Louisiana Believes

Recognizing Success: Pathway to Fluency December 2016



In this session,

- The Department introduces and gets feedback on two evaluation tools.
- You learn to articulate the successes of your World Language programs.
 - Benefits of Bilingualism
 - Highly Effective Programs
 - New Look-For Tool
 - Revised FAT Evaluation Tool
 - Promote Programs
 - Conclusion

Benefits of Bilingualism







Speaking More Than One Language Eases Stroke Recovery

By Christopher Wanjek | November 19, 2015 05:40pm ET

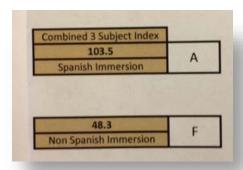


There are reduce you of having a — for exal you can eo more and smoke. Bu should a s occur, you also he ab

- Reading skills are transferrable.
- Coding and decoding language aligns with math.
- Processing information from different perspectives improves empathy.
- Comprehension is faster.

Benefits of Bilingualism

	Eng			
	Assessment Index	Percent Proficient	Percent MAS and ADV	Assessment Index
Spanish Immersion	96.3	80.5%	61.0%	123.8
Grade 3	83.9	71.4%	50.0%	132.1
Grade 4	80.8	69.2%	38.5%	121.2
Grade 5	123.2	100.0%	92.9%	117.9
non-Spanish Immersion	42.7	38.1%	16.5%	64.8
Grade 3	38.5	34.2%	17.1%	86.5
Grade 4	40.2	35.4%	15.2%	59.8
Grade 5	50.8	46.0%	17.5%	44.8





At your school, have you noticed...

- language being spoken outside the classroom?
- language posted outside the classroom?
- language being spoken inside the classroom?
- guest speakers signing in to present?
- students competing outside of school?
- teachers participating in World Language PD?

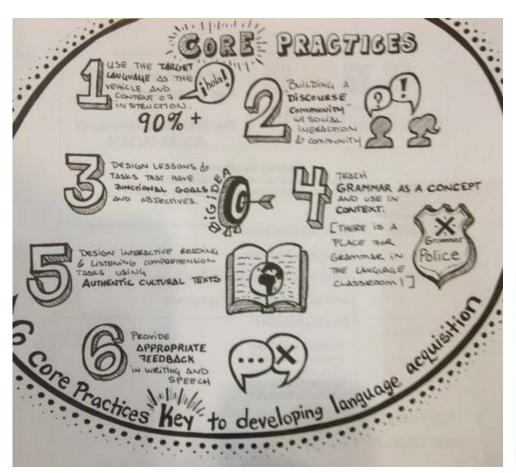
These are signs of an effective World Language Program!

Highly effective World Language programs...

- set clear PROFICIENCY based goals.
 - Novice (low, mid, high)
 - <u>Intermediate</u> (low, mid, high)
 - Advanced (low, mid, high)
- address each mode of communication.
 - Interpretive
 - Presentational
 - Interpersonal

Highly effective World Language programs...

• follow the 6 Core Practices of Language Learning.





Highly effective World Language programs...

- provide planning opportunities for vertical and horizontal articulation.
- provide opportunities for Professional Development in World Language methodology.

We will communicate more PD information at the Spring Collaborative meeting.

New Look-For Tool To Support COMPASS In World Languages

Instructional Guide to Observation & Feedback

DOMAIN 3: INSTRUCTION

WORLD LANGUAGES (MODERN LANGUAGES)

*Note: This tool adapts according to proficiency level of students (see the chart inset below from the Introduction to Louisiana World Language Content Standards)

LOOK-FORS

Outcome: Teachers provide instruction in the target language so that all students demonstrate the ability to communicate at their proficiency level.

Modern Language Programs Modern Language High School Exit Proficiency for Alphabetic Language Modern Language High School Exit Proficiency for Alphabetic Languages					guages					
Proficiency Assessment	End of 2 nd Grade	End of 5 th grade	End of 8 th grade	Level and Total Hours	l or 133-150 hours	II Or 266- 300 hours	III OF 399- 450 hours	IV or 532- 600 hours	V or 667- 750 hrs	VI or 800 – 900 hours
INTERPERSONAL	Novice	Novice	Inter.	INTERPERSONAL	Novice	Novice	Novice	Inter.	Inter.	Inter.
Person-to-Person	Low-Mid	Mid-High	Low	Person-to-Person	Mid	High	High	Low	Mid	High
INTERPRETIVE	Novice	Novice	Inter.	INTERPRETIVE	Novice	Novice	Inter.	Inter.	Inter.	Advan.
Listening	Mid	High	Low	Listening	High	High	Low	Mid	High	Low
INTERPRETIVE	Novice	Novice	Novice	INTERPRETIVE	Novice	Novice	Novice	Novice	Inter.	Inter.
Reading	Low-Mid	Mid-High	High	Reading	Mid	Mid	High	High	Low	Mid
PRESENTATIONAL	Novice	Novice	Inter.	PRESENTATIONAL	Novice	Novice	Novice	Inter.	Inter.	Inter.
Speaking	Low-Mid	Mid-High	Low	Speaking	Mid	High	High	Low	Low	Mid
PRESENTATIONAL Writing	Novice	Novice	Novice	PRESENTATIONAL	Novice	Novice	Novice	Inter.	Inter.	Inter.
	Low-Mid	Mid-High	High	Writing	Mid	High	High	Low	Low	Mid

Communication (listen, speak, read, and write) in another language is a higher order thinking skill. Simple questions in a non-native language are higher order thinking questions.

Novice Level:

- Students actively listen and interpret short aural
 and oral text that contain support and cues. (3b)
- Students produce spoken and written language
 in memorized words and phrases. (3b)
- Students and teacher formulate questions that elicit discourse in gestures and single words. (3b)
- Students work in pairs and using support in the forms of pictures, polls etc. to maximize their own use of the language (3c)
- Students use more than one mode of communication to build comprehension. (3c)
- Students use non-verbal communication (gestures, graphics etc.) as well as single words and memorized phrases to self-assess. (3d)
- Students learn about language communities near and far. (3d)

or Intermediate Level:

- Students actively listen and interpret main ideas and some details in aural and oral text. (3b)
- Students produce spoken and written language in sentences and series of sentences using the present tense. (3b)
 - Students and teacher formulate questions that elicit sentence length discourse. (3b)
- Students work in pairs and small groups to maximize their own use of the language (3c)
- Students use multiple modes of communication to build skills. (3c)
- Students and teacher offer encouragement to persevere. Students in the intermediate proficiency stage make many mistakes. (3d)
- Students begin to communicate with language communities near and abroad. (3d)

or Advanced Level:

- Students actively listen and interpret main ideas and supporting details in extended aural and oral text. (3b)
- Students produce spoken and written language in paragraph length discourse using multiple verb tenses. (3b)
- Students and teacher formulate questions that elicit paragraph length discourse. (3b)
- Students lead debates and interact with others to maximize their own use of the language (3c)
- Students use most modes of communication to build skills. (3c)
- Students negotiate meaning to adjust language production and direct the lesson. (3d)
- Students communicate with language communities near and abroad. (3d)

Evidence:

Modern Language Programs				
≥90 minutes/week and/or 50 minutes daily				
Proficiency	End of	End of	End of	
Assessment	2 nd Grade	5 th grade	8 th grade	
INTERPERSONAL	Novice	Novice	Inter.	
Person-to-Person	Low-Mid	Mid-High	Low	
INTERPRETIVE	Novice	Novice	Inter.	
Listening	Mid	High	Low	
INTERPRETIVE	Novice	Novice	Novice	
Reading	Low-Mid	Mid-High	High	
PRESENTATIONAL	Novice	Novice	Inter.	
Speaking	Low-Mid	Mid-High	Low	
PRESENTATIONAL	Novice	Novice	Novice	
Writing	Low-Mid	Mid-High	High	

Modern Language	Modern Language High School Exit Proficiency for Alphabetic Languages					
Level and Total Hours	l or 133-150 hours	II Or 266- 300 hours	III Or 399- 450 hours	IV or 532- 600 hours	V or 667- 750 hrs	VI or 800 – 900 hours
INTERPERSONAL	Novice	Novice	Novice	Inter.	Inter.	Inter.
Person-to-Person	Mid	High	High	Low	Mid	High
INTERPRETIVE Listening	Novice	Novice	Inter.	Inter.	Inter.	Advan.
	High	High	Low	Mid	High	Low
INTERPRETIVE	Novice	Novice	Novice	Novice	Inter.	Inter.
Reading	Mid	Mid	High	High	Low	Mid
PRESENTATIONAL Speaking	Novice	Novice	Novice	Inter.	Inter.	Inter.
	Mid	High	High	Low	Low	Mid
PRESENTATIONAL Writing	Novice	Novice	Novice	Inter.	Inter.	Inter.
	Mid	High	High	Low	Low	Mid

Presentation of *prepared* information, written or oral, with or without others.

Unscripted interaction between people where they **negotiate** meaning.

• Interpretive, Presentational & Interpersonal

Louisiana Believes





Appendix A: Instructional Observation & Feedback Resources

World Languages (Modern Languages)

3b. USIN	IG QUESTIONING/PROMPTS AND DISCUSSION	: Quality of questions/prompts, Discussion te	chniques, Student Participation			
KEY TOPICS	Resources (Videos, lessons, etc.)					
Class in the target language	Lessons Louisiana WL Standards Introduction Strategies 90% Target Language in the Classroom CARLA: Using Comprehensible Input	Louisiana WL Standards: Modern Langua STARTALK: Using the Target Language 90 CARLA: Meaningful Input				
	Novice Videos	Intermediate Videos	Advanced Videos			
	Annenberg Learner: Comprehensible Input Mapping Planet Earth: French Food Facts and Stories: Spanish	Annenberg Learner: Comprehensible Input Daily Routines: Japanese Creating Travel Advice: Spanish	Annenberg Learner: Discussions Performing With Confidence: French Exploring New Directions: Chinese			
3c. ENG/	AGING STUDENTS IN LEARNING: Activities & A	ssignments, Grouping of students, Instruction	nal materials, Structure & Pacing			
KEY TOPICS		Resources (Videos, lessons, etc.)				
	Lessons Louisiana WL Standards Introduction Strategies ACTFL Performance for Language Learners	Louisiana WL Standards: Modern Langua CARLA: Scaffolding	ges 21st Century Sills Map CARLA: Content Based Instruction			
Appropriate scaffolding/ design of tasks and activities	Assessment ACTFL Proficiency Guidelines: ENGLISH FRENCH SPANISH GERMAN CHINESE ARABIC LinguaFolio Junior LinguaFolio					
	Novice Videos	Intermediate Videos	Advanced Videos			
	Annenberg Learner: Scaffolding	nberg Learner: Scaffolding Annenberg Learner: Scaffolding Annenberg Learner: Eng				
	Sports in Action: German	Promoting Attractions of Japan: Japanese	A Cajun Folktale and Zydeco: French			
	Hearing Authentic Voices: Spanish	Interpreting Picasso's Guernica: Spanish	Interpreting La Belle et La Bête: French			

3d. USING ASSESSMI	ENT IN INSTRUCTION: Assessment criteria, N	Nonitoring student learning, Feedback, & Stud	ent self-assessment/monitoring of progress		
KEY TOPICS	Resources (Videos, lessons, etc.)				
student communication skills (listening, speaking,	Lessons Louisiana WL Standards Introduction NCSSFL-ACTFL Can-Do Statements: Performa Strategies CARLA: Feedback TELL: Checking for Understanding Assessment	Louisiana WL Standards: Modern Languages ance Indicators for Language Learners Calico: Effective Feedback ACTFL: Developing & Assessing Performance	Calico: Integrated Performance Assessment		
cultural competence)	AAPPL: ACTFL Assessment of Performance	Avant STAMP 4s Sample Test	DELF / DELE		
	College Board Advanced Placement: AP Chinese, AP French, AP German, AP Italian, AP Japanese, AP Spanish				
	Novice Videos	Intermediate Videos	Advanced Videos		
	Annenberg Learner: Communication	Annenberg Learner: Negotiating Meaning	Annenberg Learner: Authentic Materials		
	Fruits of the Americas: Spanish	Routes to Culture: Spanish	Politics of Art: Spanish		

Recommended professional library for world language teachers

Adair-Hauck, Bonnie, Eileen W. Glisan, and Francis J. Troyan. Implementing Integrated Performance Assessment. Alexandria, VA: American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages, 2013. Print.

Clementi, Donna, and Laura Terrill. The Keys to Planning for Learning: Effective Curriculum, Unit, and Lesson Design. Alexandria, VA: American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages, 2013. Print.

Curtain, Helena Anderson., and Carol Ann. Dahlberg. Languages and Learners: Making the Match: World Language Instruction in K-8 Classrooms and beyond. N.p.: Pearson, 2015. Print.

Sandrock, Paul. Keys to Assessing Language Performance. S.L.: American Council On The Teaching of Foreign Languages, 2014. Print.

Shrum, Judith L., and Eileen W. Glisan, Teacher's Handbook: Contextualized Language Instruction. N.p.: Cengage Learning, 2015. Print.

Revised Evaluation Form for Foreign Associate Teachers

New Compass Aligned Evaluation Form for FATs



FOREIGN ASSOCIATE TEACHER
ANNUAL EVALUATION FORM

Name of Teacher:							
Year:		Parish:					
School:		Name of Evaluator:	2				
Nationality:		No. of Years in Louisiana: 1	3	4	5	_	
4: Highly Effective	3: Effective: Proficient	2: Effective: Emerging		1: Ine	ffect	ive	
Domain 1: Planning and P	reparation			Con	npon	ent Ra	ati
Component:	Setting Instructional Outcome	S: comprehensible input					
	Planning Vertical and Horizont	al Articulation: content & language acq	uisition				
	Observatio	n Comments					
Domain 2: The Classroom		n Comments		Con	npon	ent Ra	ati
				Con	mpon	ent Ra	ati
	Environment	res		Con	mpon	ent Ra	ati
Domain 2: The Classroom Component:	Environment Managing Classroom Procedu Respecting Cultural Difference	res		Con	mpon	ent Ra	atii
Component:	Environment Managing Classroom Procedu Respecting Cultural Difference	res :s		Con	mpon	ent Ra	ati
	Environment Managing Classroom Procedu Respecting Cultural Difference Observatio	res es n Comments				ent Ra	
Component:	Environment Managing Classroom Procedu Respecting Cultural Difference	res es n Comments nd Discussion: clarification requests					

New Compass Aligned Evaluation Form for FATs

	Component Rating:
Using Questioning, Prompts and Discussion: clarification requests	
Engaging Students in Learning: spontaneous use of language	
Using Assessment in Instruction: comprehension checks for understanding	
Using the target language: 100% of the time at all levels of instruction	
Observation Comments	•
	Using Questioning, Prompts and Discussion: clarification requests Engaging Students in Learning: spontaneous use of language Using Assessment in Instruction: comprehension checks for understanding Using the target language: 100% of the time at all levels of instruction

Please check the following as necessary.

- This teacher HAS completed the Cross-Cultural <u>Project</u> required by the US Department of State.
- This teacher HAS completed the Cross-Cultural <u>Exchange</u> required by the US Department of State.
- We propose to engage this Foreign Associate Teacher again next year at this school.
- We support this Foreign Associate Teacher's request to transfer to another school in Louisiana.
- We prefer this Foreign Associate Teacher does NOT renew his/her contract with the state of Louisiana.*

EVALUATOR'S SIGNATURE:	Date:
TEACHER'S SIGNATURE**:	Date:

*Please provide a short explanation with supporting detail for this decision.

**My signature signifies only that I have read this evaluation and does not necessarily indicate my agreement or disagreement.



Awards for Bilingualism







State Seal of Bi-literacy R.S. 17:273.4



- ✓ Students prove English proficiency by:
 - completing all English language arts requirements for graduation.
 - scoring ≥19 on the Reading and English parts of the ACT test series.

and one of the following

- ✓ Students prove a different first language by:
 - attaining the Early Advanced proficiency level on the English Language Development Assessment (ELDA).

or

- ✓ Students prove a second language acquired by:
 - passing a world language Advanced Placement (AP) test with a 3 or higher.
 - passing a world language International Baccalaureate (IB) test with a 4 or higher.
 - successfully completing a four-year high school course series in a world language.
 - earning 7 Carnegie units or more in a world language immersion setting.
 - earning a foreign government's certificate of competency at the B2.

State Certified Immersion School

✓ Apply

- Signed application
- Teaching schedules
- Evaluation questionnaires

✓ Audit Site Visit

Observations, Interviews, Evaluation of campus

✓ Report and Designation

- Evaluation is based on a public rubric
- Results are shared with principal in a meeting
- Certification must be renewed every 3 years



State Certified Immersion School

✓ Apply for Renewal

- Signed renewal application
- Provide updated teaching schedules and data

✓ Audit Site Visit

• Observations, Interviews, Evaluation of campus

✓ Report and Designation

- Results are shared with principal in a meeting
- Certification must be renewed every 3 years





Promote Programs

What sort of recognition resonates with your stakeholders, community, schools?

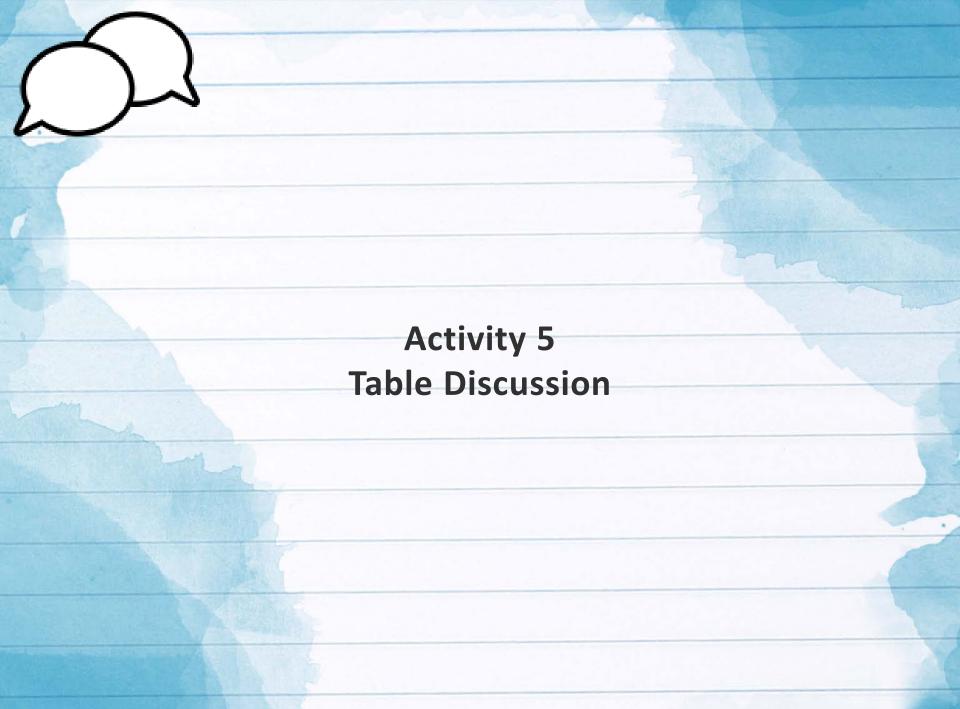












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