Louisiana Believes

Introduction to the Louisiana Connectors for Students with Significant Disabilities

June 2017



Objectives

- This overview
 - Explains the purpose and function of the Louisiana Connectors for students with significant disabilities
 - Outlines the appropriate Louisiana Connector resources for lesson planning for and teaching students with significant disabilities

History

- In spring 2016, BESE approved the Louisiana Student Standards in English language arts and mathematics.
- In winter 2016, BESE approved aligned standards, known as the Louisiana Connectors, for students with significant disabilities.
- The Louisiana Connectors have replaced what were formerly known as the Extended Standards; the LEAP Connect will replace what was formerly referred to as the LAA1.

	FORMER	NEW
Standards	Extended Standards	Louisiana Connectors
Assessment	LAA 1	LEAP Connect: Students with Significant Disabilities

Definition

- For the ELA and mathematics standards, there are accompanying Louisiana Connectors that represent the major benchmarks along the pathway to achieving the expectations of each standard.
- The Louisiana Connectors are, thus, fully aligned to the Louisiana Student Standards in both mathematics and English language arts.

Louisiana Student Standards	Louisiana Connectors
3.NBT.A.2 Fluently add and subtract within	LC.3.NBT.A.2c Use the relationships
1000 using strategies and algorithms based	between addition and subtraction to solve
on place value, properties of operations,	problems.
and/or the relationship between addition	LC.3.NBT.A.2b Solve multi-step addition
and subtraction.	and subtraction problems up to 100.
	LC.3.NBT.A.2c Solve multi-digit addition
	and subtraction problems up to 1000.

Purpose

- The Louisiana Connectors are full-aligned pathways that capture the "big ideas" of the Louisiana State Standards for students with significant disabilities.
- The Connectors are not learning standards that exist separate and apart from the common expectations we have for all students.
- Instead, the Connectors are designed to provide developmentally-appropriate content benchmarks toward the standards across all grade levels in English language arts and mathematics.

Rationale for the Louisiana Connectors

- Grade-level expectations are the highest expectations we have for all students.
- SWSDs must have **access** to grade-level content and developmentally-appropriate **opportunities** to achieve expectations.
- **Alignment** between the Louisiana Student Standards and Louisiana Connectors clarifies for teachers and specialists concrete paths toward achievement; it also facilitates greater **collaboration** between teachers and specialists.
- Greater alignment and collaboration between teachers and specialists yields more opportunities for **inclusion** of students with significant disabilities.

Aligned Resources

The LDOE has developed resources and other supports to assist teachers in providing standards-based instruction for students with significant disabilities. These resources facilitate teacher planning and implementation with regard to curriculum, instruction, and assessment. The resources include:

- Louisiana Connectors (aligned to Louisiana Student Standards)
- Essential Elements Cards
- Lesson Plan Adaptation
- Student Response Modes
- Case Studies

Resource: Louisiana Connectors

- Louisiana Connectors (aligned with Louisiana Student Standards)
- The document presents the Louisiana Connectors which are aligned to the Louisiana Student Standards and represent the most salient grade-level, core academic content in English language arts and mathematics.



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	Grade 5 Englis	sh Language Arts
	Louisiana Student Standards	Louisiana Connectors (LC)
RL.5.1 Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.		LC.RL.5.1a Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly. LC.RL.5.1b Refer to specific text evidence to support inferences, interpretations, or conclusions.
	RL.5.2 Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text, including how characters in a story or drama respond to challenges or how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic; summarize the text.	LC.RL.5.2a Summarize a portion of text such as a paragraph or a chapter. LC.RL.5.2b Summarize a text from beginning to end in a few sentences. LC.RL.5.2c Determine the theme of a story, drama, or poem including how characters in a story or drama respond to challenges or how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic.
	RL5.3 Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact).	LC.RL.5.3a Compare characters, settings, events within a story; provide or identify specific details in the text to support the comparison. LC.RL.5.3b Compare and Contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g.,

Resource: Essential Elements Cards

- Essential Elements Cards
- The cards, which are a primer for differentiating instruction for students with significant disabilities, break down the instructional task into knowledge and skills, suggested instructional strategies, and possible supports and scaffolds for student learning.



LOUISIANA CONNECTORS Essential Elements Cards
Grades K-2 English Language Arts



Grade K	Grade 1	Grade 2	
na Standard .9 With prompting support, identify illarities and erences between two is on the same topic.	Louisiana Standard RI.1.9 Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	Louislana Standard RI.2.9 Compare and contrate the most important points presented by two texts on teams topic.	

ELA Grades K-2 - Informational Text - #8 Analyzing Across Texts

Louisiana Connector

• LC.R.K.9 With prompting and support, identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., imaginary or real bear; photo versus illustration of something

Louisiana Connector

LCR.1.4.9 Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).

 LC.RI.2.9 Compare and contrast the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic.

Suggested Instructional Strategies:

Write to Understand

 Informational Venn Diagrams: For texts that use a compare/contrast text structure, brainstorm (individually, in a small group, or with the whole class) how two texts about the same topic are similar and how the two texts are different.

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Resource: Lesson Plan Adaptation

- Lesson Plan Adaptation
- This document serves as a template for adapting whole class lesson plans to more individualized instruction for SWSDs.





Template for Adapting Lesson Plans for Students with Significant Disabilities

Teaching Louisiana Student Standards to students who participate in the LEAP Connect for Students with Significant Disabilities ensures teachers create educational opportunities for all students to work toward grade-level content. While the content remains constant, differential expectations for achievement are established by simplifying and prioritizing content and creating individualized adaptations for students with significant disabilities to learn the same concepts.

General education teachers know what content is most important for each grade and they often have developed activities and materials that can be readily adapted for students with significant disabilities. For those students who participate in the general education setting, the logical point of departure would be for specialists to work with the classroom teacher to create universally designed lesson plans that include all students. For others, additional adaptations will be needed to address unique learning differences. For examples of approaches with both, please refer to the case studies found on the Louisiana Believes website. The following table outlines a simplified process for thinking through lesson plan adaptation for students with significant disabilities.

Step 1 – Identify whole class standard and lesson	
Step 2 – Identify aligned Louisiana Connector	
Step 3 – Create student-specific objective and assessment	1
Step 4 – Create aligned activities	
Step 5 – Identify appropriate supports	

Resource: Student Response Modes

- Student Response Modes
- This document supports teachers in identifying the best way for all students to demonstrate their understanding in each lesson.





Student Response Modes for Students with Significant Disabilities

It is important to identify the best way for your student to show what they know in each lesson. Here are some options to consider:

- Point to the correct response when given an array The number of options in the array may vary depending on
 the student's current skills. An array of four is often used with one correct answer, at least one plausible
 incorrect answer, and two other distractors. Be sure to vary the location of the correct answer in the array. This
 array can be placed on the students' communication system.
- Pull-off Some students have difficulty pointing but may be able to make a selection when the responses are
 attached to a page. The array of four options is used, but the student pulls the correct response.
- Eye gaze Students who do not have the motor skills to point, but have vision, may be able to indicate the
 response by looking at the correct option. The array can be attached to each corner of a piece of see-through
 plexiglass (available from most hardware stores). By looking through the plexiglass, the teacher can see where
 the student focuses his or her eyes to indicate the answer.
- Say or Type Some students can verbalize the correct answer. This answer may be given after viewing an array
 of options or by generating the answer when asked a question. Other students may be able to generate the
 answer by typing a response. Saying or typing the answer provides students with the most flexibility to describe
 what they know.
- Show Some learning can be demonstrating through showing the answer. The student may be able to indicate
 the area of the rectangle by moving his or her hand across the shape. Or, a student may answer a
 comprehension question by pantomiming the answer.
- Write or type on computer Sometimes the student may be able to write the answer, for example, by writing
 the correct number in an equation or writing the name of the main character in a story.
- Use material from the lesson Students may be able to show the correct math answer by using a number card
 or plastic numbers or with other manipulatives. Similarly, in language arts, the student may use a picture on the
 name in the book or proporties is used with a story to answer a comprehension question. Personnels the

Resource: Case Studies

Case Studies

 The Case Studies provide models for how teachers and specialists may best modify objectives, assessments, activities, and materials for SWSDs based on LDOE's available resources.

High-Quality, Standards-Based Instruction

For Students with Significant Disabilities

Vignette: Tara

Student Background: Tara is beginning third grade at age 8. She has cerebral palsy with spasticity and limited use of her arms and legs. She relies on a wheelchair for mobility. Tara also is legally blind. She can perceive some enlarged images. Although Tara's intellectual level is uncertain, she is currently diagnosed as having a severe intellectual disability. Tara's strength is her social ability. Tara loves readaloud stories and has learned to show recall by selecting between two objects placed on her lap tray by moving her arm right or left. She has learned to make simple sets in math by pushing large checkers across a line. One of Tara's interests is dogs. Her parents hope that someday she might learn to work with a therapy dog. Her teacher worries about how Tara will perform in her first experience with the state's alternate assessment this spring. Tara needs a lot of adaptations in the form of objects to supplement the assessment materials.

Louisiana Student Standard	Louisiana Connector
RL.3.3 Describe characters in a story (e.g., their	LC.RL.3.3b Describe a character's traits in a story
traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how	using details from the text and illustrations.
their actions contribute to the sequence of	
events.	

High-Quality, Standards-Based, Instruction: The third-grade class will spend the next six-to-eight weeks using "Because of Winn Dixie" as a foundational text to explore how characters change based on their relationships with one another. Tara's teacher is excited for the focus of this theme because it plays to

Summary

- The Louisiana Connectors are
 - Fully aligned to the Louisiana Student Standards
 - The "big ideas" represented in individual standards
 - Benchmarks along pathway to grade-level achievement
 - Designed to promote access, opportunity, and inclusion for all students
 - Accompanied by aligned resources to support planning and instruction:
 - Louisiana Connectors (aligned to Louisiana Student Standards)
 - Essential Elements Cards
 - Lesson Plan Adaptation
 - Student Response Modes
 - Case Studies

Next Steps

- Find the Louisiana Connectors and aligned resources on the Louisiana Believes website.
- Email louisianastandards@la.gov with questions.
- Anticipate
 - Preview of assessment design and structure in fall 2017
 - New assessment administered in spring 2018
 - Additional curricular resources aligned to ELA Guidebooks in fall 2017
 - Draft Science Louisiana Connectors in fall 2017
 - On-going SWSDs Cohort trainings and support in fall 2017 and spring 2018