







# **Authors and Advisors**

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# **Program Features**

# Developmentally Appropriate Practices

- DAP included in every Big Experience
- Begins with a question or experience to elicit children's input and increase children's engagement levels
- Updated Learning Centers

## Social-Emotional Development

- Checklist added to Early Childhood Inventory (ECI) assessment
- Social Emotional focus of each theme is embedded throughout instruction



## **Daily Math and Writing**

- New problem-solving questions
- · Updated writing skills and concepts
- Additional math and writing downloadables





NEW

## **Daily Responsive Instruction**

- · Daily One-to-One Follow-Up
- · Daily modifications for:
- -3-year-olds
- -Students with special needs
- -Enrichment



## **Extended Play**

- Context-specific activity added for one Big Experience per day
- Play scenarios included in Learning Centers



## Teacher and Child Interactions

- Suggestions to guide and enhance interactions with children
- Included for all three
   Big Experiences each day







NEW

















# Program Overview







# Big Day for PreK Curriculum



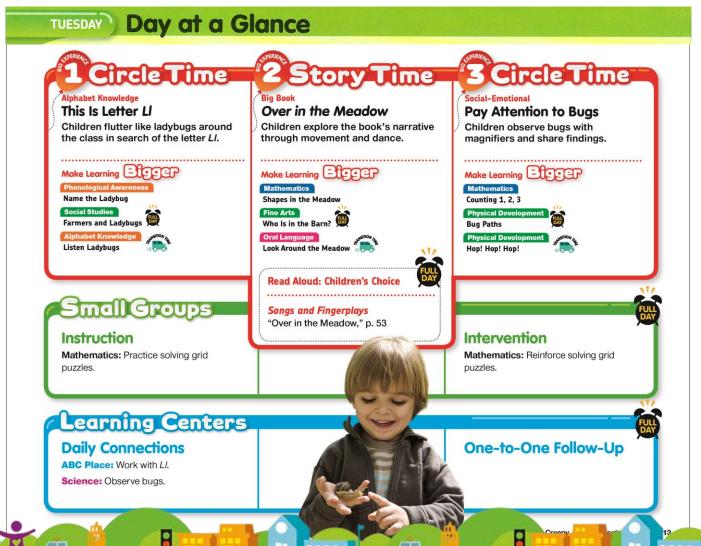


# **Five Big Elements of Success**

- Big Experiences launch learning in every lesson.
- Meaningful Conversations
  build oral language and vocabulary.
- The Best Children's Literature and Informational Text give children access to books at school and at home.
- Innovative Technology engages children, teachers, and families.
- A NEW Comprehensive Curriculum that offers Daily Writing, Daily Math, and Extended Play activities.



# Big Experiences launch learning in every lesson.





# **Big Experiences Launch Learning**

# **Make Learning Bigger Deepens Understanding**



#### Alphabet Knowledge **Circle Time** This Is Letter LI

### What We Are Learning

Segments onset and rime

Identifies letter sounds

Words to Use ladybug land leaf

### Introduce the Letter

Help today's Letter Helper put on the and explain that LI is the focus lette

- Ask children to describe the uppetall letter with a short foot. Ask the letter on the vest as children prac
- Help children notice that the lower uppercase letter L without the foo
- . Explain that letter LI makes the so Card for leaf. Tell children that the spelled with an Ll. Ask children to word as they pretend to float like

Observe Observe whether childre sound for the target letter.

### Make Ladybug Wings

Perform the fingerplay "Ladybug, L listen for the /l/ sound. Help childre

## TUESDAY

What We Are Learning

Identifies rhyming words

Uses book information

. Uses math words

Science and Health

Creative expression through dance/art

Vocabulary

Story Words

meadow

anaw

mossy

Over in the Meadow

116 Week 3 - Creepy, Crawly Insects

Fine Arts

## Over in the Meadow

#### Get Ready to Read

Ask children to identify the cover of the book. Then read Explain that a meadow is a flat, grassy field and that anin near or in a meadow because it is a good place to find for what animals you think we might find in a meadow. Enco children to pretend to be animals that they predict might

#### **Read Together**

- Read the book aloud as you track the print with a pointer · Review the verses about rats and lizards. Discuss and demonstrate the words gnaw and mossy, using the pic
  - Reread the book, this time asking children to join in an read the rhyming words with you. IDENTIFIES RHYMING W
  - · Ask children to look at the illustration to tell you why the is a good place for bees to live. Provide clues, such as insects that get their food from flowers. USES BOOK INFO INVESTIGATES THE ENVIRONMENT

### Sing and Dance

Play the music for the song "Over in the Meadow," or sin song to children. Invite pairs to act out each verse through dance, starting with the mother turtle and little turtle. Hay additional pairs interpret the verses through dance as the SONG PROGRESSES. CREATIVE EXPRESSION THROUGH DANCE

oserve Observe whether children can regulate behavior in a group.

### totanded Play & My Meadow

Provide children with a green sheet or blanket as well as tissue paper, chenille sticks, and colored paper. Work together to make flowers, grass, and other items th might be found in a meadow. Encourage children to play meadow; they might pretend to be animals in the meado

meadow explorers. If possible, have a picnic in the mead during snack or lunch. Save the items to use when you r the book next week

## **TUESDAY** Circle Time

### What We Are Learning

Pays attention Uses book information

- Shows understanding of spoken
- Uses gross motor

### Social-Emotional

# **Pay Attention to Bugs**

### Revisit the Story

Reread Bugs! Bugs! Bugs! and talk about bugs children have seen and their experiences with them. Ask children which of the bugs in the book they have seen and where they have seen them. USES BOOK INFORMATION

### Play "I Spy"

Ask children to review what it means to pay attention and look closely at something.

- Have children play "I Spy." Give four children magnifiers.
- · Read the book again, pausing after each page. Have volunteers say, "I spy with my little eye \_\_\_\_\_ .. "Encourage each child with a magnifier to look closely at the illustrations and tell about the details they see. For instance, "I spy with my little eye an insect with colorful wings." Challenge children to guess the insect. USES DESCRIBING WORDS

### Daily Writing: Our Big Bug Spy Chart

Create a chart of the items that children spied in the book. At the top, write "I spy with my little eye..... ..." Let's make a list of the things we spied in the book! Have children dictate their findings and help you write the letters for any easy-to-sound-out words.

 When each child has had a turn, read the chart aloud. Invite children to chant, "I spy with my little eve\_\_\_\_," and point to the child who provided each ending as you, he, or she says it.

### Remember Details

On a table or the rug, set up a collection of toy bugs. Invite children to be bug watchers and to look at the bugs very carefully. Try to remember what each bug looks like and where it is.

- · Ask children to close their eyes while you move or remove an insect. Open your eyes, bug watchers! One of the bugs has flown/run away! Which bug is missing/has moved?
- . Invite volunteers to take turns moving a bug while the other children have their eyes closed. Have them open their eyes and again tell which bug has moved. PAYS ATTENTI
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attention to help children understand directions such as. May I have your attention? or Attention, please. Say one of these commands and model an alert, attentive posture. Repeat, asking children to





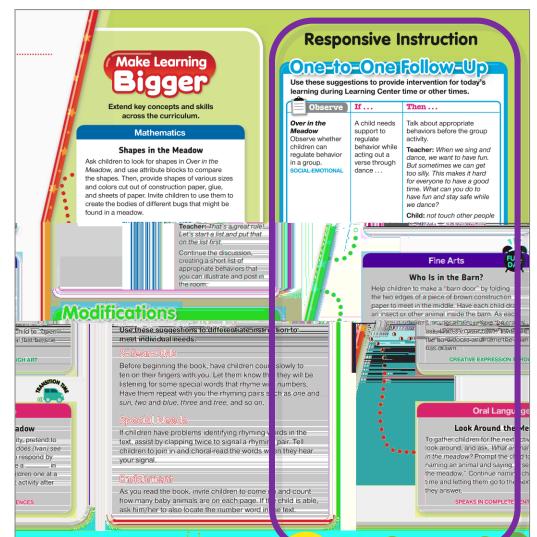








# **Differentiating Learning**





# Small Groups Build on Big Experiences

# Small Groups Instruction

## **MATERIALS**

What You Have



- Bear counters
- Math Mat 14

## to Prepare

es of downloadable Math

nimals

## Mathematics

Counts Objects to 10

## Review

Place four bear counters in the ten-frame on **Math Mat 14**, Side B. Review that when you count, the last number tells you how many there are.

## Model

Model how to count objects in the ten-frame. Place seven toy animals in the frame. If we want to count animals, does it matter if they are all the same? Explain that if you are counting animals, you touch each one and count it, even if each animal looks

different. Touch your finger to each animal as you invite children to count along with you. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7. The last number that we count tells us how many, so we know that there are seven animals.

## **Practice**

Have children work in pairs with bear counters and copies of downloadable Math Mat 14. One child should place one to ten bear counters in the ten-frame. The child's partner should count the bear counters out loud while pointing to them and then tell how many. Children should alternate roles as they work.



















# Learning Centers Extend Big Experiences









# Meaningful Conversations build oral language and vocabulary.



## 66 Learning Talk 99

Child: I'm the mother cat and she's

Teacher: What do we call a baby cat?

Child: A kitten!

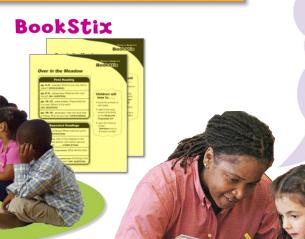
Teacher: Can you think of another baby animal?

Child: A baby sheep.

Teacher: Yes, and what do we call a baby sheep?

Child: A lamb! Baaa! Baaa!

Connect to Curriculum





## English Language Development

Reinforce the word attention to help children understand directions such as, May I have your attention? or Attention, please. Say one of these commands and model an alert, attentive posture. Repeat, asking children to follow your model.

SHOWS UNDERSTANDING OF SPOKEN ENGLISH

## Talk About It

Use sentence starters to help children use complete sentences in discussions about animals.

- The animal I am most like is . .
- If I could be any animal in the jungle . . .
- . The best pet would be ...
- ... An elephant and a mouse ...
- · Insects can ...



The Best Children's Literature and Informational Text give children access to books at school and at home.







# **Innovative Technology**

engages children, teachers, and families.











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# A NEW Comprehensive Curriculum that offers Daily Writing, Daily Math, and Extended Play activities.







# **Teacher and Child Interactions**



Teacher Focus on Strategies selected from Dimensions and Behavioral Markers from *Classroom Assessment Scoring System® (CLASS) Pre-K* by Robert C. Pianta, Karen M. La Paro, and Bridget K. Hamre. Copyright © 2008 by Paul H. Brookes Publishing Co., Inc. Used by permission.





# Meaningful Conversations build oral language and vocabulary.

# RESEARCH

"Children and teachers spend relatively little time in classrooms engaged in conversations (e.g., only 17% of the time engaged in meaningful exchanges).

"Children learn to use language by engaging in dialogue; limited opportunities to talk and receive feedback will limit language development."

(Dickinson & Tabors, 2001)

# Morning Message

Good morning!

Today is June 6, 2017.

Today is a big day!

# Question of the Day:

What is one thing you learned in PreK or kindergarten that applies to your life now?











# Think, Turn, and Talk

Think about the question:

What is one thing you learned in PreK or kindergarten that applies to your life now?

Turn

to your elbow partner.

Talk

about your ideas.

# Make A Choice

No!

PreK is important to children's future schooling success.

PreK teachers guide children's learning and development.

PreK teachers just play all day.

PreK prepares children for life.

Yes!

# Make A Choice











































## **Math Talk**

- Side A: A pattern is something that repeats over and over again.
- · First the boy is crouching down. Then he stands up.
- . Then he crouches down again. Then he stands up again.
- What do you think he'll do next? Let's act out this pattern together to figure it out.
- Side B: Look at the pictures. Try to extend the pattern. Ask yourself: What comes next?
- · Now make your own pattern.

Side B



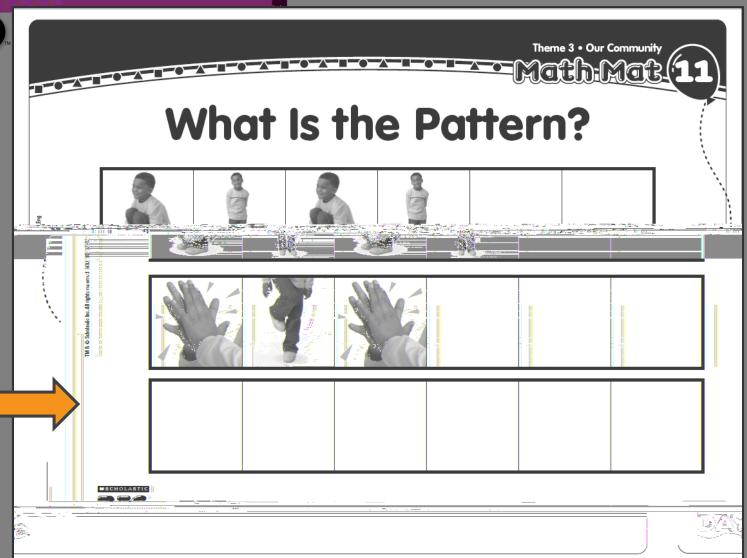






























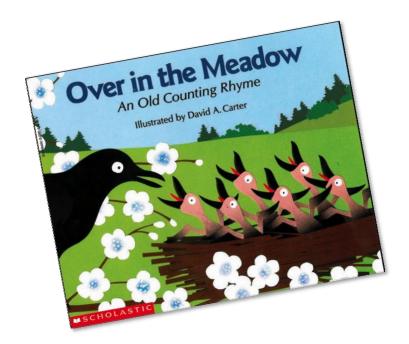


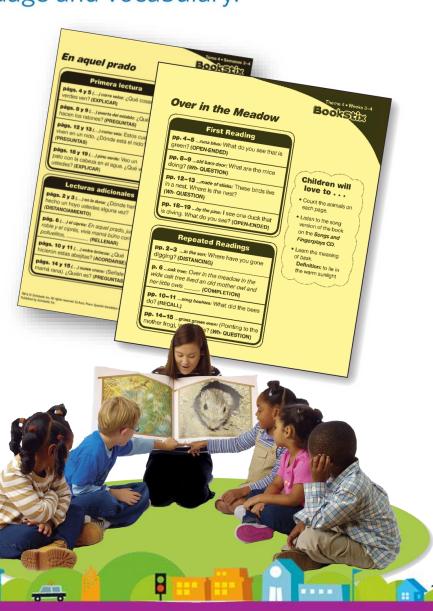






# Meaningful Conversations build oral language and vocabulary.





# **Dialogic Reading**

Dialogic reading is a way of creating a dialogue between readers and listeners that helps children become active participants in read alouds.



# **Dialogic Reading**

In dialogic reading the child learns to become the storyteller. The adult assumes the role of an active listener while increasing the sophistication of the child's oral language development.

> asking questions adding information prompting the child

# PEER Sequence

Prompt

**Evaluate** 

Expand

Repeat



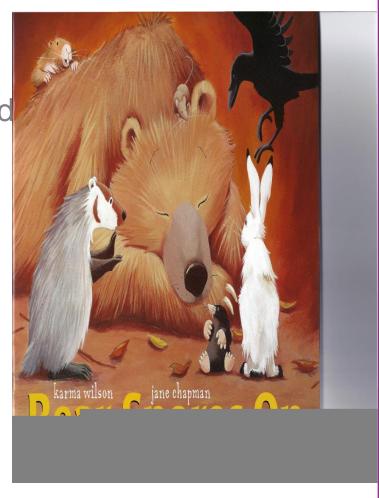
# PEER Sequence

**Prompt.** (e.g., pointing to a bear illustration, ask the child *What is this?*)

**Evaluate.** (e.g., the child says, *Bear*, and the teacher follows with, *Yes, a bear!)* 

**Expand.** (e.g., It's a big, brown bear.)

Repeat. (e.g., Can you say big, brown bear?)

















# C-R-O-W-D

Completion

Recall

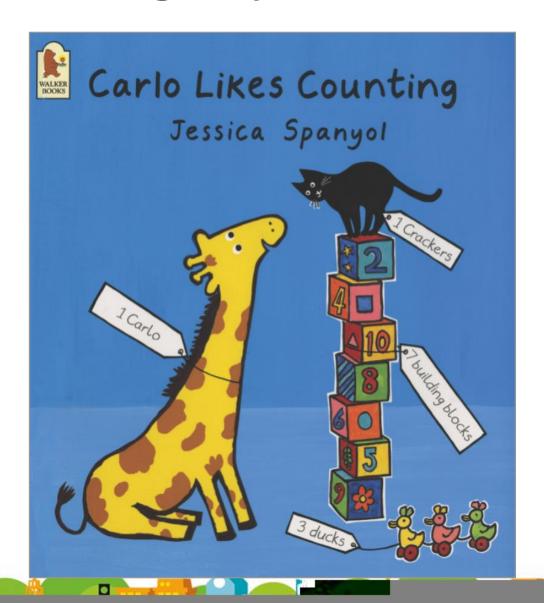
Open-ended

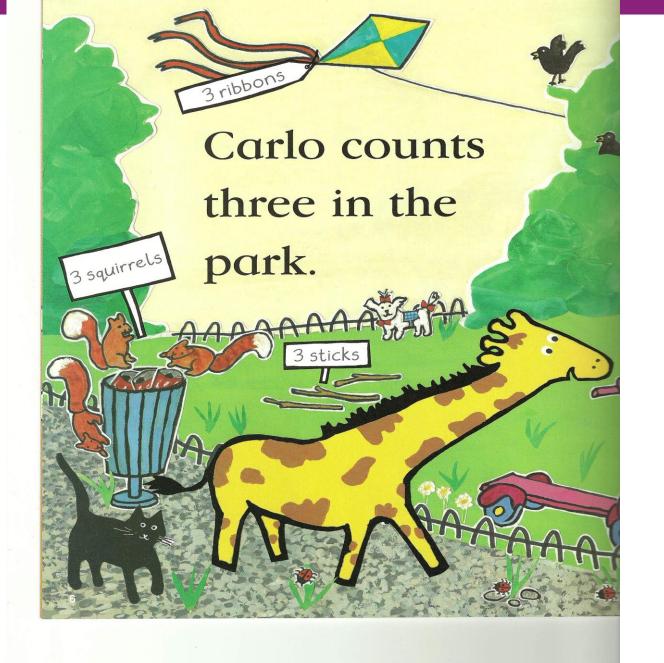
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Distancing

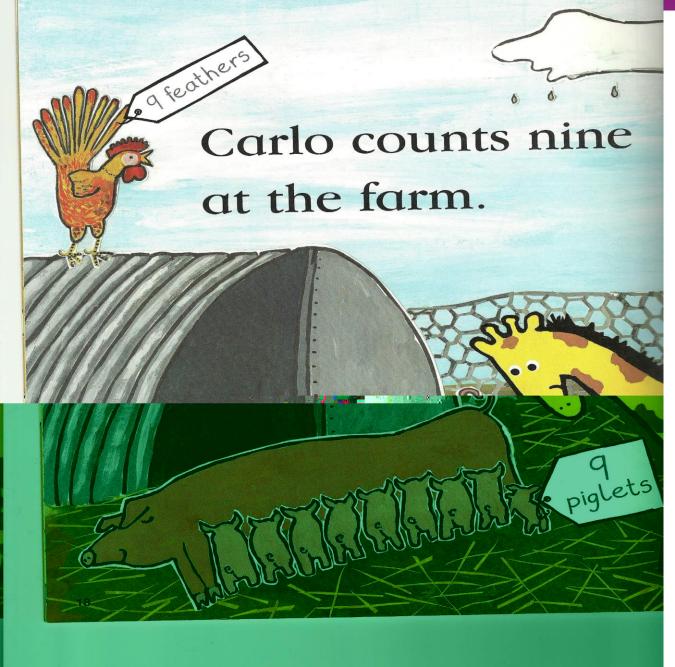


# Reading Beyond the Book



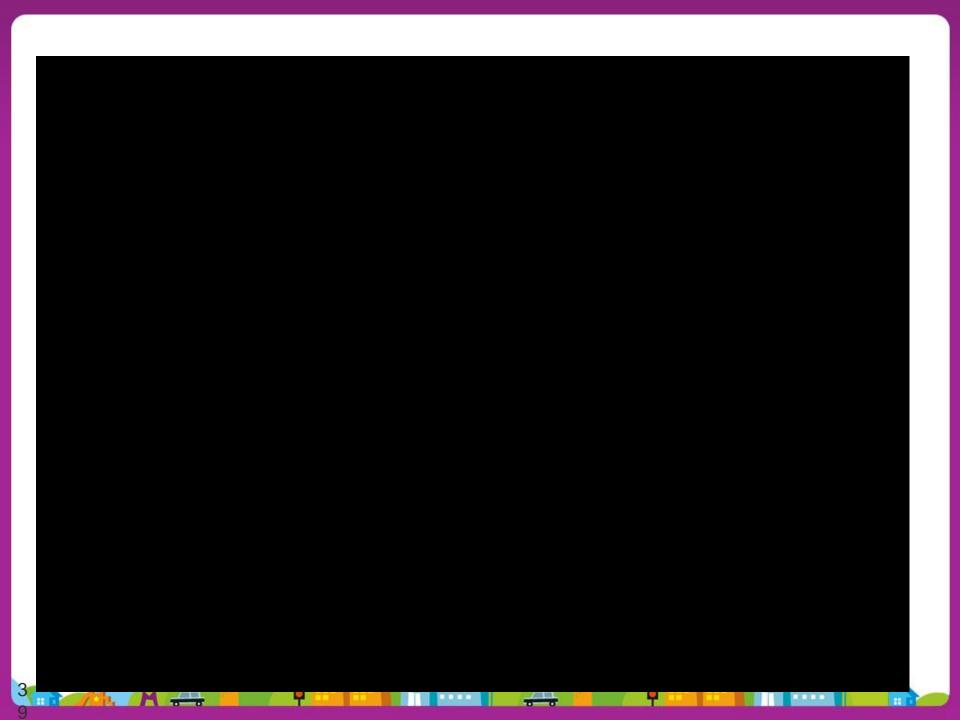


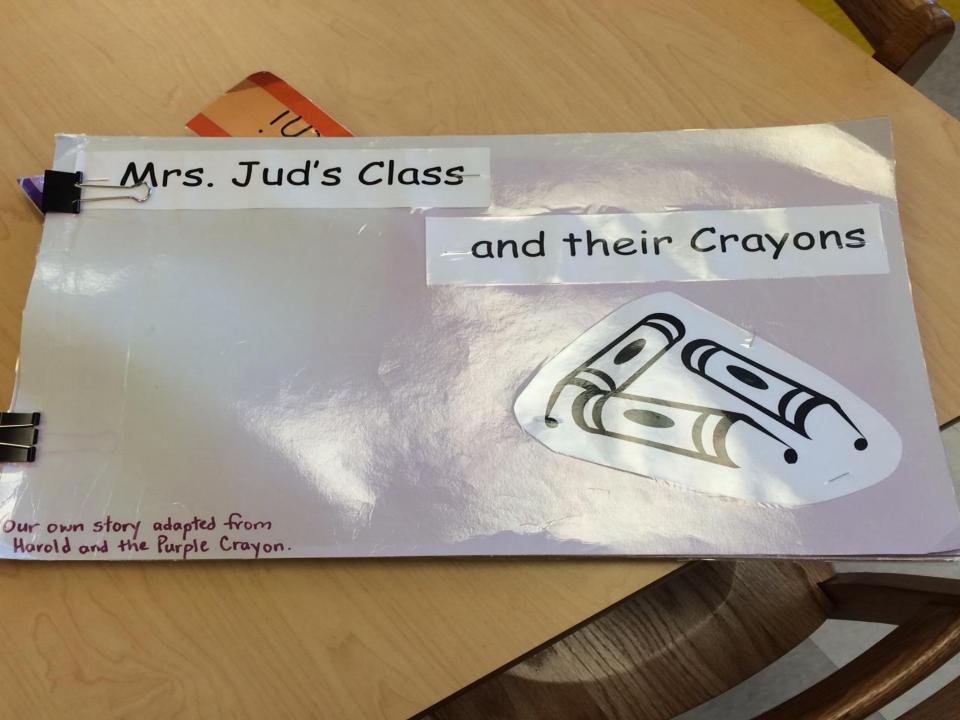


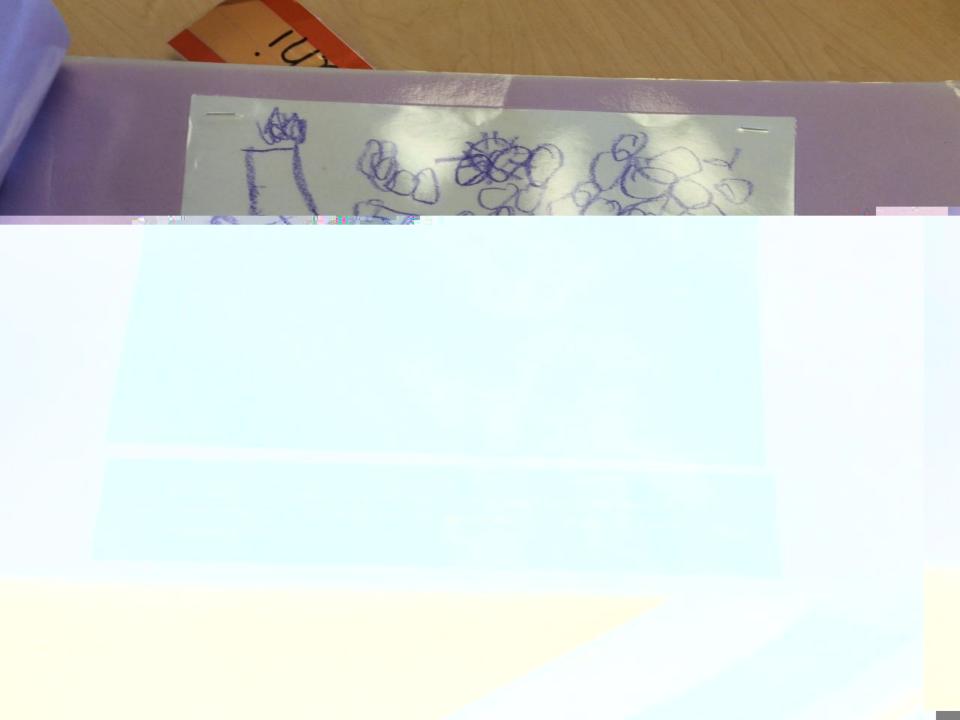


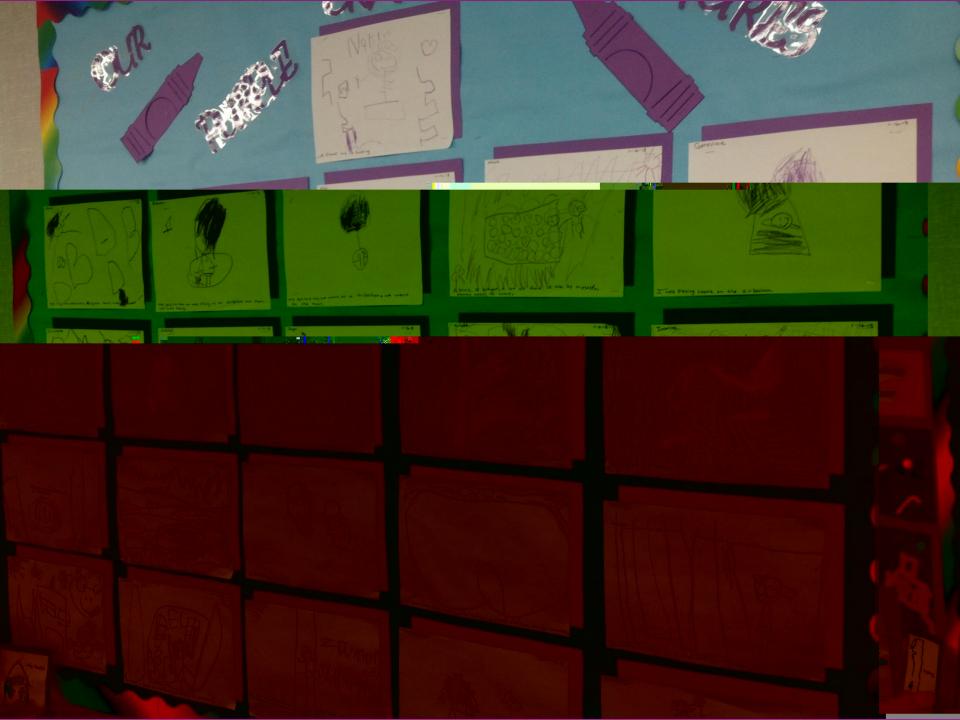








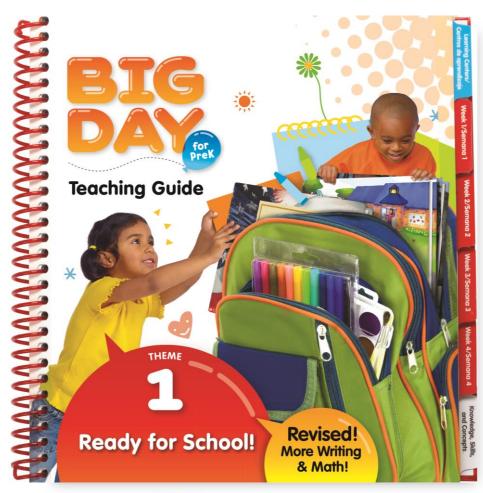








## **Theme 1 Organization**





































## **Getting Started Off Right**









## **Lesson Plan Organization**

· Review: Counts Objects



Review: Compares Lengths

## **Awesome Animals!**

### STG DAY Online For Families

Remind families to share in their child's learning by exploring the Big Day Online Family Space for:

- Big Day BookFlix videos, multimedia books, and activities
- Tip of the Week
- Theme Letter Online Fun and Games
- Learn and Play Downloadables
- Family Resources and more!

AND access the Teacher Space to customize lesson plans, get resources, set up family tips,



### Learning Centers

#### **Blocks & Building Center**

 Make anthills for "ants" to move through.

#### Creativity Center

· Create butterflies and other insects

#### **Dramatic Play Center**

Move from place to place like a

#### Math Center

Play card games with picture cards

of two-dimensional shapes.

#### Reading & Listening Center

· Act out favorite theme animal

Problem Solving, Shapen



# Developmentally Appropriate Practices



Revisit the Story Ask children which of the bugs in the book they have seen and where they have seen them.

### Pay Attention to Bugs

#### What We Are Learning

Pays attention

Emergent Writing
• Forms letters

- Shows understanding of spoken



#### Revisit the Story

Reread Bugs! Bugs! Bugs! and talk about bugs children have seen and their experiences with them. Ask children which of the bugs in the book they have seen and where they have seen them.

#### Play "I Spy"

Ask children to revie v what it means to pay attention and look closely at something.

- Have children play "I Spy" Give four children magnifiers.
- Read the book again, pausing after each page. Have volunteers say, "I spy with my little eye ." Encourage each child with a magnifier to look closely at the illustrations and tell about the details they see. For instance, spy with my little eye an insect with colorful wings." Challenge children to guess the insect. USES DESCRIBING WORDS

#### Daily Writing: Our Big Bug Spy Chart

Create a chart of the items that children spied in the book. At the top, write "I spy with my little eye.........." Let's man a list of the things we spied in the book! Have children dictate their findings and help you write the letters for any easy-to-sound-out vords.

. When each child has had a turn, read the chart aloud. Invite children to chant, "I spy with my little eye ........." and point to the child who provided each ending as you, he, or she says it.

#### Remember Details

On a table or the rug, set up a collection of toy bugs. Invite children to be bug watchers and to look at the bugs very carefully. Try to remember what each bug looks like and where it is.

- · Ask children to close their eyes while you move or remove an insect. Open your eyes, bug watchers! One of the bugs has flown/run away! Which bug is missing/has moved?
- . Invite volunteers to take turns moving a bug while the other children have their eyes closed. Have them open their eyes and again tell which bug has moved. PAYS ATTENTION

serve Observe whether children can remain focused on ging group activities for up to 10-15 minutes.

Make Learnina

## Play "I Spy"

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nesponsive instruction

### One-to-One Follow-Up

Use these suggestions to provide intervention for today's learning during Learning Center time or other times.

- In general, provide breaks within group activities and give children the opportunity to move. Increase time between breaks to build children's attention spans.
- With this activity, help children by talking through what they see on the table after opening their eyes, for example, I know there was a leaf next to the ladybug, but it's not there anymore. Is it somewhere else on the table?

ntiate instruction to

otos from the Internet to ence between real and

illustrated bugs. Compare the photos to the illustrated insects in the read-aloud book. During the memory game, you might also limit the number of objects in the collection for younger

#### Special Needs

For the memory game, provide objects with bright, contrasting colors and a variety of textures. Invite children to feel as well as observe the objects before moving an object.

While children's eyes are closed, move or remove more than one object from the array of bug-related items. Encourage children to say what has changed. Invite pairs to take turns moving items and guessing which items have been moved



has the grasshopper hopping. Tell children to hop like a grasshopper to stand in line before beginning their next activity.

USES GROSS MOTOR SKILLS

118 Week 3 - Creepy, Crawly Insects

Creepy, Crawly Insects • Week



## **Daily Responsive Instruction**





Over in the Meadow Observe whether

WC PUR

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r people

eat rule!

out that

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A child needs support to regulate hehavior while

caulate behavien

menereun...

Talk about appropriate behaviors before the group

measter-verse activoraut,a dance=we.wanfic verseathrough dance.....

too silly.. This make for everyone to han to time. What can yo have fun and stay we dance?

But sometimes w.

Child: not touch a Teacher: That's a Let's star<u>t a list a</u> on the list first.

Continue the disc creating a short lis appropriate-behav vou can illustrate

#### **Oral Language**

#### Look Around the Meadow

To gather children for the next activity, pretend to look around, and ask, What animal does (Ivan) see in the meadow? Prompt the child to respond by naming an animal and saying, "I see a \_ the meadow." Continue naming children one at a time and letting them go to the next activity after they answer.

SPEAKS IN COMPLETE SENTENCES

### **Responsive Instruction**

### One-to-One Follow-Up

Use these suggestions to provide intervention for today's learning during Learning Center time or other times.

If ...

#### Over in the Meadow Observe whether children can

in a group.

Observe

regulate regulate behavior acting out a verse through dance ...

Modification

Use these suggestions to dif

ten on their fingers with you. L listening for some special wor

Have them repea with you the

sun, two and blue, three and

If children have problens ider

text, assist by clapping wice t

As you read the book, invite c

Special Need

**Enrichment** 

meet individual needs. 3-Year-olds

A child needs Talk about appropriate support to behaviors before the group behavior while

Then ...

Teacher: When we sing and dance, we want to have fun. But sometimes we can get too silly. This makes it hard for everyone to have a good

## Modifications

Use these suggestions to differentiate instruction to meet individual needs.

#### 3-Year-Olds

Before beginning the book, have children count slowly to ten on their fingers with you. Let them know that they will be listening for some special words that rhyme with numbers. Have them repeat with you the rhyming pairs such as one and sun, two and blue, three and tree, and so on.

#### **Special Needs** Before beginning the book, hi

If children have problems identifying rhyming words in the text, assist by clapping twice to signal a rhyming pair. Tell children to join in and choral-read the words when they hear vour signal.

#### **Enrichment**

As you read the book, invite children to come up and count how many baby animals are on each page. If the child is able. ask him/her to also locate the number word in the text.

how many baby animals are or ask him/her to also locate the number word in the text.

#### children to join in and chiralvour signal.

Creepy, Crawly Insects • Week 3 117



## **Extended Play**



## TUESDAY

### Over in th

#### What We Are Learning

Identifies rhyming words

Parts of a book

Uses book information

#### Oral Language

Science and Health

through dance/art

Vocabulary Story Words

meadow mossy



#### Get Ready to Rec Ask children to identify Explain that a meadov

near or in a meadow b what animals you think children to pretend to book. PARTS OF A BOOK

#### **Read Together**

Read the book aloud Review the verses al

demonstrate the words gnaw at a mossy, using the pictures for

 Reread the book, this time asking children to join in and choralread the rhyming words with you. IDENTIFIES RHYMING WORDS

 Ask children to look at the illustration to tell you why the meadow is a good place for bees to I ve. Provide clues, such as Bees are insects that get their food from flowers. USES BOOK INFORMATION, INVESTIGATES THE ENVIRONMEN

#### Sing and Dance

Play the music for the son "Over in the Meadow," or sing the song to children. Invite pars to act out each verse through dance, starting with the nother turtle and little turtle. Have additional pairs interpret the verses through dance as the song progresses. CREA IVE EXPRESSION THROUGH DANGE

Observe Observe w ether children car .egulate

#### Play My Meadow

Provide children with a green sheet or blanket as well as tissue paper, chenille sticks, and colored paper. Work together to make flowers, grass, and other items that might be found in a meadow. Encourage children to play in the meadow; they might pretend to be animals in the meadow, or meadow explorers. If possible, have a picnic in the meadow during snack or lunch. Save the items to use when you revisit

## Extended Play & My Meadow

USES MATH WORDS

Provide children with a green sheet or blanket as well as tissue paper, chenille sticks, and colored paper. Work together to make flowers, grass, and other items that might be found in a meadow. Encourage children to play in the meadow; they might pretend to be animals in the meadow, or meadow explorers. If possible, have a picnic in the meadow during snack or lunch. Save the items to use when you revisit the book next week.

> and colors cut car of construction paper, glue, and sheets of paper, Invite children to use them to are the bodies of different bugs that might be

> > SHAPES IN THE REAL WORLD

#### **Fine Arts**

#### Who Is in the Barn?

Help children to make a "barn door" by folding the two edges of a piece of brown construction paper to meet in the middle. Have each child draw an insect or other animal inside the barn. As each child presents his/her artwork, have the others ask. Who's in your barn? Invite the child to "open" the barn doors and name the animal that he/she

CREATIVE EXPRESSION THROUGH ART

#### **Oral Language**

#### Look Around the Meadow

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SPEAKS IN COMPLETE SENTENCES

### **Responsive Instruction**

### One-to-One-Rollow-Up

Use these suggestions to provide intervention for today's learning during Learning Center time or other times.

A child needs

behavior while

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If ...

#### Over in the Meadow

Observe whether children can regulate behavior

Talk about appropriate behaviors before the group

Teacher: When we sing and dance, we want to have fun. But sometimes we can get too silly. This makes it hard for everyone to have a good time. What can you do to have fun and stay safe while we dance?

Child: not touch other people Teacher: That's a great rule! Let's start a list and put that

on the list first. Continue the discussion. creating a short list of appropriate behaviors that you can illustrate and post in

### Modifications

Use these suggestions to differentiate instruction to meet individual needs.

#### 3-Year-Olds

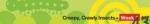
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## **Daily Writing**



#### What We Are Learning

Pays attention

 Uses book information • Forms letters

. Shows understanding of spoken

Uses gross motor



## Daily Writing: Our Big Bug Spy Chart

Create a chart of the items that children spied in the book. At the top, write "I spy with my little eye\_\_\_\_." Let's make a list of the things we spied in the book! Have children dictate their findings and help you write the letters for any easy-to-sound-out words.

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#### **FORMS LETTERS**

 Read the bool say, "I spy with my little eye \_\_\_\_\_." Encourage each child with a magnifier to look closely at the illustrations and tell about the details they see. For instance, "I spy with my little eye aninsect with colorful wings." Challenge children to quest the

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#### Remember Details

Social-Emotio

Pay Att

Revisit the S Book Reread Bugs! B

and their experie

the book they ha

USES BOOK INFORM

Play "I Spy"

Ask children to

closely at somet

Have children

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- Invite volunteers to take turns moving a bug while the other children have their eyes closed. Have them open their eyes and again tell which bug has moved. PAYS ATTENTION

serve Observe whether children can remain focused on ngaging group activities for up to 10-15 minutes.

attention to help children aerstand directions such as, May I have your attention? or Attention, please. Say one of these commands and model an alert, attentive posture. Repeat, asking children to follow your model. SHOWS UNDERSTANDING OF SPOKEN ENGLISH

#### You might also have children count the wings on the bee and the antennae on the caterpillar. Ask children to count other bug parts as well. COUNTS OBJECTS

n each lauvour mey see in orgs, orgs! Bugs!

#### **Physical Development**

#### **Bug Paths**

At the sand table, trace a path along which children can move a plastic bug. First, trace a simple line. Next. create more complicated paths with twists and turns. Finally, brush the sand flat and invite children to take turns creating their own bug paths in the sand for others to follow.

LISES FINE MOTOR SKILLS



the spots

#### **Physical Development**

#### Hop! Hop! Hop!

Before going to the next activity, read the page that has the grasshopper hopping. Tell children to hop like a grasshopper to stand in line before beginning their next activity.

USES GROSS MOTOR SKILLS

### **Responsive Instruction**

### One-to-One Follow-Up

Use these suggestions to provide intervention for today's learning during Learning Center time or other times.

Pay Attention to Buas Observe whether children can remain focused on engaging group activities for up to objects... 10-15 minutes.

A child needs more support to stay focused while auessina the changes to the array of

In general, provide breaks within group activities and give children the opportunity to move Increase time between breaks to build children's attention spans

With this activity, help children by talking through what they see on the table after opening their eyes. for example I know there was a leaf next to the ladybug, but it's not there anymore. Is it somewhere else on the table?

### **Modifications**

Use these suggestions to differentiate instruction to meet individual needs.

#### 3-Year-Olds

When you revisit the story, use photos from the Internet to help children recognize the difference between real and illustrated bugs. Compare the photos to the illustrated insects in the read-aloud book. During the memory game, you might also limit the number of objects in the collection for younger

#### **Special Needs**

For the memory game, provide objects with bright, contrasting colors and a variety of textures. Invite children to feel as well as observe the objects before moving an object.

While children's eyes are closed, move or remove more than one object from the array of bug-related items. Encourage children to say what has changed. Invite pairs to take turns moving items and guessing which items have been moved or removed.





## **Daily Math**





## This Is

Phonological Awareness

Emergent Writing

Words to Use ladybug





letter o • Help c upper

## **Daily Math: Ladybug Landings**

Place on the rug one cone, sphere, cube, and rectangular prism. Make your fingers a flying ladybug that lands on a shape. Pass the shape around the circle for children to touch. Name the shape using informal names (cone, ball, box, brick). Guide children to identify shape attributes. How many corners? How many sides? Let different children take turns flying their ladybugs to the next shape and repeat the activity. NAMES SHAPES/

### **IDENTIFIES SHAPE ATTRIBUTES**

#### Make Lad /bug Wings

Perform the ingerplay "Ladybug, Ladybug," asking children to listen for the /l/ sound. Help children identify the words that begin with the /I/ cound, such as ladybug and land.

- Provide each child with two paper-plate halves. Invite children to use markers or crayons to decorate halves like ladybug wings. Encourage them to write the letter LI on each wing. Then far ten together each child's wings with a paper brad fastene or a stapler. FORMS LETTERS
- Then have children fly their ladybug wings in orcups of five. As the fly, invite them to look for the lotter LI in environmental print and objects that begin with the /l/ sound. COOPERATE AND PLAYS WITH OTHER COUNTRIES LETTER SOUNDS

#### Daily Math: Ladybug Landings

Place on the rug one cone, sphere, cube, and rectangular prism. Make your fingers a flying ladybug that lands on a shape. Pass the shape around the circle for children to touch. Name the shape using informal names (cone, ball, box, brick). Guide children to identify shape attributes. How many corners? How many sides? Let different children take turns flying their ladybugs to the next shape and repeat the activity. NAMES SHAPES/ IDENTIFIES SHAPE ATTRIBUTES

#### **Social Studies**

#### Farmers and Ladybugs

Explain that ladybugs are helpful to farmers because they eat other bugs. Invite half of the class to be ladybugs and the other half to be farmers. The "ladybugs" act out gobbling other bugs that are harmful to farmers' crops, and the mers" thank them for their help.

#### Alphabet Knowledge

#### Listen Ladybugs

Have children make an L shape with an index finger and thumb for each /l/ sound they hear and then line up to go to the next activity.

Listen, little ladybugs For the sound of letter LI. Lovely little ladybugs love bugs for lunch. /l/, /l/, /l/, Ladybugs:

**IDENTIFIES LETTER SOUNDS** 

### **Responsive Instruction**

#### One-to-one follow-Up

Use these suggestions to provide intervention for today's learning during Learning Center time or other times.

#### Observe If ... This Is Letter LI produce the correct sound for

ALPHABET

KNOWLEDGE

A child needs support to sound /l/ ..

#### Take a walk around the classroom to look for LI.

Then ...

- · Guide the child to find the letter LI in classroom print such as posters and book
- As you find examples of LI, have the child hold up match it to the letters he or she finds and then make the /l/ sound.

### Modifications

Use these suggestions to differentiate instruction to meet individual needs.

#### 3-Year-Olds

Write the uppercase letter L on paper and then show children how their left index finger and thumb can be made into the same L shape. Repeat the word left (emphasizing the /l/ sound), and then raise your right hand and say right. Then call out left as you encourage children to repeat the word and make the L shape with their left hands.

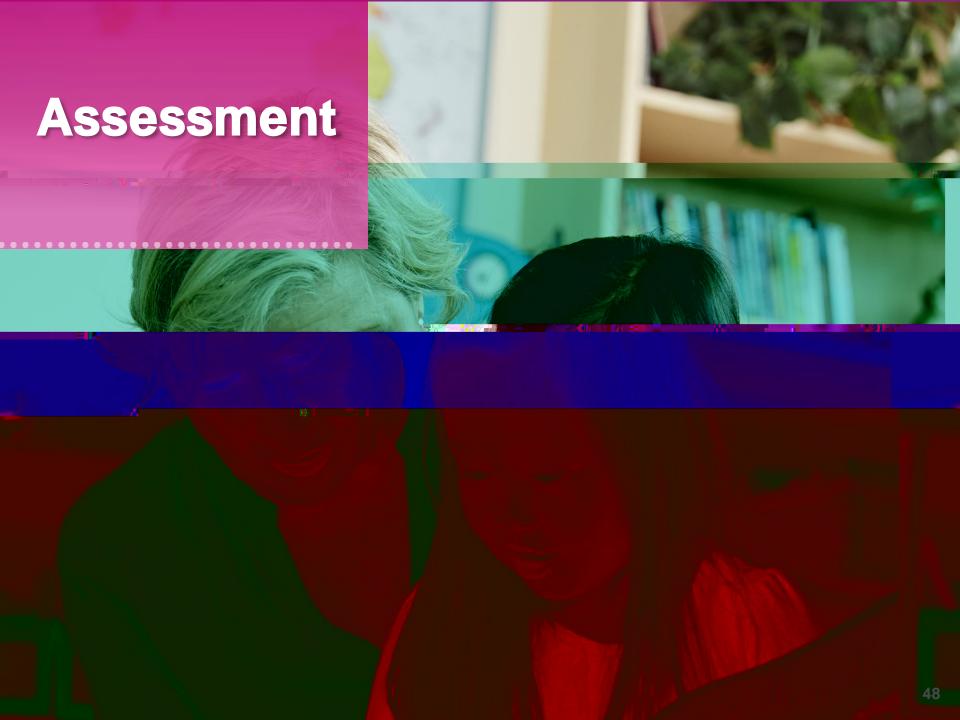
#### Special Needs

To make the art supplies easier to grasp, provide wide markers and large block crayons for children with motor control issues to use as they decorate the ladybug paper-plate halves.

Encourage children who are able to do so to copy onto a list the LI words their group finds in environmental print.

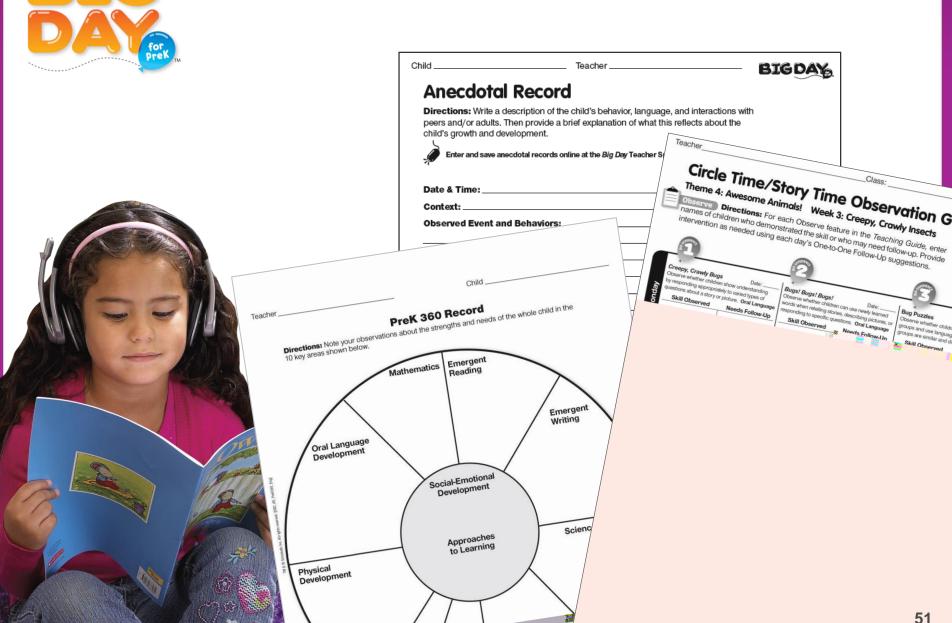








## Informal Assessment Tools





## **Formal Assessment Tools**



Oral Language Development

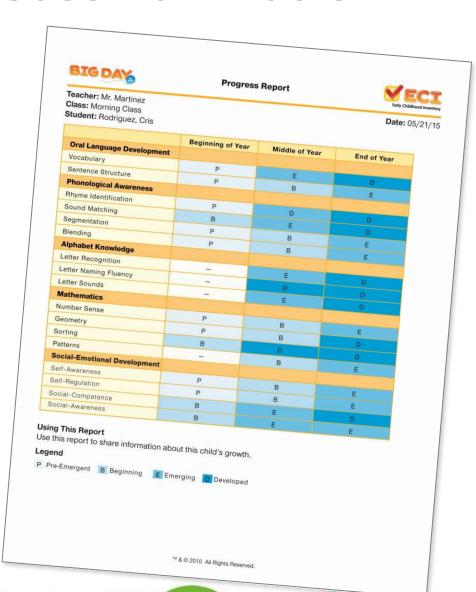
**Phonological Awareness** 

**Alphabet Knowledge** 

**Mathematics** 

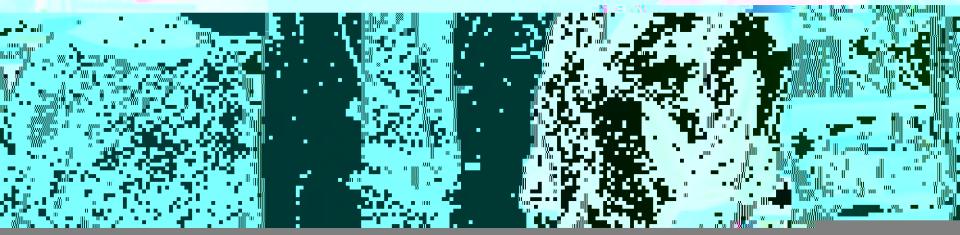
Social-Emotional Development





## Professional Development & Research







## **Professional Development**











