5 th Grade Standard	Previous Grade(s) Standards	5 th Grade Standards Taught in Advance	5 th Grade Standards Taught Concurrently
		1/2 lb of chocolate equally? How many 1/3-cup	
		servings are in 2 cups of raisins?	
5.NF.A.1	4.NF.A.1		
Add and subtract fractions with unlike	Explain why a fraction a/b is equivalent to a		
denominators (including mixed numbers) by	fraction (n × a)/(n × b) by using visual fraction		
replacing given fractions with equivalent	models, with attention to how the number		
fractions in such a way as to produce an	and size of the parts differ even though the		
equivalent sum or difference of fractions with	two fractions themselves are the same size.		
like denominators. For example, 2/3 + 5/4 =	Use this principle to recognize and generate		
8/12 + 15/12 = 23/12. (In general, a/b + c/d =	equivalent fractions. (Denominators are		
(ad + bc)/bd.)	limited to 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 100.) 4.NF.B.3		
	Understand a fraction a/b with a > 1 as a sum		
	of fractions 1/b. (Denominators are limited to		
	2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 100.)		
	a. Understand addition and subtraction of		
	fractions as joining and separating parts		
	referring to the same whole. Example:		
	3/4 = 1/4 + 1/4 + 1/4.		
	b. Decompose a fraction into a sum of		
	fractions with the same denominator in		
	more than one way, recording each		
	decomposition by an equation. Justify		
	decompositions, e.g., by using a visual		
	fraction model. Examples: 3/8 = 1/8 +		
	1/8 + 1/8 ; 3/8 = 1/8 + 2/8 ; 2 1/8 = 1 + 1		
	+ 1/8 = 8/8 + 8/8 + 1/8.		
	c. Add and subtract mixed numbers with		
	like denominators, e.g., by replacing		
	each mixed number with an equivalent		
	fraction, and/or by using properties of		
	operations and the relationship between		
	addition and subtraction.		
	d. Solve word problems involving addition		
	and subtraction of fractions referring to		
	the same whole and having like		
	denominators, e.g., by using visual		
	fraction models and equations to		
	represent the problem.		