			Award nominee. Students also read articles
			such as "International Day for the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY Required 1c) Materials provide a coherent sequence or collection of connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about themes with connected topics and ideas through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and language. • In grades K-2, the inclusion of read-aloud texts in addition to what students can read themselves ensures that all students can build knowledge about the world through engagement with rich, complex texts. These texts as well must form a coherent sequence or collection of connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about themes		
	with connected topics and ideas through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and language.		eventually release students to work independently and demonstrate proficiency on the Culminating Task. Culminating tasks require students to "use knowledge, skills, and habits they have gained throughout the unit to read, understand, and express their understanding and knowledge of texts and topics." For example, in the <i>Hamlet</i> unit, the Unit Question is "How are revenge and madness closely related to one another?" Students explore this question throughout the unit. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 5, students read "On Human Nature" from <i>The</i> <i>Essays of Arthur Schopenhauer</i> and answer the following questions: "What is Schopenhauer saying about envy's role in

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			human nature and how it is linked to
			revenge?" and "How do Schopenhauer's
			thoughts about envy and revenge link to
			Hamlet and Claudius and the situation in
			which they find themselves?" In Section 4,
			Lesson 2, students read and analyze Act IV,
			Scenes 1-5, and respond to the question,
			"How is Ophelia's madness portrayed
			differently than Hamlet's madness?" using
			evidence from the text. Finally, in Section 5,
			Lesson 2, students finish Act V and respond,
			in writing and through discussion, to the
			question, "How has Hamlet's character
			changed throughout the play as his desire
			for revenge intensified?" In this unit, the
			tasks connect topics across multiple lessons.
			In the Education unit, the Unit Question is
			"What does it mean to be educated?" The
			unit includes multiple texts focused on this
			idea, sequenced in a purposeful way. For
			example, in Section 1, Lesson 3, students
			read excerpts from Chapters 3 and 5 of Jane
			<i>Eyre</i> and work with a group to answer the
			question, "Contrast Jane's initial beliefs
			about school and her experiences on her
			first day at Lowood School. How do Jane's
			experiences change her perception of
			school?" Later, in Section 3, Lesson 1,
			students read Chapters 17-19 from Educated
			to describe Tara's experiences in college.
			Students then read and annotate the text
			with a partner for "details that reveal how
			Tara's character is changing and that show
			how her beliefs are being challenged in
			college." Finally, in Section 3, Lesson 4,

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			students read excerpts of The Opportunity
			Myth to understand how education has
			affected each student. Students choose one
			quote from the text excerpt that "best
			expresses how education has influenced a
			student" and then explain why they "chose
			this quote and how it exemplifies the
			influence of education." This unit contains
			multiple texts on similar ideas and they are
			sequenced in a purposeful way. In the unit
			Artificial Intelligence, the Unit Question is
			"How has artificial intelligence both
			challenged and benefited society?" Students
			read various texts to explore artificial
			intelligence before writing an essay to
			summarize the origins of artificial
			intelligence and "survey the various ways it
			is used and how it has impacted society, and
			argue how it may be safely implemented in
			the future." In Section 1, Lesson 1 of
			Artificial Intelligence, students read an
			excerpt from chapter one of Digital Soul:
			Intelligent Machines and Human Values to
			develop a definition of artificial intelligence.
			Students then discuss what artificial
			intelligence is and is not, and make a claim
			as to whether the full spectrum of human
			experience might be represented in digital
			form. In Section 2, Lesson 2, students watch
			Jeremy Howard's Tedtalk, "The Wonderful
			and Terrifying Implications of Computers
			That Can Learn," and continue exploring
			what artificial intelligent systems are used
			for today. Students then discuss various
			present-day applications and breakthroughs

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			for AI and robotics and describe the challenges these technologies might face and the problems they are designed to solve. In the unit In the Time of Butterflies, the Unit Question is "How can average citizens bring about social change?" Students read various texts and genres to build their understanding and write an "essay that analyzes how the author uses literary techniques to develop a fictionalized version of one of the Mirabal sisters and how that character is used to communicate a theme about social change." In Section 1, Lesson 2, students read the article "How the Mirabal Sisters Helped Topple a Dictator" and a portion of "The Metamorphosis of Las Mariposas: The Politics of Memory of the Mirabal Sisters in the Dominican Republic." Students gain an overview of who the Mirabal sisters were and think about how politics can affect the way people are remembered. In Section 2, Lesson 4, students read Chapter 3 of the novel, analyze the development of Maria Teresa, and establish connections between Maria Teresa and Minerva. This allows students to build an understanding of characterization.
	Required 1d) Within a sequence or collection, quality texts of grade level complexity are selected for multiple , careful readings throughout the unit of study. These texts are revisited as needed to support knowledge building.	Yes	Within a sequence or collection, quality texts of grade level complexity are selected for multiple, careful readings throughout the unit of study. For example, in Section 2, Lesson 1 of the <i>Hamlet</i> unit, students listen to Act II, Scene I of the play with the reading focus, "How does Ophelia's story impact the reader's view on Hamlet?" Students then

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			review the text to complete the following
			comprehension questions: "What do the
			main character(s) do in response to the
			problem?" "What do the main character(s)
			want to accomplish?" and "How does the
			conflict resolve itself?" Students reread the
			materials at the end of the lesson to
			complete their Character Understanding
			Tool for Ophelia, analyzing the relationships
			among the details and ideas of the text. In
			the 1984 unit, Section 2, Lesson 1, students
			independently read Part 2, Chapters 3-4. In
			Section 2, Lesson 2, students reread Part 2,
			Chapters 3-4 to answer the following
			questions: "What are Winston's chief
			struggles at the end of Chapter 4?" and
			"How do these struggles compare to his
			concerns at the end of Part 1?" Later in this
			lesson, students reread an assigned portion
			of the text to "locate and highlight or mark
			details and ideas that reveal how Winston
			changes and what his interactions with Julia
			reveal" and "develop a claim how Winston's
			character development contributes to a
			theme of the novel." Finally, students review
			Part 2, Chapters 1-4 of 1984 with a partner
			to complete the Tracking Understanding
			Tool to compare and connect ideas across
			texts. Likewise, in Section 3, Lesson 3 of
			Artificial Intelligence, students read
			Chapters 16 and 17 of The Fourth Age:
			Smart Robots, Conscious Computers, and the
			Future of Humanity to explore the
			philosophy of artificial intelligence. Students
			read the pages independently to gain an

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY		EXAMPLES initial understanding. Then, with a partner, students answer the following questions: "What are the definitions of sentience and free will?" and "How does the author develop these definitions throughout the text?" Students then reread pages 207-219 and use the Understanding AI Tool to evaluate information in the text and record relevant information in the philosophy of AI section. From there, students compare and connect ideas across the pages, developing a response to the text-specific question, "Based on the information in the <i>Fourth</i> <i>Age</i> , as well as other texts in this section, should we consider programming AI with emotion and/or free will? Why?" Finally, in
			Section 3, Lesson 2 of <i>In the Time of</i> <i>Butterflies</i> unit, students read Chapter 6 from the perspective of Minerva, focusing on key events, such as the "Discovery Day Dance" which advances Minerva's involvement in the rebellion. Then with a partner, students reread the "Discovery Day Dance" section of Chapter 6 from page 93 through the top of page 102 to complete their Reading Closely Tool. After a reread of pages 106-108, students write a response to the question, "How do the events in this section of the text and Alvarez's pacing of the events in the National Police Headquarters contribute to Minerva's conflict?"

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
Non-negotiable (only reviewed if	Required	Yes	A majority of questions in the materials are
Criterion 1 is met)	2a) A majority of questions in the materials are text		text-dependent and text-specific with
2. TEXT-DEPENDENT	dependent and text specific; student ideas are expressed		student ideas expressed through both
QUESTIONS:	through both written and spoken responses.		written and spoken responses. Throughout
Text-dependent and text-specific			the units, students have frequent
questions and tasks reflect the			opportunities to interact with texts through
requirements of Reading			questions and tasks that require text
Standard 1 by requiring use of			evidence. Questions throughout each unit
textual evidence in support of			contribute to student knowledge and build
meeting other grade-specific			on their ability to respond successfully to
standards.			the Culminating Tasks. For example, in the
			Education unit, Section 2, Lesson 1, students
			watch "High School Training Ground" and
Yes No			respond via partner discussion to the
			following questions: "What is the subject of
			the video?" and "What is Malcolm saying
			with this poem?" Later in this lesson,
			students answer questions about the
			perspective of Chapter 9 in <i>Educated</i> and
			use evidence from the text. Students answer
			the following questions: "What things
			separate Tara from her peers at play
			rehearsal?" and "What sets her apart from
			her peers that attend school?" Finally, at the
			end of this lesson, students draw
			connections between the text and "High
			School Training Ground" by responding to
			text-specific questions including the
			following: "According to London's poem,
			what are some barriers in the educational
			system that might hinder Tara?" and "How
			would these barriers hinder her?" Later in
			this unit, in Section 2, Lesson 5, students
			write a response to the following prompt
			using evidence from the section texts:

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			"Upon Tara's acceptance into college her
			father said, "It proves one thing at least
			Our home school is as good as public
			education" (156). Based on the texts in this
			section, is her father right that due to the
			barriers present in the education system,
			students are better served being educated
			at home? Or do the benefits of receiving a
			formal education outweigh the barriers?"
			This unit-level question demands students
			reference the text and cite relevant
			evidence. Finally, the Culminating Task in
			this unit requires students to write a
			narrative essay in response to the following
			prompt: "In her memoir, Educated, Tara
			Westover writes, 'You could call this
			selfhood many things. Transformation.
			Metamorphosis. Falsity. Betrayal. I call it an
			education.' What does it mean to be
			educated? Write a narrative essay in which
			you explore how your life experiences and
			schooling have contributed to your
			education." In the <i>Hamlet</i> unit, in Section 1,
			Lesson 3, students work with a partner to
			read lines 135-165 from Act I, Scene 2. They
			then answer text-dependent questions
			including the following: "What does this
			soliloquy reveal about Hamlet's current
			attitudes and beliefs?" and "What evidence
			from the passage allows readers insight into
			Hamlet's attitudes, inner thoughts, and
			beliefs?" In Section 3, Lesson 6, students
			participate in a Socratic seminar to address
			the question, "How do Elliot and
			Blackmore's arguments about the source of

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Hamlet's problems affect your understanding of the main character?" To participate in this discussion, students gather relevant and sufficient evidence and examples from <i>Hamlet</i> , "The Real or Assumed Madness of Hamlet," and "Hamlet and His Problems" to support their claims. In Section 3, Lesson 7 of Artificial Intelligence, students view "The Rise of the Machines – Why Automation is Different this Time." With a partner, students discuss two text- dependent questions before writing their responses in their Learning Logs. The questions include "What is the relationship between artificial intelligence and job displacement?" and "How does the video illustrate this relationship?" Next, students independently read "The Luddite Fallacy" to establish their understanding before working with a small group to form a claim in response to the following question: "Based on the texts in this lesson, are the fears surrounding the displacement of jobs due to artificial intelligence valid? Why?"
	Required 2b) Questions and tasks include the language of the standards and require students to engage in thinking at the depth and complexity required by the grade-level standards to advance and deepen student learning over time. (Note: not every standard must be addressed with every text.)	Yes	Questions and tasks include the language of the standards and require students to engage in thinking at the depth and complexity required by the grade-level standards to advance and deepen student learning over time. For example, in the <i>Hamlet</i> unit, the Culminating Writing Task is aligned with the standards for Grade 12 and requires higher-order thinking. The Culminating Task prompt states, "In <i>Hamlet</i> , Shakespeare uses his characters' thoughts

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			and actions to explore how revenge and
			madness are closely related to one another.
			In a well-developed essay, select one
			character from the play and examine
			whether or not his/her madness is real or
			feigned. If a character is feigning his/her
			madness, analyze why the character would
			do this. If the character's madness is
			genuine, analyze what has caused such
			'madness' to arise in the character. Support
			your claims with textual evidence including
			direct quotations with parenthetical
			citations. Use correct and effective words,
			phrases, syntax, usage, and mechanics to
			clearly communicate your analysis." (W.11-
			12.2). Likewise, questions and tasks in the
			1984 unit require students to engage in
			thinking at the complexity required of the
			grade-level standards. For example, in
			Section 1, Lesson 5, students answer
			questions about Chapter 2 including, "What
			does this chapter reveal about the
			government and society of Oceania?" and
			"What does this chapter reveal about
			Winston?" Later in this lesson, students
			answer text-dependent questions that
			demand clear comprehension of the text
			"Forms of Government" including, "What
			are the legal and political institutions that
			make up a government?" "What is the
			purpose of government?" and "How is the
			power of a government determined?" At the
			end of this lesson, students synthesize their
			learning and compare and connect ideas
			between the texts "Forms of Government"

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			and 1984 to answer questions including,
			"What type of government is in place in
			Oceania?" "How does the government of
			Oceania maintain its authority over
			citizens?" and "What are the effects of these
			influences on Winston?" (RI.11-12.2 and
			RL.11-12.3). Finally, in Section 2, Lesson 9,
			students gather and organize evidence from
			the unit's texts to form a claim in
			preparation for a class discussion that
			addresses the following prompt: "The
			government of Oceania attempts to
			influence the thoughts and behaviors of its
			citizens. Based on your reading and personal
			experience, which of these controls has the
			strongest influence? To what extent are
			these types of controls available to modern
			governments, in the United States and
			elsewhere? Explain the implications and the
			extent to which Orwell's depiction might
			influence a contemporary audience's
			thinking about these forms of control in your
			response." (RI.11-12.2 and RL.11-12.2). In
			Section 3, Lesson 11 of Artificial Intelligence,
			students write a written response about
			arguments by Elon Musk and Stephen
			Hawking. The Section 3 diagnostic task aligns
			with the unit's Culminating Task, which
			states, "Considering the various visions of
			the future of artificial intelligence portrayed
			throughout the texts of the unit, how might
			its development be guided to benefit society
			but minimize harm? Do the benefits to
			society outweigh the potential harm AI
			might inflict on humanity?" (W.11-12.1).

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
Non-negotiable (only reviewed if	Required	Yes	Coherent sequences of questions and tasks
Criterion 1 is met)	3a) Coherent sequences of questions and tasks focus		focus students on understanding the text and
3. COHERENCE OF TASKS:	students on understanding the text and its illustrations (as		its illustrations, making connections among
Materials contain meaningful,	applicable), making connections among the texts in the		the texts in the collection, and expressing
connected tasks that build	collection, and expressing their understanding of the topics,		their understanding of the topics, themes,
student knowledge and provide	themes, and ideas presented in the texts.		and ideas presented in the texts. Each unit in
opportunities for students to			the materials is anchored by a Culminating
read, understand, and express			Task. The work within each unit supports
understanding of complex texts			students in addressing this task.
through speaking and listening,			For example, in the <i>Hamlet</i> unit, the
and writing. Tasks integrate			Culminating Writing Task states, "In Hamlet,
reading, writing, speaking and			Shakespeare uses his characters' thoughts
listening, and include			and actions to explore how revenge and
components of vocabulary,			madness are closely related to one another.
syntax, and fluency, as needed,			In a well-developed essay, select one
so that students can gain			character from the play and examine
meaning from text.			whether or not his/her madness is real or
			feigned. If a character is feigning his/her
Yes No			madness, analyze why the character would
			do this. If the character's madness is
			genuine, analyze what has caused such
			'madness' to arise in the character. Support
			your claims with textual evidence including
			direct quotations with parenthetical
			citations. Use correct and effective words,
			phrases, syntax, usage, and mechanics to
			clearly communicate your analysis." The
			questions and tasks across the unit build
			knowledge and are aligned with this
			culminating assessment. For example, in
			Section 3, Lesson 2, students analyze
			Hamlet's soliloquy in Act III and then answer
			the question, "How are the themes of envy
			and revenge developed in these scenes?" In
			Section 4, Lesson 2, students deepen their

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			understanding of the text by analyzing Act
			IV, lines 22-103 of the text, and annotate
			examples of Ophelia's madness compared to
			Hamlet's madness. Students then answer
			the question "How is Ophelia's madness
			portrayed differently than Hamlet's
			madness?" in their Learning Logs. The
			questions are coherently sequenced to
			ensure students build knowledge and make
			meaning of complex text prior to the
			Culminating Task. In the 1984 unit, Section
			1, Lesson 11 includes a diagnostic
			assessment that demands that students
			refer to multiple texts on a shared topic.
			Students respond to the following prompt:
			"In 1984 and the other literary texts we have
			read, people are affected by a variety of
			external influences that are also present in
			modern society. Identify at least two
			influences that are present in both the
			literary texts and contemporary society and
			compare their impact on individuals and
			society as a whole. In your response, be sure
			to explain how these texts may influence a
			contemporary audience's perspective about
			their society and government." Students
			build knowledge towards this task
			throughout Section 1. For example, in
			Lesson 4, students read Chapter 1 and
			answer the following text-dependent
			questions: "What are the
			influences/controls that influence the
			character(s)?" "What is the source of these
			influences?" and "What are the impacts on
			the character(s)?" The tasks within each

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			lesson build knowledge in a thoughtful
			sequence in preparation for the Section
			Diagnostic. The Culminating Task in the
			Artificial Intelligence unit states,
			"Considering the various visions of the
			future of artificial intelligence portrayed
			throughout the texts of the unit, how might
			its development be guided to benefit society
			but minimize harm? Do the benefits to
			society outweigh the potential harm AI
			might inflict on humanity?" In Section 1,
			Lesson 3, students develop responses to the
			following questions: "Why would we need
			laws for AI?" "To what extent does the
			house in 'There Will Come Soft Rains' align
			with Asimov's 'Three Laws of Robotics'" and
			"What implications/ lessons can readers
			draw from this?" These questions require
			students to "consider how artificial
			intelligence is portrayed across texts and
			what lessons we can draw to apply to our
			own lives." In Section 1, Lesson 4, students
			make an argument as to whether we need
			laws for robotics such as Asimov's based on
			prior reading in the unit. They summarize
			the messages of the following texts:
			"Modern Jewish History: The Golem;"
			Chapter 16 from Frankenstein, "There Will
			Come Soft Rains;" and "Do we need laws for
			robotics such as Asimov's? Why or why
			not?" Analysis of these unit texts prepares
			students for the Section Diagnostic in Lesson
			5 which states, "Using evidence from two to
			three texts in this section, explain how
			artificial intelligence is portrayed in both the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			literary and historical texts in this section.
			How does this portrayal reflect the fears and hopes that people had toward artificial intelligence?"
	Required 3b) Questions and tasks are designed so that students build, apply, and integrate knowledge and skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level complex texts.	Yes	Questions and tasks are designed so that students build and apply knowledge and skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level complex texts. The materials include multiple opportunities for students to read, write, and discuss using complex text. For example, in the Education unit, Section 1, Lesson 5, students engage in a series of questions that connect texts, such as "List things Tara learned in chapter six of <i>Educated</i> in your Education Understanding Tool" and "What has Jane learned in chapter six of <i>Jane Eyre</i> ?" Later in the lesson, students write a response to the question "Tara repeatedly references education in connection with her brother, Tyler, in this chapter. How might Tara's association of education and Tyler inform her thoughts and desires for a more formal education?" Responses are then shared with the group. In Section 3, Lesson 4, the materials include a jigsaw activity. Students read excerpts of <i>The Opportunity Myth</i> with their home group and take notes to use in crafting a summary to share with their group. Students then respond to the question "Think about the influence of education nad on your life?" At the end of this lesson, students read chapters 25 through 27 independently

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			and consider how Tara's character changes
			as she continues her formal education.
			Likewise, in the <i>Hamlet</i> unit, students
			participate in a Socratic Seminar in Section
			3, Lesson 6 in response to the question
			"How do Elliot's and Blackmore's arguments
			about the source of Hamlet's problems
			affect your understanding of the main
			character?" Following the discussion,
			students complete the following reflection
			questions through a partner discussion:
			"How well did you adhere to the norms and
			your established role?" and "What evidence
			was presented and what additional evidence
			could you provide to support your claim?" In
			the second part of this lesson, students use
			their Learning Log and t-chart graphic
			organizer to draft a written response to the
			prompt, "Is Hamlet's madness feigned or
			unfeigned?" In the unit <i>In the Time of the</i>
			Butterflies, Section 2, Lesson 1, students
			read paragraphs 1-4 of "Chasing the
			Butterflies" before answering the following
			questions: "What do we learn about the
			Alvarez family in this first section?" and
			"What was Alvarez's perception of her
			family's situation as a young girl?" Students
			then read the remainder of "Chasing the
			Butterflies" with a partner and discuss the
			following questions: "What is the purpose of
			the excerpt from The Death of the Goat?"
			and "Read the paragraph beginning 'Trujillo
			was assassinated himself on May 30 1961.'
			How does this paragraph further Alvarez's
			connection to the Mirabals?" Collectively,

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			these activities include opportunities for
			students to read, write, speak, and listen.
	Required	Yes	Questions and tasks support students in
	3c) Questions and tasks support students in examining the		examining the language (vocabulary,
	language (vocabulary, sentences, and structure) critical to the		sentences, and structure) critical to the
	meaning of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2.		meaning of texts measured by Criteria 1 and
	 Questions and tasks also focus on advancing depth of 		2. Questions and tasks focus on advancing
	word knowledge through emphasizing word meaning		depth of word knowledge through
	and relationships among words (e.g., concept- and		emphasizing word meaning and
	thematically related words, word families, etc.) rather		relationships among words rather than
	than isolated vocabulary practice, and engaging		isolated vocabulary practice, and engaging
	students with multiple repetitions of words in varied		students with multiple repetitions of words
	contexts (e.g., reading different texts, completing		in varied contexts. For example, in Section 1,
	tasks, engaging in speaking/listening).		Lesson 4 of the <i>1984</i> unit, students work
			with the mentor sentence: "The program of
			the Two Minutes Hate varied from day to
			day, but there was none in which Goldstein
			was not the principal figure. He was the
			primal traitor, the earliest defiler of the
			Party's purity. All subsequent crimes against
			the Party, all treacheries, acts of sabotage, heresies, deviations, sprang directly out of
			his teaching" to answer the following
			questions: "What do you notice about the
			grammatical structures within the
			sentence?" "How does the vocabulary used
			contribute to the meaning of the sentence?"
			"What is the meaning of the hyperbole in
			the sentence?" and "How does the structure
			of the sentence contribute to the meaning
			of the sentence?" These questions support
			students in examining the language and
			structure of the sentence. Students then
			answer the question: What is significant
			about Goldstein's status as the 'primal
			22

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			traitor'?" Additionally, in the Hamlet unit, in
			Section 3, Lesson 5, students compare and
			connect ideas across "The Real or Assumed
			Madness of Hamlet" and "Hamlet and His
			Problems" by answering text-specific
			questions about the language, including the
			following: "How does the tone used in the
			article(s) develop the central idea(s) of the
			text(s)?" and "How does the author's point
			of view used in the article(s) develop the
			central idea(s) of the text(s)?" In Section 5,
			Lesson 2, students read "Much Madness in
			its Divinest Sense." The guiding questions
			within the materials support students in
			examining vocabulary, such as the following:
			"What is the definition of the word assent?"
			"What is the definition of the word demur?"
			"What is the definition of the word
			madness?" and "How is the word madness
			being used in the poem?" Students then
			respond in writing to the following
			questions: "What are the different meanings
			of 'madness' in the poem?" and "Who
			would the poet consider to have 'much
			madness' and 'much sense' in Shakespeare's
			Hamlet?" These questions focus on
			advancing the depth of word knowledge. In
			the Artificial Intelligence unit, Section 1,
			Lesson 2, students examine the words,
			benignity and sanguinary. After defining the
			words, students answer the following
			questions: "What does 'benignity' mean in
			the sentence, 'When the fight erupted, the
			atmosphere in the room changed from
			benignity to fear and chaos.'?" and "What

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			does 'sanguinary' mean in the sentence,
			'The latest horror movie was so sanguinary
			that I had to cover my eyes for over half of
			it.'?" In Section 1, Lesson 3, students use
			mentor sentences to analyze sentence
			structure and vocabulary. The students
			discuss the following sentence: "The house
			shuddered, oak bone on bone, its bared
			skeleton cringing from the heat, its wire, its
			nerves revealed as if a surgeon had torn the
			skin off to let the red veins and capillaries
			quiver in the scalded air" (Bradbury).
			Students then answer the following
			questions: "What do you notice about the
			punctuation within the sentence?" "How
			does the vocabulary used contribute to the
			meaning of the sentences?" "What is the
			meaning of the metaphor in the sentence?"
			and "How does the structure of the
			sentence contribute to the meaning of the
			sentence?" Once the students analyze the
			sentence, they model the structure by
			answering the following question that is
			related to the text: "How would you
			characterize the characters in 'There Will
			Come Soft Rains'?" In the unit, In the Time of
			the Butterflies, Section 1, Lesson 2, students
			use mentor sentences to analyze sentence
			structure and vocabulary. The students
			discuss the sentence "While memory can
			have a lasting impact on political decisions,
			politics often actively shape the narrative of
			specific events or individuals with a
			particular purpose in mind" (Krause 78).
			Students then answer the following

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			questions about vocabulary and structure: "What does 'particular' mean? How does noticing this word help you understand the mentor sentence?" In Section 1, Lesson 3, students analyze the vocabulary used in the text including the word, dissident, before answering questions such as the following: "What does 'dissident' mean in the sentence, 'The names of the passengers were only mentioned in the second paragraph, likely in an attempt to conceal the death of the dissidents, or at least to avoid calling attention to them.'?" This allows students to anchor their understanding of words to the texts they are
			reading.
	ndational Skills Indicators (Grades K-5 only)	1	
Non-negotiable* 4. FOUNDATIONAL SKILLS: Materials provide instruction and diagnostic support in concepts of print, phonological awareness, phonics, vocabulary, development, syntax, and fluency	 Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4a) Materials provide and follow a logical sequence of appropriate foundational skills instruction indicated by the standards (based on the <u>Vertical Progression of Foundational</u> <u>Skills</u>) while providing abundant opportunities for every student to become proficient in each of the foundational skills. 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
in a logical and transparent progression. These foundational skills are necessary and central components of an effective, comprehensive reading program	 Required *Indicator for grades K-1 only 4b) Materials provide grade-appropriate instruction and practice for the concepts of print (e.g., following words left to right, top to bottom, page by page; words are followed by spaces; and features of a sentence). 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
designed to develop proficient readers with the capacity to comprehend texts across a range of types and disciplines.	Required *Indicator for grades K-1 only 4c) Materials provide systematic and explicit phonological awareness instruction (e.g., recognizing rhyming words; clapping syllables; blending onset-rime; and blending, segmenting, deleting, and substituting phonemes).	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
*As applicable (e.g., when the scope of the materials is comprehensive and considered a full program)	 Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4d) Materials provide systematic and explicit phonics instruction. Instruction progresses from simple to more complex sound–spelling patterns and word analysis skills that includes repeated modeling and opportunities for students to hear, say, write, and read sound and spelling patterns (e.g. sounds, words, sentences, reading within text). 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	 Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4e) Materials provide multiple opportunities and practice for students to master grade appropriate high-frequency words using multisensory techniques. 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only4f) Resources and/or texts provide ample practice of foundational reading skills using texts (e.g. decodable readers) and allow for systematic, explicit, and frequent practice of reading foundational skills, including phonics patterns and word analysis skills in decoding words.Materials provide opportunities for students to self-monitor to confirm or self-correct word errors directing students to reread purposefully to acquire accurate meaning.This should include monitoring that will allow students to receive regular feedback.	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4g) Opportunities are frequently built into the materials that allow for students to achieve reading fluency in oral and silent reading, that is, to read a wide variety of grade- appropriate prose, poetry, and/or informational texts with accuracy, rate appropriate to the text, and expression. Materials provide opportunities for students to self-monitor to confirm or self-correct word errors directing students to reread purposefully to acquire accurate meaning.	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.

r s a R	 This should include monitoring that will allow students to receive regular feedback on their oral reading fluency in the specific areas of appropriate rate, expressiveness, and accuracy. Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4h) Materials provide instruction and practice in word study. In grades K-2, materials provide instruction and practice in word study including pronunciation, roots, prefixes, suffixes and spelling/sound patterns, as well as decoding of grade-level words, by using sound-symbol knowledge and knowledge of syllabication and regular practice in encoding (spelling) the sound symbol relationships of English. (Note: Instruction and practice with roots, prefixes, and suffixes is 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	 4h) Materials provide instruction and practice in word study. In grades K-2, materials provide instruction and practice in word study including pronunciation, roots, prefixes, suffixes and spelling/sound patterns, as well as decoding of grade-level words, by using sound-symbol knowledge and knowledge of syllabication and regular practice in encoding (spelling) the sound symbol relationships of English. (<i>Note: Instruction</i> 	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
	 applicable for grade 1 and higher.) In grades 3-5, materials provide instruction and practice in word study including systematic examination of grade-level morphology, decoding of multisyllabic words by using syllabication, and automaticity with grade-level regular and irregular spelling patterns. 		
4 s n c	Required *Indicator for grades K-2 only 4i) Materials provide opportunities for teachers to assess students' mastery of foundational skills and respond to the needs of individual students based on ongoing assessments offered at regular intervals. Monitoring includes attention to invented spelling as appropriate for its diagnostic value.	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.
R 4 ii	Required *Indicator for grades K-5 only 4j) Foundational Skills materials are abundant and easily implemented so that teachers can spend time, attention and practice with students who need foundational skills supports.	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
5. RANGE AND VOLUME OF	Required	Yes	Materials seek a balance in instructional
TEXTS:	5a) Materials seek a balance in instructional time between		time between literature and informational
Materials reflect the distribution	literature and informational texts. (Reviewers will consider		texts. Three of the five units in the materials
of text types and genres	the balance within units of study as well as across the entire		are anchored by fiction texts; two units are
suggested by the standards (e.g.	grade level using the ratio between literature/informational		predominantly informational texts. The
RL.K.9, RL.1.5, RI.1.9, RL.2.4,	texts to help determine the appropriate balance.)		Hamlet unit is anchored by William
RI.2.3, RL.3.2, RL.3.5, RI.4.3,	 The majority of informational texts have an 		Shakespeare's play, however, the unit
RL.5.7, RI.7.7, RL.8.9, RI.9-10.9,	informational text structure.		contains some informational texts including,
and RL.10/RI.10 across grade	• In grades 3-12, narrative structure (e.g. speeches,		excerpts of "On Human Nature" from The
levels.)	biographies, essays) of informational text are also		Essays of Arthur Schopenhauer and an
	included.		excerpt from "The Real or Assumed Madness
Yes No			of Hamlet". Students also engage with
			poetry in Sections one and five. In Section
			one students examine, "Entirely" by Louis
			MacNeice, and then in Section 5 students
			examine, "Much Madness in its divinest
			Sense" by Emily Dickenson. This
			predominantly literature-based unit is
			balanced by the Education unit which is
			anchored by Tara Westover's memoir,
			Educated, and includes several additional
			informational texts including Sherman
			Alexie's essay "The Joy of Reading and
			Writing: Superman and Me", "Bipolar
			Disorder", an article from the National
			Institute of Mental Health, and "High School
			Training Ground", This unit also includes
			poetry - Walt Whitman's "When I Heard the
			Learn'd Astronomer" and excerpts of
			Charlotte Bronte's Jane Eyre. In the unit
			Artificial Intelligence, the anchor text is an
			excerpt from a nonfiction novel. The
			materials also include supplemental texts
			including articles, short stories, and excerpts
			from nonfiction novels, such as Chapter 16

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			from Frankenstein by Mary Shelley, and Ray Bradbury's short story, "There Will Come Soft Rains". Students engage with eight articles, such as, "Modern Jewish History: The Golem, "Isaac Asimov's Three Laws of Robotics", "The promise and pitfalls of using robots to care for the elderly", "Artificial Intelligence: Past and Future", "Before we give them fuzzy robots, let's try solving elderly loneliness with people." In the unit <i>In the Time of the Butterflies</i> , the anchor text is a fiction novel. Students read several supplemental texts that are articles, poems, graphics, a speech, and an essay. In Section 1, Lesson 2, students read the article "How the Mirabal Sisters Helped Topple a Dictator" and a portion of "The Metamorphosis of Las Mariposas: The Politics of Memory of the Mirabal Sisters in the Dominican Republic." In Section 4, Lesson 6, students read and annotate Elie Wiesel's "Nobel Acceptance Speech" as well as the Introduction to <i>Anything We Love Can</i> <i>Be Saved</i> by Alice Walker.
	Required 5b) Materials include print and/or non-print texts in a variety of formats (e.g. a range of film, art, music, charts, etc.) and lengths (e.g. short stories, poetry, and novels).	Yes	Materials include print and non-print texts of different formats and lengths. In the <i>Education</i> unit, the materials include Tara Westover's full-length memoir, <i>Educated</i> , and a collection of shorter works including excerpts from Charlotte Bronte's <i>Jane Eyre</i> and Walt Whitman's poem, "When I Heard the Learn'd Astronomer." This unit also includes a Ted-Talk by Malcolm London titled, "High School Training Ground." Likewise, in the <i>Hamlet</i> unit, students read

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			the full-length play along with an excerpt from T.S. Eliot's essay, "Hamlet and His Problems," as well as the artwork <i>Ophelia</i> by both John Everett Millais and Henrietta Rae. Finally, this unit also includes multiple film clips including Tom Stoppard's <i>Rosencrantz</i> <i>and Guildenstern are Dead, Hamlet (1996)</i> - Kenneth Brannagh, <i>Hamlet(2000)</i> -Ethan Hawke, and Joshua Walters TedTalk, "On being just crazy enough." The Artificial Intelligence unit consists of a nonfiction anchor text, videos, articles, and a speech. Students view Jeremy Howard's Ted-Talk, "The Wonderful and Terrifying Implications of Computers That Can Learn" and watch the first nineteen minutes of "Artificial Intelligence: Mankind's Last Invention." In the <i>Time of the Butterflies</i> unit, the materials include a fiction novel, videos, nonfiction essays, poems, articles, and images/art including <i>The Obelisco Macho</i> and <i>The Obelisco Mirabal</i> . Students also read the poem "They Sing to the Mirabal Sisters."
	5c) Additional materials provide direction and practice for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build reading stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and develop knowledge of classroom concepts or topics.	Yes	Additional materials provide direction and practice for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build reading stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and develop knowledge of classroom concepts or topics. Some of the units include optional activities for "independent choice reading of unit related texts." The Reading Guide includes a Volume of Reading in the Guidebooks section that provides guidance

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			for "ensuring students are engaged in a
			volume of reading." For example, the
			teacher is encouraged to "Schedule time in
			the school day for students to engage in
			independent reading" and "Block ELA time
			for teachers to have more time to engage
			students in independent reading." The
			guidance also notes that when students
			read independently, certain conditions must
			be met, such as "students select books
			which are of interest to them, as this
			increases the likelihood they will persist in
			reading a book that is complex," "students
			read multiple books on the same topic
			(similar to how the Guidebook units are
			designed), as this increases background
			knowledge and vocabulary knowledge,"
			"students are held accountable for their
			understanding of what they read." For
			example, in the Education Unit, Lesson 1,
			Activity 7, students select their choice
			reading texts to read during the unit. The
			intent of the choice read is to engage
			students in a volume of reading to improve
			their "knowledge of words and the world."
			The teacher also provides the process and
			expectations of how to record their progress
			and demonstrate understanding using their
			learning log. Additionally, the Family
			Resource letters include a list of suggested
			texts for students to read independently at
			home. In addition to the suggested book list,
			the letter provides guidance for what
			independent reading looks like at home and
			how families can encourage independent

CRITERIA INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
6. WRITING TO SOURCES, SPEAKING AND LISTENING, AND LANGUAGE: The majority of tasks are text-dependent or text-specific, reflect the writing genres named in the standards, require communication skills for college and career readiness, and help students meet the language standards for the grade. Image: Yes No	Yes	reading at home. For example, in <i>The Great</i> <i>Gatsby</i> unit, the Family Resource Letter includes a book list to deepen understanding of the topic studied in the unit. The list includes texts such as <i>The Sun Also Rises</i> by Ernest Hemingway, <i>Invisible Man</i> by Ralph Waldo Ellison, <i>Passing</i> by Nella Larsen, and <i>Jazz</i> by Toni Morrison. Discussion questions are also provided such as "What stood out to you?" and "Can you identify with a character in the book? Why or why not?" Materials include a variety of opportunities for students to listen, speak, and write about their understanding of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. In the <i>1984</i> unit, Section 2, Lesson 6, students answer questions about the following texts: "No One Died in Tiananmen Square," "When China Massacred Its Own People," and "Memories of Tiananmen Square." Questions include the following: "Who is telling the story? Who is the speaker in the text?" "What ideas or information are described in detail?" "What does the language cause you to see or feel?" and "What is the author's personal relationship to the Tiananmen Square Massacre?" Students work with a group to write responses to the questions before completing their Reading Closely Tool. Later in the lesson, students speak about their understanding of texts in a whole-class

⁵ Technology and digital media may be used, when appropriate, to support the standards addressed in this indicator.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			"What types of government influence(s)/
			control(s) were present in the Tiananmen
			Square Massacre event?" and "How does
			the Tiananmen Square Massacre relate to a
			theme from 1984?" At the end of Section 2,
			students engage in a formal writing
			opportunity in the Section Diagnostic.
			Students write an essay in response to the
			following prompt: "The government of
			Oceania attempts to influence the thoughts
			and behaviors of its citizens. Based on your
			reading and personal experience, which of
			these controls has the strongest influence?
			To what extent are these types of controls
			available to modern governments, in the
			United States and elsewhere? In your
			response, be sure to explain the implications
			and the extent to which Orwell's depiction
			might influence a contemporary audience's
			thinking about these forms of control." In
			the Artificial Intelligence unit, Section 2,
			Lesson 1, students start by reading "Artificial
			Intelligence: Past and Future" by Moshe Y.
			Vardi to determine what artificially
			intelligent systems are used for today.
			Students react by developing a response to
			the questions, "Why is it important that a
			computer can win chess games against
			human opponents?" and "Why does the
			author include this in the text?" Students
			then discuss their responses with a partner.
			In Section 2, Lesson 3, students view "Hey
			Buddy, Can You Give Me a Hand?" and
			"What's New, Atlas?" With a partner,
			students react to the texts by developing a

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			response to the following prompt: "Brainstorm a list of possible uses for the robots shown in the videos." and "Brainstorm the possible challenges created from the use of these robots." In the <i>In the</i> <i>Time of the Butterflies</i> unit, Section 3, Lesson 1, students engage in a whole-class discussion to demonstrate their understanding of Part I. During the discussion, students take notes in their Learning Logs to summarize the claims, evidence, and reasoning of their peers. Students then work with a partner to discuss how Dede's character compares to her sisters. Later in the lesson, students partner- read Chapter 5 and stop to discuss how Alvarez develops characters and themes of social change.
	Required *Indicator for grades 3-12 only 6b) The majority of oral and written tasks require students to demonstrate the knowledge they built through the analysis and synthesis of texts, and present well defended claims and clear information, using grade-level language and conventions and drawing on textual evidence to support valid inferences from text.	Yes	The majority of oral and written tasks at all grade levels require students to demonstrate the knowledge they build through the analysis and synthesis of texts, and present well defended claims and clear information, using grade-level language and conventions and drawing on textual evidence to support valid inferences from text. For example, in the <i>1984</i> unit, Culminating Task, students demonstrate knowledge connections among multiple texts in the unit as they engage with the following prompt: "In 1946, George Orwell wrote that one of his great motives for writing was his 'desire to push the world in a certain direction, to alter other people's idea of kind of society that they should

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CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			strive after.' Consider how literary and
			artistic depictions of dysfunctional societies
			prompt an audience to reflect on the
			parallels between a fictional, dystopian
			society and their own. Explain the extent to
			which such reflection can shape an
			individual's view of certain aspects of
			modern society. Focus your examination and
			explanation on one of the following themes:
			The impact of surveillance and technology
			on freedom and safety; The ways
			government systems distribute and maintain
			authority (e.g., censorship, propaganda,
			rituals and ceremonies); or The
			manipulation of emotions to influence
			human behavior." Students develop an
			informative essay where they support their
			points with a variety of relevant evidence
			from 1984, one other literary text, and at
			least two informational texts. Likewise, in
			the Hamlet unit, students engage in a
			Socratic Seminar in Section 3, Lesson 6 in
			which they demonstrate knowledge
			connections between Shakespeare's Hamlet,
			an excerpt from T.S. Eliot's "Hamlet and His
			Problems," and an excerpt from Simon
			Blackmore's "The Real or Assumed Madness
			of Hamlet." Students respond to the
			following prompt: "How do Elliot and
			Blackmore's arguments about the source of
			Hamlet's problems affect your
			understanding of the main character?"
			During the task, students reference multiple
			texts and understand how ideas build on
			each other. In the Artificial Intelligence unit,

 Section 3, Lesson 11, in preparation for a Socratic Seminar, students form a daim to address the following prompt: "Analyze and evaluate the arguments by Elon Musk and Stephen Hawking, Given the texts in this section, who presents a more accurate glimpse into the future of AP" Students gather and organize evidence to prepare for the Socratic Seminar, students products and their Learning Logs. Required Yes Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing (opinion/argumentative, informative, and increase in number and increase in being based on text(s). In grades 3-12, tasks may include blended modes (e.g., analytical writing). Yes anartive task that functions as the equation of an arrative essay in which they explore how their life experiences and schooling contributed to their education, and develop a theme about what it means to be educated." This unit also contains an argumentative diagonst cases means in Section 2, Lesson 5 in which students write a response to the following prompt using evidence to marke the students write a response to the following at least. Our home school is as good as public education, they response to the students write a response to the following at least. Our home school is as good as public education, and they explore how their its section, is a response to the following at least. Our home school is as good as public education and they they find we to the this section, is ther further might that due to the barriers is a section the section sets. 	CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
		 6c) Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing (opinion/argumentative, informative, narrative) as outlined by the standards at each grade level. As students progress through the grades, narrative prompts decrease in number and increase in being based on text(s). In grades 3-12, tasks may include blended modes 	Yes	Socratic Seminar, students form a claim to address the following prompt: "Analyze and evaluate the arguments by Elon Musk and Stephen Hawking. Given the texts in this section, who presents a more accurate glimpse into the future of Al?" Students gather and organize evidence to prepare for the Socratic Seminar from the unit texts, their Understanding Al Tool, and their Learning Logs. Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing as outlined by the standards at each grade level. In the Education unit, the materials include a narrative task that functions as the unit's Culminating Task. During the task, students write a narrative essay in which they explore how their life experiences and schooling have contributed to their education. Students must "include elements of an effective narrative, create a narrative that demonstrates how life experiences and schooling contributed to their education, and develop a theme about what it means to be educated." This unit also contains an argumentative diagnostic assessment in Section 2, Lesson 5 in which students write a response to the following prompt using evidence from the section texts: "Upon Tara's acceptance into college her father said, 'It proves one thing at least Our home school is as good as public education' (156). Based on the texts in this section, is

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			present in the education system, students
			are better served being educated at home?
			Or do the benefits of receiving a formal
			education outweigh the barriers?" During
			the task, students form a claim and support
			it with relevant evidence. In the Hamlet unit,
			quality writing tasks are included
			throughout the unit of study. For example,
			in Section 2, Lesson 3, students craft a
			response to "explain the conflict between
			Hamlet's outward actions and behaviors and
			his inner thoughts." Finally, students engage
			in the Culminating Task, an analysis task, by
			responding to the following prompt: "In
			Hamlet, Shakespeare uses his characters'
			thoughts and actions to explore how
			revenge and madness are closely related to
			one another. In a well-developed essay,
			select one character from the play and
			examine whether or not his/her madness is
			real or feigned. If a character is feigning
			his/her madness, analyze why would the
			character do this? If the character's madness
			is genuine, analyze what has caused such
			'madness' to arise in the character. Support
			your claims with textual evidence including
			direct quotations with parenthetical
			citations. Use correct and effective words,
			phrases, syntax, usage, and mechanics to
			clearly communicate your analysis." In the
			unit <i>In the Time of the Butterflies,</i> Section 1,
			Lesson 7, students write a response to the
			following question: "How does the portrayal
			of the Mirabal sisters in historical records,
			monuments, literature, and/or popular

RequiredYesMaterials explicitly address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts.YesMaterials explicitly address the grammar and language standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts.YesMaterials explicitly address the grammar and language standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts.YesMaterials in the context of reading and writing about unit texts.•For example, materials create opportunities for students to analyze the syntax of a quality text toFor example, in the Hamlet unit, students	CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
 sentence construction as a way to develop more complex sentence structure and usage. including the language used to create tone and mood. In Section 1, Lesson 2, students analyze Act 1, Scenes 1 and 2 of <i>Hamlet</i>. Students use guiding questions aligned to language, which include the following: "Which words and phrases stand out as powerful or important?" "What does the language cause you to see or feel?" "Which words, phrases, or sentence structures are repeated? Why?" and "How do the author's word choices develop tone, mood or meaning?" In the Education unit, Section 1, Lesson 5, students analyze the following mentor sentence: "In retrospect, I see that this was my education, the one that 		 6d) Materials address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts. For example, materials create opportunities for students to analyze the syntax of a quality text to determine the text's meaning and model their own sentence construction as a way to develop more 	Yes	defined in 'Metamorphosis of Las Mariposas: The Politics of Memory of the Mirabal Sisters in the Dominican Republic') of these women?" Students demonstrate their understanding of how the Mirabal sisters are memorialized in records, monuments, and popular culture; this task prepares students to analyze how Alvarez develops fictionalized versions of these characters in order to develop a theme. Materials explicitly address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts. For example, in the <i>Hamlet</i> unit, students analyze the qualities of complex writing, including the language used to create tone and mood. In Section 1, Lesson 2, students analyze Act 1, Scenes 1 and 2 of <i>Hamlet</i> . Students use guiding questions aligned to language, which include the following: "Which words and phrases stand out as powerful or important?" "What does the language cause you to see or feel?" "Which words, phrases, or sentence structures are repeated? Why?" and "How do the author's word choices develop tone, mood or meaning?" In the Education unit, Section 1, Lesson 5, students analyze the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			would matter: the hours I spent sitting at a
			borrowed desk, struggling to parse narrow
			strands of Mormon doctrine in mimicry of a
			brother who'd deserted me" (Westover 62).
			The materials include the following guiding
			questions: "Who is doing what in the
			mentor sentence?" "What are the parts of
			the mentor sentence?" and "What do you
			notice about the punctuation?" Students
			then re-read the sentence to answer
			additional questions including the following:
			"What do you notice about the phrases
			within the sentence?" "How does the
			vocabulary used contribute to the meaning
			of the sentence?" "What is the meaning of
			the hyperbole in the sentence?" and "How
			does the structure of the sentence
			contribute to the meaning of the sentence?"
			Following this examination of the mentor
			sentence, students answer the question
			"Based on what you've read so far, how
			does Tara's home life influence her
			education?" using a structure similar to the
			mentor sentence. In the Artificial
			Intelligence unit, Section 2, Lesson 4,
			students use a mentor sentence to answer
			the following questions: "How does the
			vocabulary used contribute to the meaning
			of the sentence?" "How does the structure
			of the sentence contribute to the meaning
			of the sentence?" and "How does the new
			sentence order change the meaning of the
			sentence?" Students then use the mentor
			sentence to model responding to the
			question "How would the use of caregiving

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			robots improve the care of special groups of people, such as the elderly or people with special needs?" In the unit <i>In the Time of the</i> <i>Butterflies,</i> Section 1, Lesson 3, students examine the word, dissident, and answer the following questions: "Does this word have a positive or a negative connotation? How do you know?" and "What other words have a similar or opposite meaning as this word?" Students then examine the word's meaning in the following sentence: "The names of the passengers were only mentioned in the second paragraph, likely in an attempt to conceal the death of the dissidents, or at least to avoid calling attention to them."
7. ASSESSMENTS: Materials offer assessment opportunities that genuinely measure progress and elicit direct, observable evidence of the degree to which students can independently demonstrate the assessed grade-specific standards with appropriately complex text(s). Yes No	Required 7a) Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a range of pre-, formative, summative and self-assessment measures.	Yes	Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a range of pre-, formative, summative, and self-assessment measures. The materials include modes of assessment that are delivered in a consistent way across units. Each unit contains a Culminating Task as well as Section Diagnostics located throughout the unit that aligns with the Culminating Task. For example, in the <i>Education</i> unit, Section 1 diagnostic, students engage in a full-class discussion in response to the following questions: "Based on the texts from this section, how do life experiences contribute to a person's environment contribute to his or her education? How does a contribute to a person's education? What other factors from the texts can contribute to a person's

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			education?" In Section 3, students write a
			narrative essay in response to the following
			prompt: "How has education influenced
			your character and action? Describe a time
			in your education when you learned
			something that changed the way you acted
			or thought about an issue. Why and how did
			learning new information inspire change in
			you?" The assessments in this unit are
			varied in type and in focus. Likewise in the
			1984 unit, formative and summative
			assessment opportunities are provided in
			the materials. For example, the materials
			include Section Quizzes. Following Sections
			1 and 2, students complete the Sections 1
			and 2 Quiz assessments in which they
			respond to multiple-choice questions
			including, but not limited to the following:
			"In 1984, Winston lives in Victory Mansions,
			smokes Victory Cigarettes, and drinks
			Victory Gin. What is the author's purpose for
			choosing "Victory" as the brand name?"
			"The characters in 1984 hate Emmanuel
			Goldstein and believe he is a traitor. What is
			the author's purpose for making Emmanuel
			Goldstein the symbol of everything that is
			against the government's values?" and
			"What central idea does the excerpt
			develop?" At the end of the unit, students
			complete a summative Culminating Writing
			Task in which they write an informative
			essay in response to the following prompt:
			"In 1946, George Orwell wrote that one of
			his great motives for writing was his 'desire
			to push the world in a certain direction, to

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			alter other people's idea of kind of society that they should strive after.' Consider how literary and artistic depictions of dysfunctional societies prompt an audience to reflect on the parallels between a fictional, dystopian society and their own. Explain the extent to which such reflection can shape an individual's view of certain aspects of modern society. Focus your examination and explanation on one of the following themes: the impact of surveillance and technology on freedom and safety; the ways government systems distribute and maintain authority (e.g., censorship, propaganda, rituals and ceremonies); or the manipulation of emotions to influence human behavior."
	Required 7b) Materials assess student understanding of the topics, themes, and/or ideas presented in the unit texts. Questions and tasks are developed so that students demonstrate the knowledge and skill built over the course of the unit.	Yes	Materials assess student understanding of the topics, themes, and/or ideas presented in the unit texts. Each unit contains a Culminating Task that requires students to demonstrate the knowledge and skills built over the course of the unit. For example, in the 1984 unit, Culminating Task, students write an informative essay in response to the following prompt: "In 1946, George Orwell wrote that one of his great motives for writing was his 'desire to push the world in a certain direction, to alter other people's idea of kind of society that they should strive after.' Consider how literary and artistic depictions of dysfunctional societies prompt an audience to reflect on the parallels between a fictional, dystopian society and their own. Explain the extent to

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			which such reflection can shape an
			individual's view of certain aspects of
			modern society. Focus your examination and
			explanation on one of the following themes:
			the impact of surveillance and technology
			on freedom and safety; the ways
			government systems distribute and maintain
			authority (e.g., censorship, propaganda,
			rituals and ceremonies); or the manipulation
			of emotions to influence human behavior."
			During the task, students support their
			points "using a variety of well-selected
			evidence such as relevant facts, extended
			definitions, concrete details, examples, and
			direct quotations from 1984, one other
			literary text, and at least two informational
			texts from the unit with parenthetical
			citations." In the Culminating Task in the
			Artificial Intelligence unit, students write an
			essay that summarizes the origins of
			artificial intelligence, survey the various
			ways it is used and how it has impacted
			society, and argue how it may be safely
			implemented in the future. In Section 2,
			Lesson 5, students write a response to the
			following prompt: "Using evidence from 2 -
			3 texts in this section, identify what tasks AI
			is used for today, what the benefits and
			dangers of those uses are, and argue
			whether Asimov's laws should apply to
			current uses of Al". In the <i>In the Time of the</i>
			Butterflies unit, Culminating Writing Task,
			students write an essay that analyzes how
			the author uses literary techniques to
			develop a fictionalized version of one of the

RequiredYesMirabal sisters and how that character is used to communicate a theme about social change. In Section 3, Lesson 5, students form a claim in response to the following prompt: "Examine the events that cause each of the Mirabal sisters to get involved in the movement against Trujillo. Identify each sister's 'revolutionary epiphary.' How does Alvarez intertwine their personalities with their decisions to join the movement? How does this support the development of a theme about social change?" Students gather evidence through research to support their claims in preparation for a class discusses how characterization develops a theme about social change.RequiredYesAligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance.YesNigned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance.YesNigned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance.YesNigned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance.YesNigned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring includes a Culminating Task rubric and exemplar. The materials note that teachers should assess student understanding using these tools. For example, in the Hamlet unit, students demonstrates guidey work. A rubric, with a clear set of success criteria, is a is on included. Success criteria, is a is o	CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
determining the meaning of text(s) by		7c) Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines (such as scoring guides or student work exemplars) are included and provide		Mirabal sisters and how that character is used to communicate a theme about social change. In Section 3, Lesson 5, students form a claim in response to the following prompt: "Examine the events that cause each of the Mirabal sisters to get involved in the movement against Trujillo. Identify each sister's 'revolutionary epiphany.' How does Alvarez intertwine their personalities with their decisions to join the movement? How does this support the development of a theme about social change?" Students gather evidence through research to support their claims in preparation for a class discussion. This prepares students to write a literary analysis that discusses how characterization develops a theme about social change. Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance. The Assessment Overview page of the materials includes a Culminating Task rubric and exemplar. The materials note that teachers should assess student understanding using these tools. For example, in the <i>Hamlet</i> unit, students write a literary analysis in which they analyze a character from the play and examine whether or not his/her madness is real or feigned. An exemplar response is included that demonstrates quality work. A rubric, with a clear set of success criteria, is also included. Success criteria include the following: "Students demonstrate success

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			accurately analyzing and/or synthesizing ideas within and across texts" and "Student demonstrates success forming a valid and evidence-based position, response, or focus." In each category, teachers can assess whether a student meets the criteria, continues practice, or needs support. The exemplar and the rubric work together to clarify expectations for students and teachers. Exemplars and rubrics similar to this are included in each unit across the materials. Additionally, each unit has Section Diagnostics along with checklists for assessing student's understanding. For example, in the <i>1984</i> unit, Section 1, Lesson 11, the checklist includes reading look-fors, including the following: "How well does the student summarize the influences (e.g., surveills, censorship, propaganda, nationalism, emotional manipulation)? and "How well does the student explain the similarities and differences among the influences and their impacts." Performance descriptors such as Meets Criteria (3), Continue Practice (2), Needs Support (1), and Insufficient Evidence (0) are also included.
	Required 7d) Measurement of progress via assessments include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities.	Yes	Measurement of progress via assessments includes the gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. During the Culminating Task in each unit, students independently demonstrate the knowledge and skills they have built throughout the unit. For example, in the <i>1984</i> unit,

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			Culminating Task, students respond to the
			following prompt: "Clearly state the central
			idea(s) that the literary texts (1984 and one
			other text) convey about the selected
			theme; explain how the characters, setting,
			and/or plot and subplot develop the central
			ideas(s); examine the similarities and
			differences between contemporary society
			and the literary depictions; explain the
			effect of the literary depiction on your
			perspectives of specific aspects of
			contemporary society." The themes
			provided for this task include the following:
			"the impact of surveillance and technology
			on freedom and safety;" "the ways
			government systems distribute and maintain
			authority (e.g., censorship, propaganda,
			rituals and ceremonies);" and "the
			manipulation of emotions to influence
			human behavior." The lessons in the
			materials align with this task. In Section 1,
			Lesson 6, for instance, students read
			Chapters 3 and 4 and consider "What
			particular comment on the role of
			government in influencing the thoughts of
			its citizens is presented in chapters 3-4?"
			Later in this unit, in Section 2, Lesson 5,
			students analyze Part 2 of Chapter 9 by
			answering guiding questions which include
			the following: "What is the purpose of the
			Hate Week scene in which the enemy
			changes suddenly?" and "What do the
			peoples' reactions convey about the
			strength of government controls
			(propaganda, emotional manipulation)?"

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CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			The knowledge and skills connect between
			tasks and ultimately align with the
			culminating summative assessment.
			Likewise, in the Education unit, formative
			and summative assessment opportunities
			are aligned and allow for a gradual release.
			In Section 3, Lesson 4, students work with
			"The Opportunity Myth" to examine the
			influence of education on various students.
			At the end of this lesson, students respond
			to the following question: "Think about the
			influence of education on Tara's life. What
			influence has education had on your life?"
			This task functions as a scaffold in
			supporting students to be independent on
			the Section 3 Diagnostic in which they write
			a narrative essay in response to the
			following prompt: "How has education
			influenced your character and action?
			Describe a time in your education when you
			learned something that changed the way
			you acted or thought about an issue. Why
			and how did learning new information
			inspire change in you?" Finally, in the <i>In the</i>
			<i>Time of Butterflies</i> unit, Section 2, Lesson 3,
			students read Chapter 2 and answer the
			following questions: "What techniques does
			Alvarez use to develop the character of
			Minerva within this chapter?" and "What do
			we learn about Minerva as a result of these
			techniques?" The materials also provide
			scaffolded guiding questions such as the
			following: "How does point of view affect
			the development of Minerva's character?"
			"How does the structure of the chapter

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			develop the character of Minerva?" and "How are other characters used within this chapter to highlight elements of Minerva's character?" Students build knowledge about Minerva and how her characterization supports the Culminating Writing Task in which students demonstrate how the author uses literary techniques to develop a fictionalized version of one of the Mirabal sisters and how that character is used to
	7e) Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are unbiased and accessible to all students.	Yes	communicate a theme about social change. Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are unbiased and accessible to all students. In the <i>1984</i> unit, a clear rubric is included in the materials that outlines the criteria needed for success on the Culminating Task. For each reading and writing criteria, the teacher assesses student work as Meets Criteria, Continue Practice, Needs Support, or Insufficient Evidence. The criteria itself aligns with student standards. The criteria itself aligns with student standards. For example, students must demonstrate "proficiency developing supporting claims or points logically with relevant and sufficient textual evidence." In Section 4, Lesson 1, students use the Culminating Task Tool to review the task and prepare for writing by drafting a thesis and gathering and organizing evidence. Lessons 2 through 3 of Section 4 provide step-by- step guidelines and directions as students complete their writing. The materials include guiding questions that help students focus on the success criteria, such as the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			following: "Does your draft address the prompt?" and "Does your draft meet the expectations?" Finally, students read their partner's work and consider how the work aligns to the success criteria by answering additional guided questions, such as the following: "Does the work address all parts of the task?" and "Is there a clear response and supporting claims that are specific, original, appropriate to the task, and based on evidence?" Similar methods and protocols are included in the materials across all units.
 8. SCAFFOLDING AND SUPPORT: Materials provide all students, including those who read below grade level, with extensive opportunities and support to encounter and comprehend grade-level complex text as required by the standards. Yes No 	Required 8a) As needed, pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding the text itself (i.e. providing background knowledge, supporting vocabulary acquisition). Pre-reading activities should be no more than 10% of time devoted to any reading instruction.	Yes	Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students in understanding the text itself. Pre-reading activities in the <i>Hamlet</i> unit provide essential scaffolding about the text. In Section 1, Lesson 1, students watch a video titled, "Why you should read <i>Hamlet</i> " and read an article titled "Introduction to Hamlet" to build knowledge about the plot of the text. Students then define the words, ambiguity and uncertainty and consider " How do ambiguity and uncertainty often lead to conflict in literature as well as real- life?" In Section 1, Lesson 2, students listen to Act 1, Scenes 1 and 2 to build an initial understanding of key ideas in the plot. Students respond to the following guiding questions: "What is the setting of the play?" "What troublesome events have occurred in Denmark?" and "How does Shakespeare

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			play?" In the 1984 unit, Section 1, Lesson 2
			begins with a study of two short texts that
			prepare students to read and engage with
			the themes of the anchor novel, specifically,
			the role of government in society. Students
			read "The Pedestrian" by Bradbury and "The
			Unknown Citizen" by Auden to deepen their
			understanding about the societal and
			governmental influences on characters. By
			the end of this lesson, students work with a
			partner to answer the following questions
			connected to both texts including: "What
			are the influences/controls that influence
			the character(s)?" "What is the source of
			these influences?" and "What are the
			impacts on the character(s)?" These pre-
			reading activities engage students in the
			knowledge necessary to make connections
			between the texts in the unit. Finally, in the
			Artificial Intelligence unit, Section 1, Lesson
			3, students read a statement about author
			Isaac Asimov before reading "Three Laws of
			Robotics." Later in this lesson, and prior to
			reading Bradbury's "There will Come Soft
			Rains," students examine the words,
			incinerator and manifested. They share what
			they notice about the word, focusing on
			word parts and word relationships. The
			teacher guides students through a
			discussion to better understand the words
			by asking "Do these words have a positive or
			a negative connotation? How do you
			know?" and "What other words have a
			similar or opposite meaning as these
			words?" The teacher is provided with

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			scaffolding questions to help students discuss and understand the word. These questions include "How can you determine the connotation of a word?" and "After reviewing the definition of each word, what other words/ have a similar or opposite meaning?" This word analysis supports students in engaging with the text.
	Required 8b) Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. Texts do not serve as platforms to practice discrete strategies.	Yes	Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 8 of the <i>1984</i> unit, students listen to a read aloud of Chapter 8. The reading focus is provided, which states, "What is Winston concerned about?" Students then analyze keywords from this section of text including ownlife, individualism, and eccentricity to deepen their understanding. Following this, students reread "The Pedestrian" from Lesson 1 and compare and contrast the ideas presented in the text by answering the following questions: "How are Leonard Mead and Winston Smith similar?" "What do their experiences reveal about the societies they live in?" and "How do the dystopian societies in each text relate to contemporary society?" These tasks build students' knowledge of the ideas presented in the Section 1 diagnostic. In the Education unit, reading strategies also support comprehension of the text. For example, in Section 4, Lesson 2, students deepen their

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			understanding of the text by annotating select passages for details that reveal how Tara is coping with her past in her relationships. Guided questions support comprehension of the text including, "How does Westover use her narrative style to emphasize how reflection and sharing her life experiences have educated her?" In the <i>In the Time of the Butterflies</i> unit, Section 3, Lesson 1, students take turns reading Chapter 5 with a partner. During reading, students stop and discuss how Alvarez develops the characters and themes around social change. Students then work with a partner to answer the following questions: "Why is each event significant to the plot of the chapter?" and "How does each event develop our understanding of Dede?" These questions allow students to answer the reading focus question, which states, "What causes Dede's views about rebellion to evolve?" These strategies support comprehension of the text's characters and themes.
	Required 8c) Materials include guidance and support that regularly directs teachers to return to focused parts of the text to guide students through rereading and discussion about the ideas, events, and information found there.	Yes	Materials include guidance and support that regularly directs teachers to return to focused parts of the text to guide students through rereading and discussion about the ideas, events, and information found there. For example, in the <i>1984</i> unit, the materials direct students to return to a focused part of the text for multiple purposes. In Section 3, Lesson 2 in the Education unit, close reads of Chapter 20 have specific purposes and attend to author's choices. For example,

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			after students independently read Chapter
			20, they develop a response to the question
			"What did Tara learn in school that affected
			her relationship with Shawn?" Students then
			analyze a mentor sentence from Chapter 20
			which states, "What they heard was a signal,
			a call through time, which was answered
			with a mounting conviction: that never again
			would I allow myself to be made a foot
			soldier in a conflict I did not understand"
			(Westover 181) and answer the following
			questions: "What do you notice about the
			punctuation within the sentence?" "How
			does the vocabulary used contribute to the
			meaning of the sentence?" "What is the
			meaning of the metaphor in the sentence?"
			and "How does the structure of the
			sentence contribute to the meaning of the
			sentence?" These tasks and questions focus
			student attention on specific parts and
			elements of the text. Next, in the Artificial
			Intelligence unit, Section 3, Lesson 3,
			students independently read pages 207-219
			from The Fourth Age: Smart Robots,
			Conscious Computers, and the Future of
			Humanity. Then with a partner, students
			analyze this section of the text more closely
			to answer the questions "What are the
			definitions of sentience and free will?" and
			"How does the author develop these
			definitions throughout the text?" Students
			then complete the Understanding AI Tool to
			evaluate the information in this portion of
			text. In Section 3, Lesson 3 of the <i>In the Time</i>
			of the Butterflies unit, students read Chapter

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			7 in pairs to establish their understanding. During reading, students discuss how Alvarez develops Maria Teresa's character and themes of social change. Following a class discussion centered on Maria Teresa's character development, students work with a partner to analyze Chapter 7 again and answer the question "How does the narrative structure and characterization in chapter seven support Maria Teresa's personality?"
	Required 8d) Materials provide additional supports for expressing understanding through formal discussion and writing development (i.e. sentence frames, paragraph frames, modeled writing, student exemplars).	Yes	Materials provide additional supports for expressing understanding through formal discussion and writing development. For example, in the Education unit, the materials include opportunities for students to express their understanding through discussion. In Section 4, Lesson 5, students engage in a whole-class discussion in response to the following prompt: "How does sharing life stories contribute to a person's education? How does self- reflection contribute to a person's education?" Scaffolding is included in the materials, and students have access to the Academic Conversation Reference Guide, conversation stems, class discussion norms, and discussion questions. The materials indicate that, prior to the discussion, students should identify the conversation stems they might use in discussion. The materials also provide support for formal writing development. In the <i>1984</i> unit, a Culminating Task Tool is included in the materials, which provides writing scaffolding

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			for students as they begin the process of
			completing the Culminating Task. For
			example, students begin by analyzing the
			prompt and gathering evidence to support
			their claims. In Section 4, Lesson 2, students
			locate, evaluate, and select sources for their
			research prior to writing. After drafting, they
			answer the following guided questions:
			"Does your draft address the prompt?" and
			"Does your draft meet the expectations?" In
			Lesson 3, the materials provide support for
			teachers as they lead discussions about
			revising and editing Culminating Tasks. The
			guidance states, "Model how to review and
			revise the organization using a strong and
			weak student work model. Project the
			strong model and conduct a think-aloud to
			explain how the model is well organized.
			Project the weak model and conduct a think-
			aloud to explain how the model lacks a well-
			organized structure. Then ask: How can we
			revise the model so that it is better
			organized? What can we add, remove, or
			change?" In the Artificial Intelligence unit,
			Section 3, Lesson 11, students prepare for
			and engage in a whole-class discussion
			about the future of artificial intelligence.
			Students form claims to prepare for the
			discussion in response to the following
			prompt: "Analyze and evaluate the arguments by Elon Musk and Stephen
			Hawking. Given the texts in this section, who
			-
			presents a more accurate glimpse into the future of AI?" To complete the activity,
			students express their understanding

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY Required 8e) Materials are easy to use and well organized for students and teachers. Teacher editions are concise and easy to manage with clear connections between teacher resources. The reading selections are centrally located within the materials and the center of focus.		EXAMPLESthrough writing development by firstgathering evidence for developed claims.This support is intended to build studentconfidence for the formal class discussion.Materials are easy to use and well organizedfor students and teachers. Each unit beginswith a Unit Question and a Unit-At-A-Glance. For example, the 1984 unit beginswith the Unit Question, "How can anindividual's view of society be influenced byliterature?" The Unit-At-A-Glance provides asynopsis of the learning within the unit,states the number of lessons, and thenumber of quizzes. The AssessmentOverview outlines and details theassessments within the unit including theSection Diagnostics and the Culminating
			Section Diagnostics and the Culminating Task. Materials for each unit are organized sequentially by Sections, Lessons, and Activities. Teachers can easily determine the knowledge focus of the materials using the Unit-At-A-Glance. For example, in the 1984 unit, the Unit-At-A-Glance states that the students "will read 1984 by George Orwell and a series of related literary and informational texts to explore the question: How can an individual's view of society be influenced by depictions of dysfunctional societies in classic literature?express their understanding through an essay that examines the society depicted in George Orwell's 1984 in comparison to modern-day society." Additionally, within each lesson, a materials tab is included for materials needed for the lesson. For example, in the <i>In</i>

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
	Required 8f) Support for English Learners and diverse learners is provided. Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level. The language in which questions and problems are posed is not an obstacle to understanding the content, and if it is, additional supports are included (e.g., alternative teacher approaches, pacing and instructional delivery options, strategies or suggestions for supporting access to text and/or content, suggestions for modifications, suggestions for vocabulary acquisition, etc.).		EXAMPLESthe Time of the Butterflies unit, Section 2,Lesson 2, under the materials tab, teachersare provided the blank and completedversion of the document: "Mirabal SistersUnderstanding Tool." This is the primary toolstudents will need for the lesson.Appropriate suggestions and materials areprovided for supporting varying studentneeds at the unit and lesson level. Each unitand lesson contains materials to supportdiverse learners including English Learnersand students with cognitive disabilities. Forexample, in Section 3, Lesson 4, in the 1984unit, students independently reread a selectset of pages from the text and annotate for"details that reveal similarities betweenJones, Rutherford, and Aaronson andWinston." Appropriate suggestions areincluded in the lesson to support studentlearners. Such suggestions include thefollowing: "Read aloud the text as studentsfollow along." "Pair students together to
			engage in a partner reading of the text." "Engage students in a choral reading of the text." and "Model how to note key words or phrases from a text." A link to Louisiana's Glossary of Strategies for English and World Language Acquisition is also included in the materials. In the Education unit, in Section 2, Lesson 2, students engage with Chapters 11- 13 to answer questions about the relationships between the details in the passages. To support learners, the following suggestion is provided "As needed, explain to the students that they are analyzing the

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			relationships in the text, which is the process of recognizing and interpreting how the key details and ideas of a text interact to establish the elements, such as characters and tone, and the structure or organization of a text." In the Artificial Intelligence unit, Section 1, Lesson 3, the materials provide guiding questions to support student understanding of Bradbury's "There Will Come Soft Rains." Such questions include the following: "What is personification?" "Why would the author personify the house?", and "Does this personification make the house a 'character'?" These questions support students in answering the question, "How does the author use language to personify the house in the text?"
	8g) The content can be reasonably completed within a regular school year and the pacing of content allows for maximum student understanding. Materials provide guidance about the amount of time a task might reasonably take.	Yes	The content can be reasonably completed within a regular school year and the pacing of content allows for maximum student understanding and provides guidance about the amount of time a task might reasonably take. Each unit within the material indicates the length of time to complete the unit. For example, the Unit At-a-Glance for the Education unit notes twenty-nine lessons. Within the lessons, Teaching Notes indicate the length of time a teacher should spend on an activity. For example, in Section 1, Lesson 3, Activity 2, the materials allocate 15 minutes for students to read excerpts from Chapter 3 and Chapter 5 of <i>Jane Eyre</i> to establish their understanding. In Section 3, Lesson 7, students complete the diagnostic

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			task for the section and the materials allot 30 minutes for students to compose their work. This is paced appropriately to be completed in a single class period. The materials include a total of five units which can reasonably be completed within a regular school year. Additionally, Each unit provides the same format for time allocation.

FINAL EVALUATION

Tier 1 ratings receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria and a "Yes" for each of the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality. *Tier 2 ratings* receive a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria, but at least one "No" for the Additional Criteria of Superior Quality. *Tier 3 ratings* receive a "No" for at least one of the Non-negotiable Criteria.

Compile the results for Sections I-III to make a final decision for the material under review.

Section	Criteria	Yes/No	Final Justification/Comments
I. K-12 Non-negotiable Criteria of Superior Quality ⁶	1. Quality of Texts	Yes	Materials provide texts that are appropriately complex for the identified grade level according to the requirements outlined in the standards. At least 90% of provided texts are of publishable quality and offer rich opportunities for students to meet the grade-level ELA standards; the texts are well-crafted, representing the quality of content, language, and writing that is produced by experts in various disciplines. A coherent sequence or collection of connected texts that build vocabulary knowledge and knowledge about themes with connected topics and ideas through tasks in reading, writing, listening, speaking, and language are provided. Within a sequence or collection, quality texts of grade

⁶ Must score a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria to receive a Tier 1 or Tier 2 rating.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			level complexity are selected for multiple, careful readings throughout the unit of study.
	2. Text-Dependent Questions	Yes	A majority of questions in the materials are text dependent and text specific with student ideas expressed through both written and spoken responses. Questions and tasks include the language of the standards and require students to engage in thinking at the depth and complexity required by the grade-level standards to advance and deepen student learning over time.
	3. Coherence of Tasks	Yes	Coherence sequences of questions and tasks focus students on understanding the text and its illustrations, making connections among the texts in the collection, and expressing their understanding of the topics, themes, and ideas presented in the texts. Questions and tasks are designed so that students build and apply knowledge and skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and language through quality, grade-level complex texts. Questions and tasks support students in examining the language (vocabulary, sentences, and structure) critical to the meaning of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. Questions and tasks also focus on advancing depth of word knowledge through emphasizing word meaning and relationships among words rather than isolated vocabulary practice, and engaging students with multiple repetitions of words in varied contexts.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
II. K-5 Non-negotiable Foundational Skills Criteria (grades K-5 only) ⁷	4. Foundational Skills ⁸	N/A	Not applicable for this grade level
III. Additional Criteria of Superior Quality ⁹	5. Range and Volume of Texts	Yes	Materials seek a balance in instructional time between literature and informational texts. Materials include print and non-print texts of different formats and lengths; however, the materials do not provide direction and practice for regular, accountable independent reading of texts that appeal to students' interests to build stamina, confidence, motivation, and enjoyment and develop knowledge of classroom concepts or topics.
	6. Writing to Sources, Speaking and Listening, and Language	Yes	Materials include a variety of opportunities for students to listen, speak, and write about their understanding of texts measured by Criteria 1 and 2. The majority of oral and written tasks at all grade levels require students to demonstrate the knowledge they build through the analysis and synthesis of texts, and present well defended claims and clear information, using grade-level language and conventions and drawing on textual evidence to support valid inferences from text. Materials include multiple writing tasks aligned to the three modes of writing as outlined by the standards at each grade level and explicitly address the grammar and language conventions specified by the language

⁷ Must score a "Yes" for all Non-negotiable Criteria to receive a Tier 1 or Tier 2 rating.

 ⁸ As applicable.
 ⁹ Must score a "Yes" for all Additional Criteria of Superior Quality to receive a Tier 1 rating.

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			standards at each grade level and build on those standards from previous grade levels through application and practice of those skills in the context of reading and writing about unit texts.
	7. Assessments	Yes	Materials use varied modes of assessment, including a range of pre-, formative, summative and self-assessment measures. Materials assess student understanding of the topics, themes, and/or ideas presented in the unit texts. Aligned rubrics or assessment guidelines are included and provide sufficient guidance for interpreting student performance. Measurement of progress via assessments include gradual release of supporting scaffolds for students to measure their independent abilities. Materials assess student proficiency using methods that are unbiased and accessible to all students.
	8. Scaffolding and Support	Yes	Pre-reading activities and suggested approaches to teacher scaffolding are focused and engage students with understanding the text itself. Materials do not confuse or substitute mastery of skills or strategies for full comprehension of text; reading strategies support comprehension of specific texts and focus on building knowledge and insight. Materials include guidance and support that regularly directs teachers to return to focused parts of the text to guide students through rereading and discussion about the ideas, events, and information found there. Materials provide additional supports for expressing

CRITERIA	INDICATORS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY	MEETS METRICS (YES/NO)	JUSTIFICATION/COMMENTS WITH EXAMPLES
			understanding through formal discussion and writing development. Materials are easy to use and well organized for students and teachers. Appropriate suggestions and materials are provided for supporting varying student needs at the unit and lesson level.
FINAL DECISION FOR THIS MATERIAL: Tier 1, Exemplifies quality			



Instructional materials are one of the most important tools educators use in the classroom to enhance student learning. It is critical that they fully align to state standards—what students are expected to learn and be able to do at the end of each grade level or course—and are high quality if they are to provide meaningful instructional support.

The Louisiana Department of Education is committed to ensuring that every student has access to high-quality instructional materials. In Louisiana all districts are able to purchase instructional materials that are best for their local communities since those closest to students are best positioned to decide which instructional materials are appropriate for their district and classrooms. To support local school districts in making their own local, high-quality decisions, the Louisiana Department of Education leads online reviews of instructional materials.

Instructional materials are reviewed by a committee of Louisiana educators. Teacher Leader Advisors (TLAs) are a group of exceptional educators from across Louisiana who play an influential role in raising expectations for students and supporting the success of teachers. Teacher Leader Advisors use their robust knowledge of teaching and learning to review instructional materials.

The 2022-2023 Teacher Leader Advisors are selected from across the state and represent the following parishes and school systems: A.E. Phillips, Ascension, Belle Chasse Academy, Bienville, Caddo, Calcasieu, Catholic Diocese of Baton Rouge -REACH Department, East Baton Rouge, Hynes Charter School Corporation, Iberia, Iberville, Jefferson, KIPP New Orleans, Lafayette, Lafourche, Lincoln, Louisiana Virtual Charter Academy, LSU Laboratory School, Orleans, Monroe City Schools, Morehouse, Orleans, Ouachita, Plaquemines, Rapides, Richland, St. Landry, St. Martin, St. Mary, St. Tammany, Tangipahoa, University View Academy, Vermillion, Webster, West Feliciana, and Zachary Community Schools. This review represents the work of current classroom teachers with experience in grades 9-12.

Appendix I. Publisher Response



The publisher had no response.

Appendix II. Public Comments



There were no public comments submitted.

Appendix III. Tech Ready Endorsement





Academic Content

Tech Readiness Endorsement

Imagine Learning Platform

- Imagine Learning EL Education, K-5
- Imagine Learning, Guidebooks
- Imagine Learning Illustrative Math

Section I: Non-Negotiable Criteria

Materials must meet all Non-Negotiable Criteria in Section I for the review to continue to Section II.

Criteria	Indicator of Quality	Determination
Required Browser	The curriculum platform does/does not need a specific browser (Internet Explorer, Safari, etc.) to launch.	Meets Required Indicator •
Operating System	Operates on Google, Microsoft, and Apple OS	Meets Required Indicator •
SSO (Single Sign On)	The product is SSO utilizing Google, Clever, Microsoft, or another SSO method thus no external account should be created and no personal information should be collected and/or shared.	Meets Required Indicator •
Cyber Security	Has either SOC II or GDPR certification	Meets Required Indicator •

Section II: Additional Criteria of Tech Readiness

Functionality	
Criteria	Score/Evidence
LMS Integration	Minor Concerns (2) The Imagine Learning platform has limited compatibility with major learning management systems (LMS). The platform supports integration with Schoology and Canvas, under the IMS Global Standards integration. However, there is no evidence of integration with Google Classroom. Setting up the integration requires a manual process, and while the setup instructions are clear, they may not be the most user-friendly for teachers. While the platform supports Schoology and Canvas, those



	seeking Google Classroom integration may need to explore alternative options.	
Scale	Minor Concerns (2) Teachers are able to create multiple groups and add co-teachers. Districts are able to use Clever/Classlink for rostering. Assignments may be assigned to all students or individual students. Assignments may only be assigned once to a student. There is no evidence that the platform has the functionality to split students into smaller groups or subgroups. There is no indication of the maximum number of students in a class/group. There are optional filters to analyze data for specific grades, schools, and teachers for administrators. Teachers are able to pull data for item analyses, highest and lowest performing standards, etc. Analytics and reporting are available at the class level and the student level, but are not available by subgroups.	
Ease of Use	Minor Concerns (2) Upon initial login, teachers are presented with the option to take a "Guided Tour." During this tour, teachers learn how the materials are organized and are provided visual cues and pop-up messages that provide additional information and context for accessing and using the materials. Teacher/Admin view of the program appeared organized with an easy-to-use layout. The dashboard buttons are the most frequently used components such as home, classes, data, saved lessons, help, and grade bands. Throughout the platform, there are several "How to" guides that users can access to learn about navigating different aspects of the platform. Menus, buttons, and interactive elements are prominently displayed and labeled. The platform features interactive elements such as virtual manipulatives and centers for students to access. At the bottom of the lesson player, students can click the tools button to access digital tools such as calculators and other interactives.	
	Teacher and Staff Support	
Criteria	Score/Evidence	
Data	Serious Concerns (1) Teachers and school leaders have access to some metrics concerning student performance. The data dashboard information loads data into the dashboard overnight. Updates made to scores reflect the following day and provide student scores by assessment, assignment, and standard. The dashboard also offers a view of lessons and activities. Dashboard views are available for site, grade, school, teacher, and student. Reports are generated by overall student assignment scores for specified standards and assignments. On assessments, items are aligned to standards. On activities and lessons, the items are partially aligned with standards. Reports are limited and do not report on login frequency, trends, or time spent on activities. There is limited ability to export data in a variety of formats.	
Training Resources	Works Well (3) Training resources are divided into 5 categories: General Concepts for Everyone, For Teachers, For Authors, For Site Admins, and For Students. Within each category, there are specific items under each topic with videos and directions. Webinars and information regarding professional development opportunities are provided on the website. There is also a Contact Us link if users are unable to find the help needed in the	

	Platform Guides.
Professional Learning	Works Well (3) - The platform provides virtual and in-person options to support schools and districts, however, it is unclear if the cost of the service is included in the subscription. There is also a customer service manager who is designated to plan, monitor, and support curriculum implementation. Embedded opportunities are also available in the digital platforms for teachers to build professional learning communities. A variety of webinars are provided. Additional resources are available in the Curriculum Guides, Teaching Notes, and Additional Materials section of ILC. The Curriculum Guide includes information that reflects recent curricular updates.
	Accessibility
Criteria	Score/Evidence
Mobile Functionality	 Works Well (3) The platform is compatible with mobile devices including: Apple Devices (iPad, iPhone, iPod Touch) Google Android Devices Chromebook Devices (that are still receiving updates) Windows Tablets
Offline Functionality	Serious Concerns (1) No offline mode option. The materials would have to be downloaded into PDFs and assessed offline.
Additional Required Download	Works Well (3) No additional downloads are required. Most recent stable versions of Microsoft Edge, Google Chrome, and Apple Safari are recommended. Specific versions of operating systems are also recommended.
	Administration
Criteria	Score/Evidence
Onboarding	Works Well (3) Teachers are alerted when an account is created for them. Imagine Learning has onboarding information for users that includes information such as how to log in and how to get started on the platform.
Communication	Works Well (3) • There is not a communication feature in the platform, which means there is no need for administrative control of communication.
Tech Support	Works Well (3) In addition to the embedded tutorials, the platform provides technical support through a contact form, email, chat, and phone number. There is also a real-time system status check and automatic troubleshooting feature. If an issue requires escalation, a customer success manager will be available to expedite.

Reports	Works Well (3) -
	The platform features three reports in the Data Dashboard. Each view in the Data
	Dashboard includes the following reports with data organized by the breakdown
	categories presented in the view.
	 Overview Report: This is an overall summary based on student assignment scores. The report shows the average of all assignment scores as well as a chart that breaks down the number of assignments with scores that fall within each range (0-50%, 51-79%, 80-100%). This report also includes the "Bottom" and "Top" standard scores summary which is based on average item scores for assignment items associated with specified standards. Performance Report: This report also includes an Assignment scores organized by categories. This report also includes an Assignment value. This value is the total number of student assignments contributing to the average score. In the Teacher view of the Dashboard, Performance tables are organized by class. An 'Archived' badge will appear on any archived classes on this page. Archived students will also appear. The 'People' tab in your classes indicates which individual students have an archived status. Standards Report: This report includes the average of the item scores for items aligned with the specified standard, organized by breakdown category. Users can select "Bottom 5," "Top 5," and "All" standards when filtered by an assignment type. When filtered by one or more specific assignments, only the "All" standards view is available.
	Notes about standards alignment:
	 Not all digital items in IL Classroom curricula are aligned to standards. When the Dashboard view includes assignments in which no items are aligned to
	standards, users will see a "Criteria" flag indicating that partial standard alignment exists.

Final Determination

Section I: Non-Negotiable Criteria of Tech Readiness: All Criteria Met -

The Imagine Learning Platform satisfies Section I: Non-Negotiable Criteria of Tech Readiness by meeting all four of the required indicators of quality:

- Required Browser: The curriculum does not need a specific browser to launch. It works on Safari, Chrome, Edge, and Firefox.
- Operating System Capability: The platform operates on Google, Microsoft, and Apple operating systems. It works on Apple, Google, Microsoft, and Firefox.
- Single Sign-On (SSO): The platform utilizes SSO and does not require the creation of external accounts.
- Cybersecurity: The platform has ISO 27001:2013 certification.

Section II: Additional Criteria of Tech Readiness score:

32 out of 39 within the 13 criteria fields required for Tech Readiness Endorsement.

The Imagine Learning platform satisfies Section II: Additional Criteria of Tech Readiness by scoring **32** out of **39** points within the 13 criteria fields. The Imagine Learning Platform received a score of 3, or "Works Well", in 8 of the 13 criteria. The platform received a score of 2, or "Minor Concerns", for the following criteria:

- LMS Integration
- Scale
- Ease of Use

The reviewers noted the following concerns:

- LMS Integration: The platform has limited compatibility with major learning management systems. While the platform supports Schoology and Canvas, those seeking Google Classroom integration may need to explore alternative options.
- Data: Reports are limited and fail to reflect or indicate login frequency or time spent on modules.
- Offline Functionality: No offline mode option. The materials would have to be downloaded into PDFs and assessed offline.

The Imagine Learning Platform was awarded the Tech Readiness Endorsement because it met all of the requirements in Section I and received a score above 80% in Section II.

Tech Readiness Endorsement: Tech Readiness Endorsement Granted -